Part One

MARION WEEKLY STAR.

Pages 1-8

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FIRE EXACTS FEARFUL TOLL

Fifty Persons Are Burned and Maimed Thursday.

EXPLOSION CAUSES FIRE IN CINCINNATI

Woman Fatally Hurt by Leaping from Window.

Tragedies Are Enacted in Sight of a Frenzied Crowd of Thousands, While the Police Fight for Places with Life Nets—Fireman Plunges Four Stories from a Ladder Which Proves Insecure.

Cincinnati, Oct. 29.—One woman fatally hurt, one fireman with fractured limbs and internal injuries, and fifty men and women burned and maimed, was the fearful toll taken by a blast of fire in the ten-story Neave building at Fourth and Race streets at noon.

The tragedies were enacted in sight of a frenzied crowd of thousands. While the police fought for places with their life nets and firemen rushed scaling ladders to tottering rests, hysterical woman rushed from restraint and knelt praying in the street with hands uplifted in supplication for the preservation of 200 persons whose forms filled the windows high above.

Suddenly a girl's body poised on a sill of the ninth floor, then hurled downward and struck, crushed and dying, on the roof of an adjoining building.

An Awful Plunge.

Louis Purcel, first of the firemen *rescuers*, plunged four stories from *an insecure* ladder.

Maddening scenes were enacted on the streets below. The fire started from the explosion of a film in the quarters of the Pittsburg Film & Calcium company on the fourth floor. In a flash the flames had leaped upward through elevator shaft and stairway and egress from the building was completely cut off and elevators stopped.

There are no firescapes on the Neave building. Firemen and citizen rescuers were halted from ingress to the burning floors until the fire could be driven back. Then sickening sights were presented as down the stairs the cavalcade of injured was borne by firemen. Women, unconscious and with skin hanging in shreds from arms and face, were lifted into waiting patrols and rushed to hospital, where the physicians awaited the emergency.

Firemen swarmed down ladders with other human burdens. In twenty minutes the building was emptied and the fire controlled.

BODIES OF MEMBERS OF CREW PICKED UP

Pieces of Wreckage of Yarmouth Are Found.

London, Oct. 29.—The bodies of several members of the crew of the steamer, Yarmouth, bound from Rotterdam to Harwich, were picked up today in the North sea and parts of the wreckage of the vessel were found in mid-channel.

The crew of the Yarmouth consisted of Captain Avis and twenty-two men, and it is practically certain that all were lost.

The cause of the wreck is a complete mystery as the weather has been fair since the Yarmouth left Rotterdam and the trip should have required but eight hours.

BODY OF SUICIDE IS FOUND TODAY

Jumps from the Steamer, Arrow, Nineteen Days Ago.

Port Clinton, O., Oct. 29.—The body of William Fox, seventy-eight, father of Captain J. D. Fox, was found yesterday on the north shore of West Sister island by the children of the light-house keeper. Mr. Fox committed suicide, nineteen days ago, by jumping from the steamer, Arrow, on her return trip from Middle Bass, Put-in-Bay, eighteen miles from where the body was found.

Board Is Removed.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 29.—The national executive board of the United Mine Workers of America has removed from office all the officers of district No. 11, the Indiana district. However, the announcement of the removal is held up pending the result of a restraining order that the officers of the district secured against the national board and which will not be disposed of until November 9.

THE FINDING OF A HEADLESS BODY

Leads to the Arrest of Farris Simpson, a Barber.

Cincinnati, Oct. 29.—The finding of the headless body of a white man in the hills back of Covington, Kentucky, Sunday, resulted in the arrest this morning at Harrodsburg, Kentucky, of Farris Simpson, a barber.

The body had lain in a forest for weeks, the head rolling into a ravine. It has been identified as that of a mustered out soldier named Noble, who was in Covington two months ago in company with Simpson. Noble is said to have had nearly $2,000 army money. He bought a barber outfit in Cincinnati and with Simpson was to have started a shop at Paris. Simpson's wife at Lexington says the project was given up because they could not secure a house. He then went to Lexington and her husband got work at Harrodsburg. He declares the police have made a mistake, but a warrant charging murder has been issued at Covington and he will be brought there. The first theory was that the case was one of suicide.

Noble was from Jackson, Kentucky, of feudal ancestors.

MRS. PHILIP SNOWDEN IS CHARMING WOMAN

English Reform Worker Is at the Convention.

Boston, Oct. 29.—Young, beautiful, charming—the very opposite of the idea of the boisterous English "suffragette" generally cherished in this country. Mrs. Philip Snowden, the English reform worker, is the most conspicuous figure at the convention of the Massachusetts Woman Suffragette association.

While admitting that her English sisters committed in their demonstrations all the breaches of etiquette charged against them, Mrs. Snowden, who is the wife of an M. P., declares that such methods are necessary.

"We militant suffragettes," she said, "have as our object to oppose the government until it yields. And much as our cabinet ministers foam at the mouth when we annoy them, still they admit that our political sagacity is unequalled."

NIGHT RIDERS TO BE HANGED

At Least Six Must Pay Penalty of Crimes.

THAT IS THE BELIEF DOWN AT SAMEBURG

Where Governor Patterson Is in Charge of Troops.

The Indications Are That Not Less Than 300 Residents of Obion County, Tennessee, Will Be Implicated—Governor Will Remain on Scene Till Last Actor Has Been Run Down.

Union City, Tenn., Oct. 29.—That at least six "Night Riders" will hang for the killing of Captain Rankin at Reel Foot lake, is the belief at Samsburg, where Governor Patterson is in charge of troops who are hunting down the members of the band.

Corroboration of the confession made by "Tid" Burton, at Tiptonville, is said to have been obtained from Frank Ferriner, another alleged member of the band which killed Rankin and as a result, Garrett, Tom Johnson and four other prisoners are being held in solitary confinement.

Ninety men are held today by the troops. Some of these are innocent and an attempt will be made today to weed out the guilty parties. Indications are that not less than 300 residents of Obion county will be implicated.

Governor Patterson is determined to remain on the scene until the last actor in the Rankin tragedy is hunted down.

"We are getting some very strong evidence," Patterson said today. "I am confident we will capture and punish the members of this marauding band."

In addition to the confessions of Burton and Ferriner, much evidence of the organization and activities of the "Night Riders" has been given by ten men who have been examined by the grand jury.

Armed with these facts the troops today are pursuing their hunt throughout Lake and Obion counties and by night it is expected that the prisoners arrested will number more than a hundred.

TAFT JUBILANT OVER RECEPTION

Given a Great Demonstration in New York City.

IT ECLIPSES THE ONE GIVEN BRYAN

So the Candidate Is Told by New Yorkers.

Taft Covers Thirty-Five Miles of the City's Streets and Speaks to No Less Than 75,000 People—Starts Out Thursday for His Last Dash Through New York State—Goes After Bryan.

New York, Oct. 29.—Jubilent over declarations that his great meeting in Madison Square Garden last night eclipsed the Bryan demonstration in the same place, William H. Taft left today to make his last dash through New York state.

"I thoroughly enjoyed every minute of the rapid tour of New York City," said Mr. Taft. "I was sorry I had not more time to give to the great audience at the Garden, but certainly the reception given me was most inspiring. I cannot think there is any doubt that the whole Republican ticket will win."

When Taft arrived at Madison Square garden it was filled to the doors and outside were fully 25,000 people.

In all Taft had covered more than thirty-five miles of city street and had spoken to not less than 75,000 persons. When, after midnight, he crawled into the berth of his special car, his words and manner gave assurance that he believed the victory was won.

First Speech of Day.

Lyons, N. Y., Oct. 29.—Taft's first speech was delivered to a big crowd at 9:20. His itinerary today includes stops at East Rochester, Canandaigua, Geneva, Seneca Falls, Auburn and Syracuse.

"Mr. Bryan is a dangerous man," exclaimed Mr. Taft in his speech at the opera-house, "and it will be a calamity to place him in the White House."

Discussing at length the records of the two parties, Mr. Taft said he considered the stamping out of the free-silver heresy to be a "victory for good government, a victory for honesty, for national honor, that is exceeded only by the victories of our armies in the civil war."

"The issue boiled down really seems to be whether there is anything in the administration of Theodore Roosevelt during the last seven years to criticise or make the basis for asking a change, and when you come to consider the record of Mr. Roosevelt, and the record of Mr. McKinley, so many things have been done, so much work accomplished of an economical character, of historic importance that it cannot be that American people will fail to recognize the credit due to the party that has shown itself courageous, efficient and prompt in doing that which the needs of the nation have required."

NARROWLY ESCAPES WITH HIS EYESIGHT

When Striker Throws Acid at Driver of Taxicab.

New York, Oct. 29.—Lewis W. Wormser, a Broad street banker, narrowly escaped with the loss of his eyesight, when a bottle filled with carbolic acid was hurled last night by a strike sympathizer at the driver of the taxicab in which he was riding.

The bottle missed the chauffeur and crashed through the glass front of the vehicle, breaking and scattering its contents over Wormser, who dodged in time to escape receiving the acid in his eyes, but was badly cut in the face by flying glass.

No One Injured.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 29.—Nine persons escaped death in a manner little short of miraculous, early today, when a street car left the track and crashed into a building. The entire front of the building was wrecked and the car was turned over on its side. No one of the passengers or the crew of the car was injured.

Falls into Lime Vat.

Columbus, O., Oct. 29.—William R. Funk, forty-nine, died this morning after suffering terrible agony for several hours, the result of having fallen into a vat of lime, while engaged in his work. He was burned almost all over his entire body.

SHOP KEEPERS ARE ALARMED

Are Terrified by the Recent Riots in England.

FEAR STILL MORE SERIOUS DISORDERS

Are Insuring Their Places Against Mob Violence.

The Rate Is Rather High, Especially So in Those Localities Where the Unemployed Meet — Estimated That Ten Per Cent. of Skilled Workmen Are Idle—Army of Workless Estimated at 2,000,000.

London, Oct. 29.—Terrified by recent riots of England's unemployed thousands and by threats of still more serious disorders as the weather grows colder, shop keepers in the large English, Welsh and Scotch towns are today insuring heavily against losses at the hands of the mobs.

The present premium is from $1.25 to $2.50 on every $500 worth of insurance, according to locality.

Shops are considered especially bad risks in the vicinity of the parliament house, the meeting places of the country and borough councils, the "unemployed bureaus" and Trafalgar square, where the big mass meetings of the unemployed are usually held.

The labor unions estimate that ten per cent. of the country's skilled workmen are now idle. The proportion of unskilled laborers without work is much larger. The "army of workless" now numbers 2,000,000 and is steadily increasing.

TO STAMP OUT THE REFORMERS

Dowager Empress Tzu-Hsi Is Taking Active Steps.

SHE IS ALARMED OVER THE DEMANDS

Made Upon Her by Leaders at Singapore.

They Demand the Restoration of the Emperor to Power, Dismissal of Court Clique, Removal of Capital from Peking to Nanking, a Constitution and Summoning of National Assembly Within Three Years.

Peking, Oct. 29.—Dowager Empress Tzu-Hsi, alarmed by the activity of Chinese reformers, is today making vigorous steps to stamp out the Chang Wen society, the big Chinese reform association. The organization startled her recently by urging governmental changes which the empress considers undesirable. The leaders met in Singapore and sent a message to Tzu-Hsi asking:

"Restoration of the emperor to power.

"Dismissal of the court clique.

"Removal of the capital from Peking to Nanking.

"A constitution.

"The summoning of a national assembly within three years."

Most of the prominent reformers live abroad, but she arrested several members of a committee on its way to Peking to urge acceptance of the reform program and imprisoned them.

Her majesty has ordered Cheng Wen meetings suppressed and all aggressive reformers arrested. Agents have been sent to Hong Kong, Singapore and Penang to learn how strong the movement is and to watch for shipments of arms to Chinese revolutionists.

Court-Martial Ordered.

Washington, Oct. 29.—Assistant Secretary of the Navy Newberry today ordered the court-martial of Charles J. Magness, deserter from the navy, who recently married Miss Ada Gorman, daughter of the late senator from Maryland.

HAINS MAKES A STATEMENT

Defends His Own Position in the Celebrated Case.

BITTERLY ASSAILS HIS BROTHER'S WIFE

Points Out Animus in Finding of Grand Jury.

Refers to His Record as That of a Recluse and Student, Not That of a Man-Eater, as He Has Been Described—Captain Hains Is Said To Have Broken Down Completely in Jail.

New York, Oct. 29.—T. Jenkins Hains, accused with his brother of the murder of William E. Annis, has issued a signed statement defending their position and bitterly assailing Mrs. Claudia Libby Hains and her attorney. He accuses Mrs. Hains' attorney of trying to poison the public mind against the prisoners and dismiss his brother's wife with one bitter allusion.

"There can be little said in regard to a woman who is trying to hang her husband, the father of her children—the poor, broken-hearted husband who went mad and killed her lover," said the novelist in his written statement.

Hains defends his own part in the tragedy in strong terms. He ridicules the reports which have pictured him as a seafaring bully and "beachcomber."

"I have never been a beachcomber and do not exactly know what a beachcomber is. For the past fifteen years I have been too busy to find out," Hains says.

Amazed at Descriptions.

"Of course, it is useless to deny I am amazed at being in jail to be tried for murder. I am more amazed at the wonderful description of myself given out by Mrs. Hains' attorneys. After living for the most part of the past fifteen years right in touch with New York, I find I am described as a 'man-eater,' a 'beachcomber' and other pretty things, all instigated by this attorney, who told me a short time back that he would 'wade through blood to gain his ends.'

"His desperate efforts to fasten every crime known to criminal history upon me at first amazed me. Then when the grand jury, whose foreman was a lifelong friend of the Annis family indicted me, the affair became serious.

"My friends are astonished at the turn of affairs and are lost in wonder at the depths of crime that may be committed by a desperate attorney under the name of the law. I am painted as the black sheep of my family and accused of the most impossible things. In the first place, my family is just a little proud of me. I have never done a single thing in my life they have not approved of.

Recluse and Student.

During the past fifteen years I have contributed more to marine and nautical literature that any living man in the United States and my life has been that of a recluse and student. My numerous works have been adopted in the public schools of many states and most of them by the United States navy as standard works. I have contributed to nearly every first-class magazine in this country and England and much of my work has been translated."

Hains goes on to describe his brother's breaking-down after the alleged confession of Mrs. Hains, which the writer says was made in cold-blooded unconcerned manner to General Hains, Attorney Bennett, Captain Hains and himself. He then tells of taking care of his brother during the months that followed.

There is a report that Captain Peter C. Hains may be subjected to examination by a commission in lunacy.

Captain Hains is said to have broken down completely and to rave at night so loudly as to disturb the other prisoners in the jail.

Celebrate Mitchell Day.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 29.—All the collieries of the anthracite region were closed today, 180,000 mine workers remaining idle to celebrate "Mitchell day."

Treasury Statement.

Washington, Oct. 29.—Today's treasury statement: Receipts $2,281,806; expenditures $2,630,000.

NOT THE DAUGHTER OF THE MILLIONAIRE

But a Changeling Is the Claim of Other Heirs.

New York, Oct. 29.—Dorthea E. McVickar, recognized after the death of Millionaire D. E. Crouse, of Syracuse, as his daughter and who was given $2,000,000 as a compromise by his other heirs, is to be attacked by them as a changeling in a suit to recover, which will come before Supreme Court Justice D. Angelis in Utica, New York next Wednesday.

The whole case, which was one of the sensations of a decade in central New York, will be reopened in the present suit and the twenty-seven heirs of Crouse will try to prove that the millionaire was never married and that Miss McVickar is not his daughter but a child brought forward for purposes of deception. The girl's alleged mother whom Crouse is said to have married in London under the name of Wilson is alleged to have received $400,000 of the dead Syracusan's estate.

NARROW ESCAPE OF A DETECTIVE

Railroad Cop Murders His Best Friend at Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 29.—George Foulks, a Baltimore & Ohio railroad detective, is a prisoner here today charged with shooting and killing Frank Sanders, his best friend. The two men got into a dispute over a dollar. An argument followed and Sanders is said to have knocked Foulks down. Sanders is said to have assisted Foulks to his feet and was in the act of apologizing when the latter drew a revolver and discharged four shots in rapid succession holding the muzzle close to Sander's body. Sanders died almost instantly. Lynching of Foulks last night in the Stag hotel bar-room where the tragedy occurred was narrowly averted by the police.

Schooner Ashore.

Norfolk, Va., Oct. 29.—An unknown four-masted schooner went ashore this morning fifty miles south of Cape Henry. Six of the crew were rescued by life-savers. Two others were drowned.

The vessel is probably a total loss.

TRAGEDY FOR THIS NATION

Would Be the Election of Bryan to Presidency.

THAT'S THE OPINION OF ANDREW CARNEGIE

Bryan Would Affect Supreme Court for Twenty Years.

Shall a Man Like Bryan, a Demagogue, Carnegie Asks, Appoint Our Judges?—Refers to Bryan as One Who Takes Up Causes and Repudiates Them When They Do Not Fill His Sails.

New York, Oct. 29.—"In my opinion the election of Mr. Bryan would be a great tragedy for this nation," declared Andrew Carnegie when he arrived here today on the steamer, Adriatic.

"It would mean that he would have the appointment of several supreme court judges and that for twenty years to come the supreme court would be marked by his appointments.

"The senate might be made practically helpless in many ways. It seems to me also that the people should be asking each other: "Shall a man—a demagogue—like Bryan, appoint our judges? Should they be appointed by a man who has taken up nearly every cause, to lay it down again should it not fill his sails?"

Mr. Carnegie said he had been out of touch with political conditions here, but that he was gratified by the reports he had received during the past few weeks.

"There now seems every probablity of the election of Governor Hughes, which is very gratifying. I know him personally and have many reasons to know that he stands for all that is good and great in civic life."

Mr. Carnegie, in discussing the business situation, said there was marked improvement here, but that England is facing a great business problem of the unemployed brought about mainly to the financial depression here and in that country.

FATHERLAND IS SOLD OUT

Germany Is Rather Suspicious of Russia.

BELIEVES ENGLAND MAKES LITTLE DEAL

Guarantees Russian Loan To Secure Influence.

Through Russia's Alliance with France, She Is Able To Carry the Latter Country with Her, Shake Italian Confidence in Germany's Position and Practically Isolate Germany and Austria.

Berlin, Oct. 29.—German officialdom today believes Russia sold the fatherland out to England early during the Balkan crisis, in return for the promise of the flotation of a big loan on England.

The German foreign office professes to have proof that Foreign Minister Sir Edward Grey of England took Foreign Minister Iswolsky of Russia to see various high financiers while the latter was in London on Balkan business, and that Sir Edward prevailed on the financiers to promise a loan if Russia would support England in the Balkan muss.

There are rumors that Russia approached Germany on the subject of a loan just before Iswolsky went to London, that German financiers did not see their way clear to make the loan and that Teutonic influences were thrown over in consequence.

Through her alliance with France, Russia was able to carry the latter country with her, shake Italian confidence in the strength of Germany's position and practically isolate Germany and Austria.

The two kaisers still got what they went after in the Balkans, but as matters stand now, it will be necessary to pay something for it. If the combination against them hadn't been so strong, it is not believed Austria would ever have consented to the proposal to compensate Turkey.

Seeks an Alliance.

Belgrade, Oct. 29.—In despair at the prospect of being altogether ignored at the coming Balkan conference, the Servian parliament today telegraphed to the Russian douma asking for an alliance of Servia and Montenegro with Russia and begging Russia not to "abandon us in our affliction."

The message to the douma declared Servia and Montenegro will never submit to Austria's absorption of Bosnia and Herzegovina.

They are insisting that Austria cede a strip of Bosnia, at least twelve miles wide, along the Drina river, to serve as a sort of buffer between them and Austria. Austria is unalterably set against making any compensation to Servia and Montenegro.

WRECKERS DITCH DULUTH LIMITED

Ten Persons Are More or Less Seriously Injured.

St. Paul, Minn., Oct. 29.—"The Duluth Limited" of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railroad was ditched by train wreckers near Kempton, Wisconsin, early today, and ten persons were more or less seriously hurt.

The engine and all of the eight cars but two were derailed and overturned.

The general manager at the Omaha general office here says an investigation shows that a rail had been removed from the track and that evidently an attempt was made to wreck the train.

P. J. Tilton, Logan, Ohio, was among the injured.

A TIDAL WAVE HITS A STEAMER

Twenty Persons Are Injured, Six of Them Seriously.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 29.—Twenty persons aboard the Cunard liner, Ivernia, were injured, six of them seriously, when the steamer ran into a gigantic tidal wave in the "Devil's hole" one day out of Queenstown. The officers of the liner reported the accident upon her arrival here today.

The seriously injured, who were steerage passengers, are: Carl G. A. Dahl, Annie Toomey, Edward Larsen, Annie Larsen, John W. Crompton and Maria Mulhern. Their injuries range from broken legs to fractured knee caps. All will recover. They are now under medical care in the immigrant station.

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YOU'LL FIND IN THE IMMENSE VARIETY OF
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For one week only, women's gun metal wave top shoes, equal to any $3.50 values outside of this store.

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Heavy Fleece Lined. You can wear your feet away looking for the equal of this special.

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The largest children's department in the city and the best values. Come see the specials at $2,00, $2.50 and $3.00.

NECKWEAR

Little the finest you ever saw. If you want the creations of the hour come to the up-to-date store. 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50.

NATHANIEL OSBUN AN AGED RESIDENT

The Passing of Venerable Citizen at Findlay.

DEATH COMES AT THE HOME OF DAUGHTER

Mr. Osbun Resides in Marion County Nearly His Entire Life—Is Preceded in Death by His Wife—He Leaves a Family of Grown Children—Funeral Services.

Nathaniel Osbun, eighty years old, who practically all his life had lived in this county, near Scott Town, died of old age and complications at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Martha Clapper, at Findlay, Thursday afternoon.

Mr. Osbun had lived in Hancock county since last winter, when he went there to visit his daughter He was well known in the northern part of the county. His wife died a number of years ago.

The deceased is survived by the following children: Mrs. Martha Clapper, of Findlay; Mrs. *Lucinda* Ferguson, of Scott Town; Mrs Anna Shirkey, of Carthage, Missouri. I. E. Osbun, of Marion; Nathaniel Osbun, of Marseilles; Elmer Osbun, of Kenton, and Harry J. Osbun, of Dayton. He is also survived by one sister and one brother.

The funeral services will be held at the Pleasant Hill church, near Scott Town, Saturday morning at 11 o'clock.

Morral Delegation.

About 150 people from Morral expect to attend the Republican rally in this city Saturday evening The Morral band will accompany the delegation.

School shoes that wear in styles that please. Beatty & Long sell at prices that fit any purse. Fri-wky

THE WARNER & EDWARDS STORE.

Carpet and Rug Special.

Room size Rugs 9 feet by 12 feet.

Tapestry Rugs, were $15 and $16.50, Special, $12.50
Velvet Rugs, were $20 and $22.50, Special, $15.00
Axminster Rugs, were $20 and $25, Special, $17.50
Wilton Rugs at $32.50, $37.50 and $40.00.

The Rugs at these prices do not include our whole stock, but patterns that will not be made again and have not sold as well as some others. You may find just what you want, and the saving is considerable.

Lace Curtains. A saving of one-third on a lot of odd pairs, and two and even three pair lots that we wish to close out.

A special lot of regular 65c and 75c Brussels Carpets at yard..... **50c**

Warner & Edwards.

REV. A. J. CLERE IS HEARD WITH INTEREST

Delivers a Lecture to a Very Large Audience.

CHURCH SOCIETY AT WILSON HOME

Mrs. Edward Wilson Is Hostess to the Members—Reformed Church Society Meets with Mrs. Mary Augenstine Near Waldo—News Notes of the Past Week at Waldo.

Waldo Oct. 30.—[Special.]—Rev. A. J. Clere, of Prospect, delivered his lecture "Nonsense and Common Sense" at the M. E. church, Tuesday *evening to a well-filled house.* His lecture contained many interesting thoughts and was enjoyed by all.

The Ladies' Aid society of the M E. church held a regular meeting at the home of Mrs. Edward Wilson, Wednesday evening. An interesting meeting was held and dainty refreshments were served.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Reformed church met, Wednesday afternoon, with Miss Mary Augustine at the home of her mother north of town. A delightful time was enjoyed.

Frederick Augustine returned Tuesday, from a week at Lima where *he was in attendance at the Lutheran* synod.

C. E. Hazen and C. Allen of Marion were Waldo visitors Friday.

W. C. Mitchell was in Marion on business Thursday.

Miss Margaret Brown, of Marion, is visiting Mrs. Nellie Gompf.

Meigs Selanders spent Friday in Marion.

Simeon Glaze, of Salt Lake City, and Benjamin Glaze, of Sunbury, formerly residents of this community were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Charles Groll and other friends here, the latter *part of last week.*

Miss Helen Krause, of Marion, was the guest of Miss Dessa Marie Benedict from Friday until Sunday evening.

Mrs W. C Michel visited at Scott Town Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Robert Donbaugh and Miss Flora Houseworth visited friends in Marion Saturday.

John Cook was a Marion visitor Saturday.

Thomas Glaze, of Marion, spent Sunday in Waldo. Mrs. Glaze and daughters who had been visiting here the past few weeks returned home with Mr. Glaze.

William Bensley spent Saturday with friends at Marion.

Mrs. C. P. Groll and Miss Grace Wiser visited at Marion Saturday.

Mrs. Roscoe Oborn and daughters, Dorothy, of Marion, visited friends at Waldo Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. D Springer, of Marion, were Waldo visitors Thursday

Frank Warline was a business visitor at Marion Saturday.

Mrs. Peter Cook, who has been ill for some time, is no better.

Dr. J. M. Miles is quite poorly

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Hayes spent Friday at Marion.

Mr. and Mrs. Levi Yake, of Marion, were guests of Mr and Mrs. Wallace Klingle over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W Luellen, of Marion visited friends here Sunday. Mrs Luellen remained a couple of days

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Morris and daughter, Lulu, visited Mrs. Morris' parents near Ashley Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Brown visited friends at Richwood Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Coleman and *daughter, of Marion, were guests of* Dr. and Mrs. D. Welch Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Smith and Mrs. Maria Smith were at Carey, Tuesday, attending the wedding of Miss Gail Robinson and Mr. D Patterson.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Taylor entertained at dinner Sunday Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Fritch, Mr. and Mrs. R. E. McGraskey, of Marion, and Mrs. Alice Devore, of Kansas City.

Otto Apt was in Columbus, Monday purchasing stock and fixtures for his drug store.

Dr Dennis Welch moved his dental *parlors,* Wednesday, into the room fitted up for him on the second floor of the new Cook building

Miss Ethel Cook who has been in Marion for the past several weeks returned home for a visit Wednesday.

The deal so long contemplated by which the business men of Waldo become owners of the tract of land just west of the railroad, has finally been closed, all the heirs to the property having at last signed the deed. The ground will be deeded to the McKinzie brothers of Delaware who will put in a planing mill, and lumber yard. Work will be begun on same immediately.

The Misses Stella Kraner and Beatrice Prior of Marion, were guests over Sunday of Miss Blanche Porterfield

Mr. and Mrs Charles Graham and daughters, Miss Jessie Wyatt and *Miss Reba Anderson were guests* Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. E Graham

Mr. and Mrs John Klee and Mr. and Mrs Harry Coleman, of Dayton, are the guests, for a few days this week, of Mrs Mary Coleman and other friends in this vicinity.

R L. Hipple, of Marion, was a Waldo visitor Wednesday.

PROBATE COURT.

Charles O Howison has been appointed guardian for Frederick Trumbo

Peter Dunn has been appointed guardian for Marcella Dunn and other minors

In the matter of the estate of Joseph Rubins, an order of appraisement of real estate has been issued.

John W Himmunger has been appointed administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Henry Rorick

John F. Frey, administrator of the estate of Mary E Frey, has filed a petition to sell real estate A hearing has been held and an appraisement ordered

It's hard for a lazy man to be truthful for he is happiest when lying.

You have no right to set up your lad as another man's faith

WILLIAM BURLEY HAS VERY NARROW ESCAPE

Caught in a Burning Hotel in Knoxville.

LOSES CLOTHING AND HIS MONEY

John Leffler Opens a Meat Market at Agosta—Occupies a Room in the Genoway Building—Notes Gathered at Agosta During the Past Week.

Agosta, Oct. 30.—[Special.]—Joseph Burley received word this week of the escape from a horrible death of his son, William Burley, *who* is employed by the Barber Asphalt & Paving company at Knoxville, Tennessee. The hotel in which Burley was rooming caught fire about midnight and was a mass of flames before the fire was discovered. The occupants saved their lives by jumping from the windows. Mr. Burley escaped from a second story window clad only in his night garments He lost all his personal effects and a large amount of money.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Thrush, of Caledonia, and Mrs. J. Siders, of Marion, were the guests of William Wilson and family Sunday.

Mrs. Jane Manley, of Green Camp, is visiting at the home of William Cleveland.

Miss Jane Hatfield, of Mansfield, was the guest of Mrs. Hannah Ponguet, Tuesday.

Misses Edna Dutton, Maizie Dean, and Fanny Dale Horton were the guests of LaRue acquaintances, Sunday.

John Leffler has opened a meat market in the Genoway building which was formerly used as a store room

Miss Edna Dutton is entertaining her cousin Miss Maizie Dean, of Indianapolis, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Myron Rusler and daughter, Hester were the guests of David Fletcher and family at Green Camp Sunday

E. D. Horton made a business trip to Marion Wednesday

Miss Leona Southwick delightfully entertained forty of her friends, Thursday evening, in honor of her guests, Maggie and and Lany Stumbaugh, of Greensville Dancing was a feature of the evening's entertainment. Light refreshments were served.

Mrs Bessie Burris and son, Devere, of Wellston, are visiting Mr and Mrs Charles Mapes this week

Nelson Harding, of Marion, was here on business, Monday.

Misses Nina Deal and Edna Sloat, of Cygnet, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Deal, near DeCliff.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wilson and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wilson and daughter, Helen Lucile, spent Sunday with Green Camp relatives

Mrs. Edward Payne returned home from an extended visit with Columbus relatives, Wednesday.

Mr and Mrs. A. D. Schultz and son, Dee; Mr. and Mrs. Harry Farry and daughter, Anna, of Cochranton, were the guests of Edward Schultz and family, Sunday.

Mr and Mrs. E M. Stockwell, of Prospect, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. David Bilger, Friday.

Mr. and Mrs R. O. Richards, of Morral, were the guests of Matthew Miller and family, Saturday and Sunday.

William Stockwell, of Cochranton, is visiting his mother, Mrs. C. M. Stockwell, this week.

BIRTHS.

A son was born, October 23, to Mr. and Mrs. William Walker, who reside on Fountain street.

A son was born, Friday evening, to Mr. and Mrs. William Fetter, residing on Silver street.

A daughter was born. Monday morning, to Mr. and Mrs. Hayes Holland, residing seven miles east of t city.

A son was born, Sunday mornir to Mr. and Mrs. S. A. George, Rose avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Carder, east George street, are the parer of a daughter born Sunday mornir

A son was born, Tuesd Mr. and Mrs Ray Thomas, residi six miles west of the city.

GET THE CASH HABIT.

FOR SATURDAY ONLY
9 Bars Lenox Soap.....25c
Limit, 9 bars to a customer.
The store with the price.
NEW YORK STORE.

Those Suits at $20.00

If you've seen them it's needless to say more but for those not so fortunate will say that it's the real suit bargain of the season.

Made in a pretty Directoire style, of excellent all wool striped materials, in blue, brown and black. A suit that under ordinary conditions could not possibly be retailed at less than $25.00, here specially priced at but $20.00.

At $22.50—Real beauties, showing the long slender lines to the best possible advantage, in the pretty 42-inch coat and plainly gored skirt A style that is a direct copy of a much more expensive model Materials a first quality striped cloth in blue, brown, green and gray, a $28 50 worth for $22.50.

At $25.00—The famous Wooltex models, garments that really need no further description as to style or quality Fully guaranteed in every respect. Bought elsewhere, would cost you a fourth more, here priced but $25 00.

Other styles $10.00, $12.50, $15.00, $17.50 to $40.00.

LUDWIG'S Specialty Store
Marion's Suit House.

A "Suit Sale" of special import
$9.50, 12.50, 18.50, $25 worth $20 to $40

It's always this store's policy---about November 1st---of lowering the "suit stock" so as to make plenty room for the heavier Coats and Furs.

That's the reason in a nutshell---for these startling "price tremblings" in the finest, best line of Tailor-made Suits to be found in Marion.

Starts bright and early Friday morning ---continuing over Saturday.

As Pictured $12.50

The fine new Suits reduced to $9.50—
All that are left of those charming little broadcloth suits of which we have sold scores the past two weeks at $12.50 instead of $20, their real worth. All are handsomely satin trimmed and with satin buttons. What are now in stock—including black, taupe, olive green, navy, brown and wine, will be sold out **Friday and Saturday at $9.50.**

At $12.50 the remaining "chevron" Suits which "toe the mark" of $25 quality—our lucky purchases of great quantities of these handsome suits has enabled us to sell them at a rapid rate for $15. Now that our supply has dwindled to about twenty—we'll sell all that are left (black and new colors) **at half their worth—$12.50.**

To $18.50—we've reduced many fine Suits worth $30—Beauties, of course! One expects a $30 Suit to be well planned—to be tailored faultlessly—to be built of good, high-grade materials—and above all, to fairly radiate "good style." And all these splendid suits we've dropped to $18.50 are such. The latest "Directoire," "hipless" and plain tailored suits are included. $18.50.

$25 now for many handsome Suits worth up to $40—how do you like such an opportunity as this? Maybe you expected to pay $25—now you can get $15 added value (in good materials and advanced style) for that Or, Mi Lady proposed paying $40—likely she'll choose to save $15—and get just the sort of suit she originally counted upon. $25.

Special Coats: here's value giving of an unusual sort in these $5, 7.50, 10 and $15

It all comes about--through a fortunate deal made by our resident New York buyer with a "hard pressed" Coat manufacturer.

No likelihood of the big lots unpacked today---lasting long. Better come Friday or Saturday.

Take the wonderful $5 Coats—for instance—who of you ever bought a fine full length coat of good-quality black broadcloth, properly braid embroidered, with the good looks of a $20 garment—**for a five-dollar bill?**

And other special $5 Coats—full-length, semi-fitted garments of black melton cloth richly braided—lined to the waist.

At $7.50, $10 or $15—are the smartest of long broadcloth and kersey coats—fashioned along the new "hipless" lines. Every one of them such values as this Store never has shown before.

Uhler & Phillips' Busy Store

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

TRAINS ARE WRECKED AND BRAKEMAN HURT

A Head-On Collision Early Tuesday Morning.

AN ACCIDENT ON THE PENNSYLVANIA

Airbrakes on Train Fail To Work and the Train Dashes into a Double-Header in the Local Yards. Three Engines and a Number of Cars Are Piled Up.

The Pennsylvania right-of-way, about eighty yards north of Silver street, was the scene of one of the most serious freight wrecks occurring in the city in years, Tuesday morning. One man badly injured, three engines derailed, one of which is a complete wreck, and twelve cars piled up was the result.

About 4:50 o'clock Tuesday morning, those who chanced to be around the Pennsy station were attracted by the dashing of a train through the city, going north. It was evident that the engine men were having trouble. This was train No. 474. The air brakes on the train refused to work, and, had it not been for the prompt action of the lever operator in the interlocking tower, there would have been a serious pile-up between Center street and the Erie-Big Four crossing. However, the train was given the rail just in the nick of time. There being a curve in the road and it being very dark the members of the engine crew were unable to see a double-header southbound, which was starting to pull out, until they were almost upon it. The engine crews on the southbound train immediately realized their danger. Engineers King and Martin who were at the throttles of engines, Nos. 7937 and 7914, at once made an effort to back up, but could not get out of the way. Fireman King of the first engine of the double-header made an effort to reach and throw a switch so as to send the flying northbound train onto a siding, but he was unable to reach it. The crews of the three engines jumped, just in time, for in a second there was a terrible crash. Head Brakeman Lorin Bracht, of Toledo, was on the third car of the northbound train. Seeing that the air would not work, he attempted to set a brake on the gondola and was in this act, when the crash came. He was thrown against a switch-stand and suffered a severe cut in the top of his head.

Engineer John Martin, as soon as he recovered from the effects of his jump, felt his way through the debris trying to assist his injured brothers, believing that there certainly must be some men pinned under the engines or cars. His attention was drawn to the groans of a man in the distance. Hunting around in the dark, he finally located Bracht. He carried him up under the electric light on Silver street. The man was delerious and suffering much. The engineer summoned assistance. Dr. A. Rhu was soon on the scene and Bracht was removed to the Central Emergency hospital in Dr. Rhu's auto.

After the men had recovered from the shock, they got together and found that Bracht was the only one missing. Fireman Carrol was, however, badly bruised about the face and head. Engine No. 7126 of the northbound train was a complete wreck The big locomotive turned turtle in the ditch about fifteen feet from the track. The tender was completely demolished as was also the cab. The boiler was practically left intact A noticeable feature of the accident was that the glass of the headlight was not broken.

Three cars including the one on which Bracht was attempting to set the brake when the collision occurred, were complete wrecks, and coal was strewn along the track. These cars landed in the ditch. Nine cars, including three cars loaded with corn, oats and rye, two empty gondolas and four coal cars of the southbound train were ditched. Nearly every one of these cars are complete wrecks.

The wrecking crews from Crestline and Grogan were soon on the scene and much time was consumed before the right-of-way was cleared.

Engine No. 7126, with Engineer Bookman at the throttle, was completely demolished. Engines Nos. 7937 and 7914 were derailed, but suffered little damage.

The northbound train was in charge of Conductor Stump. Conductor Masters was in charge of the southbound train.

No matter how smart a woman thinks a man is she is clever enough to flatter him by making him believe she thinks it's a lot more than she does.—New York Press.

The only reason a patriot can get more excited about the constitution than about his party candidate's platform is he knows less about the former.—New York Press.

If a man has money to burn he can easily find a woman willing to furnish a match.

The only compensation about not being rich is the way you can pretend to despise somebody who is.

THREE LADS ARRESTED ON A SERIOUS CHARGE

Thought To Have Had a Part in Hold-Up.

CLARK WILLIAMS MAKES COMPLAINT

Williams Says He Is Asked for a Match on George Street and Is Then Assaulted—Claims To Have Been Robbed of a Dollar—Some Notes of Police Court.

Roscoe Worthington, Patrick Fergus and Dale Bain were arrested on east George street, after 11 o'clock Monday night, by Captain Bond and Officer McDonough and locked in the city prison on suspicion of being implicated in a hold-up on George street. The victim of the hold-up was Clark Williams, who boards on north Main street. Williams is a stranger and little acquainted with the city, having come here a few days ago to work.

Williams met a girl at the Family theater, Monday evening, and after the show escorted her to her home near the fairground. He was returning from the trip on State street street, and, reaching the corner of State and George street, was stopped by a crowd of young fellows, one of them he says asking him for a match. He states that when he reached in his pocket the boys jumped on him and in the scuffle he had a dollar taken from his pocket. He demanded that the money be returned to him, but all of the boys denied having the dollar.

To prevent trouble one of the lads agreed to escort him home, but the boy took him east on George street. Several of the other boys followed and then the boy with Williams asked him if he had a watch or any more money, Williams became suspicious and ran into a house. A call was sent to police station. When the officers arrived in the vicinity they met Worthington, Fergus and Bain and placed them under arrest. Williams filed an affidavit against the boys, Tuesday morning, charging them with assault and identified them as being in the crowd.

When the lads were arraigned, Tuesday, all told stories of a different character and pleaded not guilty to the charge. They gave out the names of the other members of the party and more arrests are to follow.

On a charge of stealing a lantern from an engine in the yards of the Hocking Valley Railroad company, Sunday afternoon, Harry Moyer, was arrested, Tuesday, by a detective and taken before the mayor. A charge of jumping trains was also placed against the boy. When arraigned before the mayor he pleaded guilty to both charges. He was fined five dollars and the costs for stealing the lantern and five dollars and costs and sentenced to ten days in jail for jumping trains. The latter fine and sentence was suspended providing the boy returns the lantern and his behavior is better in the future.

✣ GRAFT $25,000,000 A YEAR. ✣

When Bryan visits New York his hosts are the big boss and the little bosses of Tammany Hall, which, aside from an occasional spasm of reform, has ruled New York for more than half a century. Tamany Hall gives Mr. Bryan enthusiastic support and would, of course, have a great deal to say at Washington should Mr. Bryan be elected. In view of the fact that the Bryan platform condemns as "unnecessary and wasteful" expenses incurred by the Republican administration at Washington for rural free delivery, enforcement of meat inspection, of the pure law and similar measures of general public benefit, it is but fair that the public should know the sort of administration that Bryan's Tammany friends are giving to the largest city in the United States.

City expenditures have already reached $160,000,000 a year, and taxpayers are demanding reform. They claim that fully $25,000,000 a year is diverted from municipal uses into the pockets of political favorites and that there are evidences of huge "graft" in city expenditures Investigations by a committee of the Republican legislature and by the state civil service commission are about to begin, and there is a possibility that some of the looters may be pilloried if not otherwise punished.

Meantime Tammany, with $25,000,000 of "graft" in its pockets, is sending orators to different parts of the United States to charge the Republican administration with "unnecessary and wasteful" expenditures in constructing the Panama canal, extending the rural free delivery routes, conducting a vast and effective system of irrigation in the west and northwest and otherwise expending the people's money for the people's good.

Undoubtedly Mr Bryan's Tammany friends regard the money of the nation spent on Panama, on postal improvements, irrigation, etc., as wasted, the ideal use of public money from the Tammany point of view being "graft."

The country at large, however, does not take the same view as Bryan's Tammany friends, and the people are likely to conclude that it is quite enough for the Democracy to filch $25,000,000 a year from New York and that the national treasury shall remain under Republican control, with William H. Taft in the White House.

✣ IN DARKEST RUSSIA. ✣

In this day of rapid and easy intercommunication between states and nations, the concern of one becomes of importance to all the others Cholera is raging in the capital city of the great Russian empire and all the other powers hasten to take precautions against permitting the dread disease to spread to their own dominions The United States, while situated far from the scenes of contagion, has a peculiar concern in the conditions in the czar's capital for the reason that more of his subjects are coming to this country than go to any other country in the world. The constant stream of emigration from that nation to this is, in a time like the present, a source of danger The utmost precautions are necessary to prevent what might become a serious situation this side of the Atlantic.

Reports indicate that the reign of disease in St Petersburg is due either to gross ignorance or equally inexcusable carelessness. Busy in the task of oppressing a worthy people, of denationalizing the Poles and permitting the shameless persecution of the Jews, the mighty Russian government has had no time to look after such matters as the health of the people of her capital.

With our perfected machinery for the handling of immigration problems the chance would seem to be good that the cholera will not get a foothold in this country. The anxiety of Germany, France and other neighboring countries may be easily imagined, but nowhere else in Europe are likely to be found conditions to invite the disaster that is punishing St. Petersburg.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Charity always goes farther than it is sent.

MISS KATHERINE C. HARLEY, WHO DEFEATED MISS CURTIS, THE GOLF CHAMPION.

The victory of Miss Katherine C. Harley of Fall River, Mass., over Miss Margaret Curtis, the champion, was the sensation of the woman's national golf tournament at Washington. Miss Harley outplayed Miss Curtis from the beginning, the latter, however, making a sensational drive of 287 yards, which is said to be the longest drive ever made by a woman.

AN AGED RESIDENT CLAIMED BY DEATH

Mrs. Elizabeth Dey Little Dies Monday Evening.

DAUGHTER OF THE LATE ISRAEL CLARK

Mrs. Little Is the Last Surviving Child of a Revolutionary Soldier. She Leaves a Family of Children. The Funeral Services Were Held at the McPherson Home.

Mrs. Elizabeth Dey Little, eighty-nine years old, a daughter of the revolutionary soldier, Israel Clark, and the only woman in the county who bore the distinction of being a "Daughter of the Revolution," died of old age and complications at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Mary McPherson, who resides on Leader street, near the Garden City pike, Monday evening at 6:30 o'clock.

A year ago last July, Mrs Little, who was blind, received on the Fourth a souvenir spoon as a token of her membership in the society known as the Daughters of the Revolution Her father died February 5, 1827, and is buried in the Smith cemetery in Richland township. He not only had the honor of being a revolutionary war soldier, but had the distinction, also, of having met and talked with George Washington.

Mrs Little was the daughter of her father's fourth wife. Thirteen children were born as a result of his four marriages, and of this number she was the last surviving When her her father died she was only eight years old

Mrs. Little was born in Delaware county, March 16, 1819. She was married to John Little in Marion county in 1843. She is survived by the following children: Mrs. Mary McPherson, at whose home she died; Thomas Judson, of Rushylvania, Logan county, George Clark Little, of Lima, and Mrs. Martha E. Hogan, of Holden, Auglaize county. One daughter, Mrs Alice M. Mentzer, died March 3, 1900.

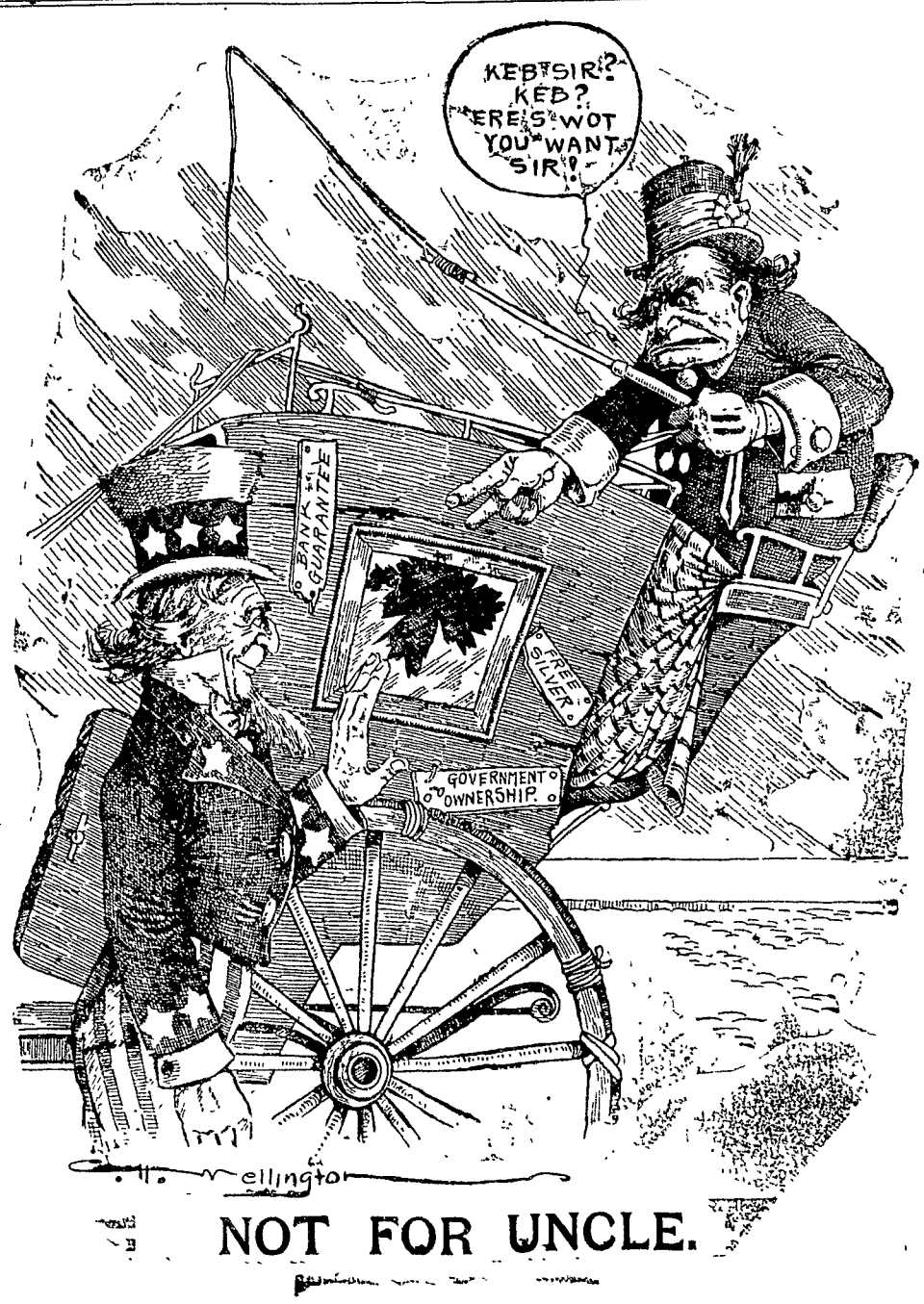
Israel Clark, father of the deceased, was born in Connecticut and moved from that state to Pennsylvania, where he remained six months. From Pennsylvania he came to Delaware county, and in 1821 moved to this county.

The remains of Mrs Little were shipped to Hardin county for interment in the Wolfe Creek cemetery, near Mt. Victory. Short funeral services were held at the McPherson home on Leader street, Wednesday morning, at 8:30 o'clock, Rev. George M. Rourke, of the Presbyterian church, officiating.

Never look backward—unless you can profit by the mistakes you have made.

When a man starts out to look for fun he manages to uncover a lot of trouble.

The meanest thing about mean people is how they don't care what you think of them for it.



NOT FOR UNCLE.

BOYS' SHOES THE KIND THAT STAY

Made to resist all the hard knocks that boys subject them to. Made in Box Calf, Velour Calf and Storm Calf.

A Specially Good One.

Boys' sizes 2½ to 5½.. .....$2.25
Youth's sizes 13½ to 2..... 2.00
Little Gent's 11 to 13..... 1.75

A cheap priced one that is perfectly solid leather.

Boys' sizes 2½ to 5½.....$1.40
Youth's sizes 13½ to 2..... 1.25

Try a pair of these and you will get the results you desire.

PETTY & STARR

A Place of Interest

You will find our shop very interesting these autumn days. All the new effects in haberdashery are to be seen here. Come, get posted on what is what.

Gorgeously grand is our fall shirt display.

Come, Surprises Await You.

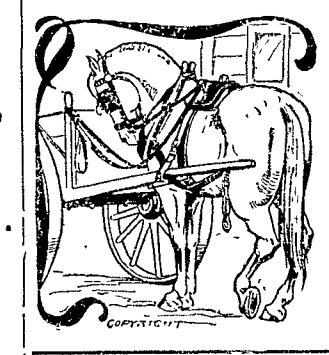
Golden Eagle Clothes Shop.

Winter is Just Around the Corner

Other stores may have some of these goods but they haven't the same prices.

Men's Work Shirts	45c	Men's corduroy pants	$1
Men's heavy black sateen shirts	49c	Men's corduroy coats	$3
Men's outing flannel shirts	45c	Men's heavy duck coats	$1.48,$1
Men's blue overalls	49c	Boy's corduroy, knee pants	
Men's over jackets	49c	Boy's corduroy, long pants	
Boy's dark shirts	25c	Boy's corduroy coats	$1
Boy's overalls	25c	Boy's duck coats	

The Racket Store



Don't Put the Cart Before the H

but buy good draught harness to $50. Your horse will be comfortable with good harness made and well fitting, and w better work. Ten dollars to $3 harness here also; good harne it. Our own make.

W. H. SIPLES

A DOZEN MARION STORES SELL

UNDERWEAR

But some individual stores seem to show just a li better quality; cleaner stock; bigger assortment.

This store has always had the reputation of sell a vast amount of underwear—people having lear where the best values, etc. at the price, are found— our present stock and values are greater this year t ever.

Whether you wish to pay 25c, 35c, 50c, 65c, 7 85c or $1.00, you will profit greatly in buying here.

THE ARK J. B. LAYTON, Prop. South Main Street

No man is so lacking in eloquence that he cannot speak the fine language of kindness.

A sufficient reason to mak people think they are popular they aren't in jail.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE WHEELS TO MOVE IF TAFT IS ELECTED

What the Manufacturers Have To Say.

A QUIET CANVASS AS TO ELECTION

A Publication Representing the Manufacturers of the Country Makes a Review of the Situation and Finds That Almost Everything Is Depending on Republican Success.

New York, Oct. 24.—The National Association of Manufacturers, *through its organ, American Industries*, has just completed a canvass of its 3,000 members throughout the United States in nearly every line of trade to ascertain the country's commercial status twelve months after the panic. The canvass was not made to serve any political purpose, and the forthcoming election was not mentioned, but the members of the association have taken advantage of one of the questions to declare that prosperity depends upon the election of Taft.

The canvass was made by means of letters sent out two weeks ago. Four questions were asked of the members relating to the exact condition of trade at present, the percentage of increase in business in the last ten months, the possibilities for future improvement and any suggestions for future improvement and any suggestions which might serve to better future conditions. Everybody answered the last question by suggesting that Taft be elected.

A few of the suggestions for the future, with the firms suggesting them, are as follows:

The Woodward Iron company, Woodward, Alabama.—"Elect Taft."

Alabama Consolidated Coal & Iron company, Birmingham, Alabama.—"The possibilities for the iron trade in 1909 hinge on the election of Taft as president and the ability of the railroads to finance their needs.

Hardie-Tynes Manufacturing company, Birmingham, Alabama.—"If the Republican ticket is elected we believe the outlook is bright for a good business."

The Baltimore Bridge company, Baltimore.—"Elect Taft. The Democrats had the opportunity of a lifetime and sold their birthright for a mess of verbiage."

Lowell & Engell, lumber, Bangor, Maine.—"The only suggestion we can make in regard to increasing the general prosperity of the country is that we must all do our utmost to elect Mr. Taft. We believe that the election of Bryan would be a national calamity from a business point of view."

Marshall Electric company, Boston.—"If Bryan is elected we shall probably have a set back for a year or more, as our business depends largely upon new building undertakings, which are supersensitive to confidence."

Lowney Chocolate company, Boston.—"I think the outlook for the year fairly good. If we elect Taft we may by a year from now be enjoying good business."

The Atlantic works, East Boston.—"Elect William H. Taft president. The election of Mr. Bryan will, in our opinion, prolong business conditions indefinitely."

Portland Iron & Steel company, Boston.—"We believe that the manufacturers and merchants are now only awaiting the final outcome of the election, and if a Republican administration is continued on a sane and conservative basis, prosperity for everybody is assured."

Interlaken Mills, Providence, Rhode Island.—"We consider the trade possibilities for the year favorable. The election of Mr. Bryan would be a serious blow to all kinds of business and very nearly criminal when the character and fitness of Mr. Taft are taken into consideration."

The Diamond Mills Paper company, New York.—"The business outlook is rather encouraging and from present indications we think that if the Republican party is successful in the coming election there is no doubt there will be a considerable increase and a good and stable business."

J. & C. Fischer, piano manufacturers, New York.—"With the election of Mr. Taft we think trade possibilities for the coming year will rapidly get back to normal conditions and that the best industrial years this country has ever seen are before us."

Welsbach company, Philadelphia.—"General prosperity will be promoted by the election of the Republican candidates and the administration by business men of all branches of industry on the square deal basis."

The Allyne Brass Foundry company, Cleveland.—"A brief suggestion which may help in promoting general prosperity—Taft."

J. A. Fay & Egan company, woodworkers, Cincinnati.—"We confidently expect that if the Cincinnati candidate is elected business will pick up gradually until it reaches its normal conditions."

The Standard Tool company, Cleveland.—"With the election of Mr. Taft we feel sanguine that business will take a big jump."

Ford Motor Company, Detroit.—"To promote general prosperity vote for William Howard Taft."

A CURE FOR HOG CHOLERA

Hog Cholera or Swine Plague as it is sometimes called is a highly contagious disorder.

When a hog shows any symptoms of this disease should be isolated at once and the pen fumigated in order to save the other hogs if possible.

Mix one part Sloan's Liniment with two parts milk in a bottle and give every sick hog a tablespoonful of the mixture night and morning for three days. Sloan's Liniment is a powerful antiseptic, kills the disease germs, sooths all inflammation and acts as a tonic to the animal.

A. J. McCarthy of Idaville, Ind., says:—"My hogs had hog cholera three days before we got Sloan's Liniment, which was recommended to me by a neighbor who was using it with success. I have used it now for three days and my hogs are almost well. One hog died before I got the Liniment, but I have not lost any since."

Mr. G. W. Balsbaugh of Peru, Ind., writes:—"I had four pigs that were coughing and were not doing well. I gave them some of Sloan's Liniment and they got better at once."

Sloan's book on Horses, Cattle, Hogs and Poultry sent free. Address Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass.

Paine Lumber company, Oshkosh, Wisconsin.—"If the Republican party remains in power and carries out its pledges the coming year will be one of prosperity."

Homer Laughlin China company, East Liverpool, Ohio.—"If Taft is successful we believe the normal trade conditions will gradually be restored. If Bryan is successful we anticipate a much more serious interruption in business than that which occurred a year ago and one of much longer duration."

Comersville Blower company, Connersville, Indiana.—"We do not look for a speedy return of prosperity, but think that if Taft is elected it may be anticipated next year, whereas if Bryan should succeed we fear it will be much delayed."

Davis Sewing Machine company, Dayton, Ohio.—"Elect Taft and prosperity will return of its own accord."

MRS. J. W. THOMPSON HOSTESS TO COMPANY

Pleasant Affair Given for Mrs. D. M. Odaffer.

FAREWELL FOR THE GUEST OF HONOR

Mrs. Odaffer Will Soon Move to Bucyrus—Miss Katherine Ochs Entertains a Company of Her Young Friends in Celebration of an Anniversary—Some Social Notes.

Mrs. John W. Thompson entertained a small company of ladies at dinner, Sunday, at her home on Blaine avenue, in honor of Mrs. D. M. Odaffer who is soon to leave for Bucyrus, where she will make her future home. A three-course luncheon was served and the afternoon was passed socially.

* * *

Miss Katherine Ochs very nicely entertained twenty of her young girl friends at a birthday anniversary party, Saturday afternoon, at the Kipp home on north Greenwood street. The afternoon was spent with games and contests. Miss Ochs was the recipient of a number of nice presents. Refreshments were served.

The guests were Elizabeth King, Mary Coleman, Mary Hoover, Ruth Kramer, Esther Hipp, Mildred Peterman, Anna Orians, Verna Isenberg, Florence Hensel, Mary Hipp, Martha Kehrwecker, Ellen Orians, Mary Virginia Cusic, Irene Harruff, Marjory Jerew, Nellie Spotts, Myrtle Wilson, Lucile Tavener, Margaret Hoover and Walter Ochs.

JOEL B. PATTON.

Joel B. Patton, the Republican candidate for county treasurer, hails from Green Camp township. Mr. Patton is known as a man thoroughly equipped for the office of treasurer. He has been a war-horse in the county Republican ranks for many years. He has made a wonderful campaign, and his many friends predict his election by a safe majority.

AN ANCIENT BIT OF POLITICS.

By William T. Ellis.

The International Sunday-School Lesson for November 1 Is, "Absalom Rebels Against David." II Samuel 15.

The clash and clamor of politics now fills the air; and people are especially in the mood to study the Bible's most famous story of political intrigue. The temporary triumph of an unscrupulous politician, by the use of all the arts which we have seen displayed in these present times, is portrayed in the rebellion of Absalom. This handsome prince was a demagogue; possessed of all the arts that win the unthinking populace, yet utterly false at heart and utterly selfish.

The story reveals the clear distinction that often exists between the politician and the patriot. Absalom used the wiles of the former for his own selfish ends; he was willing to sacrifice all things sacred—faith and honor and loyalty and love and country's well-being—for the sake of his personal ambition. Although many hailed him as the deliverer from a moss-grown regime, he was really a great peril to the kingdom and to the popular welfare. It is a safe principle to observe that no selfish man can be a first-class servant of the people.

The Problem of the Fop.

The problem of the young man in the city, with frivolous tastes and overweening vanity and a petty sort of foppishness, is another present-day situation exemplified in this old story. Absalom is the dandy of the Bible. He was good looking, and he knew it. His care for his hair and complexion and his raiment were strictly up to date. With him, as with a sad array of present-day youths, the barber, the tailor, the hatter, the shoemaker, and the haberdasher, played a large part in his scheme of life. An observer of modern tendencies may be inclined to wonder what these manicured and massaged youths of our day, who display the latest designs in hosiery and neck-wear on the principle streets, are going to amount to in themselves, and what will they do for the community. Assuredly, we have over-many Absaloms nowadays.

The absence of regard for the big virtues is a crying evil of our time. Obsessed by a passion for small display, myriads of young men seem to lack all sense of filial duty and of service to the state. Intelligent patriotism is as absent as the spirit of gratitude from their composition. They have a contempt for old fashioned virtues, and seem to care only for the flashy, frivolous aspect of life. Their highest ambition is to be regarded as "men of the world." They talk sport day and night, "play the races" when they get a chance, and in general worship at the shrine of "a good time." They measure a man's success by his ability to spend. Both the church and the state have a huge task before them in making real men out of these Absaloms, for if a person has not truth in his inward parts, only the Lord Almighty can do anything with him. In the meantime, the consideration of the parents' hearts that must be broken, even as David's was broken by Absalom, is a depressing spectacle.

A Prince who was a Demagogue.

Guile Absalom had in abundance, but no genuiness. He was a subtle, secret, crafty, devious character. He did not hesitate to use any means to cloak his own hidden purposes. Beneath his good looks and carefully barbered hair was a mind bent only on his own ends. That sort of man is a menace wherever you find him. For friend or foe, choose a sincere, ingenuous, and direct person, whose hate or whose love wears no mask. Absalom waited two years to square accounts with his step-brother Amnon for the crime against his sister, and then slew him while he was his guest. Ugh!

This was worse conduct than Amnon's, if such a thing could be possible; Amnon had behaved as a swine, but Absalom behaved as a snake. This unroyal shrewdness and disingenuousness sat ill upon one who descended from two lines of kings. After he had killed the unsuspecting Amnon at his own feast, he fled for two years to his mother's family at Geshur. Then he dwelt two years in Jerusalem without seeing his father's face. He was restored by the connivance of another crafty character, old General Joab, who, in the end, was the slayer of Absalom. Despite the base conduct of the boy, David loved him. The heart is an unruly member. David mourned for the absent Absalom even as he had not mourned for the dead Amnon. Perhaps David's sorrow was made more poignant by the remembrance of his own sin.

"Sharper than a Serpent's Tooth."

"How sharper than a serpent's tooth it is to have a thankless child!" cried King Lear. Old King David, mellowed by penitence and sorrow, was to drink deep this cup of suffering. He was to go down into a dark valley—yet there he sang songs in the night which have been the heart cry and comfort of myriads since. For while his fond father, all unsuspecting, sat on the throne, the good looking prince set about shrewdly to steal the hearts of the men of Israel. That was no hard matter. The masses are easily deceived in affairs of politics. They take the ante-election utterances of candidates as gospel truth. So quite like the modern baby-kissing, hand-shaking candidate, Absalom went about among the people, sowing discontent with the present situation, and winning their allegiance to himself. Early at the city gate, he would profess false sympathy with seekers after justice, undermining his father's reputation and administration. There was no blemish upon Absalom's person, from the sole of his foot to the crown of his head; but in character, which is the real measure of a man, he was a black ingrate.

The plotting and conspiring which followed read like the present news dispatches from the Balkan states, or from Turkey, or from Russia. Spies were as numerous as schemes. Plotting and undermining and trading in favors to come, reached in every direction. When he thought the country was ripe for sedition, Prince Absalom approached his father affectionately and said that he wanted to go to Hebron to pay a vow unto Jehovah. It was no new trick, this cloaking of politics under the guise of religion, but it was as odious then as it is now. Absalom had the name of God on his lips, but he had vile schemes of ingratitude and selfishness in his heart. In all this he was abetted by Ahitophel, David's Judas.

The Vultures and the Carrion.

The standard of open revolt was raised at Hebron. The place seekers thought they read the signs of the times, and flocked where they believed their advantage would lie. Large considerations of patriotism seemed shamelessly lacking. As vultures flock to carrior, so a multitude went with Absalom.

When the news came to David, whose fatherly love had blinded his kingly vigilance, the old man went forth in flight, broken-hearted. It was a great humbling for the king. He looked upon his own transgressions in the past, and felt that even this was but his just punishment. His spirit seemed utterly broken. Even Shimei might curse him from the hills without fear. No longer had he aught to live for. Like his greater Son, he went out to the Mount of Olives and wept.

That was Absalom's hour of conquest; he broke his father's spirit. David was ready to surrender all—although he would not imperil aught for his own sake, insisting that the Ark should not follow him, but should remain at Jerusalem.

As we shall see next week, David had loyal friends, however, and in this time of testing, they proved themselves. Moreover, he was still King David, the representative of Jehovah and of right, while Absalom was the embodiment of treason, selfishness and ingratitude.

"And right is right, since God is God,
And right the day must win;
To doubt would be disloyalty,
To falter would be sin."

CEREMONY PERFORMED AT JUSTICE'S OFFICE

Miss Northup and Mr. William M. Pickett.

Miss Flossie E. Northup, of Prospect, and Mr. William M. Pickett, of this city, were united in marriage at the office of Justice Charles H. Conley, Monday evening at 7 o'clock. Justice Conley performed the ceremony. The young people will make their future home in this city.

OHIO STATE ROLLER POLO LEAGUE MEETS

The Club Owners Gather in This City.

OFFICERS ELECTED FOR COMING YEAR

Representatives from Every City in the League Are Present—Each Club Will Pay Its Own Mileage and an Equitable Adjustment Will Be Made at Season's End.

A meeting of the representative club owners of the Ohio State Roller Polo league was held at the Majestic hotel, here, Sunday afternoon, representatives being present from every city in the league. W. D. Nothacker, secretary and treasurer of the organization last season, tendered his resignation and Fred Wilson, owner of the team representing the Twin cities, was elected secretary and treasurer. Philip Wolfe, of Mansfield, was elected assistant. Edward Gilligan, a former local baseball player, and Ted McGrew, who played with the Canton team last season, were elected as referees in the league. A ruling was made at the meeting that each club pay into the treasury of the league a sum of $15 a month. During the season, each team will pay its own mileage and at the close of the season this will be pooled so that each team fares alike.

AUSTIN BUTCHER FINED BY JUSTICE

Cuts Timber on the Thompson Farm North of City.

Austin Butcher, of Morral, was fined fifteen dollars and costs in the court of Justice C. E. Gompf Tuesday morning, on a charge of trespass and cutting timber on the farm of the Thomas A. Thompson heirs in Salt Rock township. He was arrested on complaint of John Aldrich, the tenant on the Thompson place. Butcher pleaded guilty.

October 18, Butcher is alleged to have cut down a white oak tree containing honey. He got three bucketsful. The value of the tree was fixed at $7.50 and according to the law the person cutting the tree cannot be fined more than twice the value of the tree. The justice fixed the fine at fifteen dollars and dismissed the charge of trespass. Butcher paid.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Marion County, Ohio.

C. R. Leftwich, et al, plaintiffs, against The Gebhardt Piano Company, et al, defendants.

All creditors and stockholders of the defendant, The Gebhardt Piano Company, will take notice that on the 12th day of October, A. D., 1908, the undersigned was duly appointed, qualified and entered upon his duties as Receiver of the defendant, The Gebhardt Piano Company.

All persons indebted to said Company will also take notice that immediate payment is required of all accounts due to said company, and the payment thereof must be made to the undersigned without further notice, and all creditors of said company are notified to present their claims, duly authenticated, to the undersigned for allowance.

All persons holding any open or subsisting contracts of said corporation are hereby notified to present the same to said Receiver in writing and in detail, at his place of business, at No. 132 south Main street, in Marion, Ohio, on or before the 7th day of November, A. D., 1908.

Dated at Marion, Ohio, this 12th day of October, A. D., 1908.

Henry Ackerman, Receiver for the Gebhardt Piano Company.
Copeland & Bartram,
Attys. for Receiver.
272-m-wk4

DITCH NOTICE.

Auditor's office, Marion County, Ohio, Marion, Oct. 17th, A. D., 1908.

In the matter of the repair of ditch petitioned for by W. L. Raub—Notice to non-resident lot or land owners.

Mrs. Charles Barnes, you are hereby notified that on the 17th day of Oct., 1908, W. L. Raub petitioned for the repairing of ditch petitioned for by the Trustees of Bowling Green township at its terminus in the Raub ditch at bridge on the north and south road on the land of W. L. Raub in Survey No. 9981, Bowling Green township, Marion County, Ohio.

You are also notified that the following time and place have been fixed for the hearing of said petition, to-wit:—Wednesday, November 11th, 1908, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the head of proposed improvement for the purpose of hearing any and all proof offered by any of the parties affected by said repair whether the said repair will be conducive to the public health, convenience and welfare, and any and all objections to said proposed repair.

In the estimation of the petitioner, the following are the names of all persons, or corporations, either public or private, who will be affected by said improvement: I. S. Guthery, Mrs. Charles Barnes, Wm. Kinnamon, W. L. Raub, Bowling Green Township.

C. L. ALLEN,
Auditor of Marion County, Ohio.
283-s-wk-2

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Marion County, Ohio.

C. R. Leftwich, et al., Plaintiffs, against The Gebhardt Piano Company, Defendants. Cause No. 12166.

Notice is hereby given to all stockholders and creditors and persons interested in the defendant, The Gebhardt Piano Company, and to whomever it may concern, that on the 12th day of October, A. D., 1908, the plaintiffs in the above entitled cause filed their certain petition in the Court of Common Pleas of Marion County, Ohio, which petition has annexed thereto, and made a part thereof, the accounts, inventories and affidavit required by Sections 5652 and 5653 of the Revised Statutes of Ohio, and that they are required to show cause, if any they have, why said corporation should not be dissolved before Fred W. Warner, Referee, who has been appointed by the Court for that purpose, on the 18th day of January, A. D., 1909, at 9 o'clock a. m., in the court room at the court house in Marion, Ohio.

C. R. LEFTWICH, et al.
By Copeland & Bartram,
Their attorneys. 277-s-wk-3

LEGAL NOTICE.

The defendants, Elizabeth Dumble Coil, who resides at Madison, N. J.; Lydia A. Copeland, who resides at Charlton, Ia.; Howard L. Dumble, who resides at Hood River, Oregon; Harry M. Dombaugh, who resides at Annapolis, Md.; Elizabeth R. Delano, whose residence is unknown, and Mary Sharpless, whose residence is unknown, will take notice that on the eighth day of June, 1906, Henry Selter filed his petition against them and other persons in the court of Common Pleas of Marion County, Ohio, case No. 11486, entitled Henry Selter against The Marion Manufacturing Company and others.

The object of said suit is to ascertain who are the stockholders of The Marion Manufacturing Company, which is a corporation of Ohio and insolvent, and to assess them in whatever sum may be necessary to pay the debts of said corporation due to plaintiff and other creditors; and the prayer is that separate judgments may be rendered against each of said stockholders for whatever sum the court may find to be necessary and that the proceeds may be applied to the payment of such debts.

Said defendants are required to answer said petition, or demur thereto, on or before November 28th, 1908, or judgment will be taken against them by default. HENRY SELTER,
Marion, Ohio, Oct. 9th, 1908.
By Scofield, Durfee & Scofield and Charles C. Fisher, his attorneys.
21wk&fri-6

SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS.

The School Examiners of Marion county, Ohio will meet for the examination of teachers at Central school building, Saturday.

November 7.

Examinations commence at 8:30 a. m. and no applications will be received after 10 a. m. All examinations will be written and positively no private examinations will be granted. A fee of 50 cents will be charged on admission to the examination, and each applicant will furnish an envelope, stamped and addressed to him or herself, in which a certificate or notice of failure will be forwarded. Applicants will be graded on a scale of 100. No certificate will be granted when the grade in any branch falls below 65. An average of 70 with a minimum of 65 secures a certificate for one year. 85 with a minimum of 70 secures a certificate of two years. 95 with a minimum of 85 secures a certificate for three years.

Success in the school room will also be taken into consideration in determining the class of certificate.

S. W. Ahmendinger,
W. P. Moloney,
R. B. Bell, Clerk.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the state of Ohio relative to the passage of bills.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. A proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state at the next election for members of the general assembly, to amend the constitution of the state of Ohio so that sections 18 to 32, both inclusive, of article II, shall respectively be numbered as sections 19 to 38; and sections 16 and 18 of such article be so amended as to read as follows:

ARTICLE II.

Sec. 16. Every bill shall be fully and distinctly read on three different days, unless, in case of urgency, three-fourths of the members elected to the house in which it shall be pending, shall dispense with this rule; but the reading of a bill on its final passage shall in no case be dispensed with. No bill shall contain more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in its title; and no law shall be revived or amended, unless the new act contain the entire act revived, or the section or sections amended; and the section or sections so amended shall be repealed.

Sec. 18. Every bill passed by the general assembly shall, before it can become a law, be presented to the governor for his approval. If he approve it, he can [shall] sign it. If he do not approve it, he shall send it with his objections in writing, to the house in which it originated which may then reconsider the vote on its passage. If two-thirds of the members elected to that house then agree to repass the bill, it shall be sent, with the objections of the governor, to the other house which may also reconsider the vote on its passage. If two-thirds of the members elected to that house then agree to repass it, it shall become a law, notwithstanding the objections of the governor. If a bill shall not be returned by the governor within ten days, Sundays excepted, after being presented to him, it shall become a law, unless the general assembly by adjournment prevent its return; in which case it shall become a law unless, within ten days after such adjournment, it shall be filed by him, with his objections, in the office of the secretary of state. The governor may disapprove any item or items in any bill making an appropriation of money, and the item or items, so disapproved, shall be stricken therefrom, unless repassed in the manner herein prescribed for the repassage of a bill.

SEC. 2. This amendment shall take effect on the first day of January, A. D. 1909.

C. A. THOMPSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
ANDREW L. HARRIS,
President of the Senate.
Adopted March 20, 1908

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, CARMI A. THOMPSON, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is an exemplified copy, carefully compared by me with the original rolls now on file in this office, and in my official custody as Secretary of State, as required by the laws of the State of Ohio, of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1908.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, this 23rd day of April, A. D. 1908.

CARMI A. THOMPSON,
[SEAL.] *Secretary of State.*

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

JOINT RESOLUTION

To amend section two of article twelve of the Constitution of Ohio.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of the state of Ohio, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1908, to amend section two of article twelve of the constitution of the state of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

FINANCE AND TAXATION.

Sec. 2. The General Assembly shall have power to establish and maintain an equitable system for raising state and local revenue. It may classify the subjects of taxation so far as their differences justify the same in order to secure a just return from each. All taxes and other charges shall be imposed for public purposes only and shall be just to each subject. The power of taxation shall never be surrendered, suspended or contracted away. Bonds of the state of Ohio, bonds of any city, village, hamlet, county or township in this state and bonds issued in behalf of the public schools of Ohio and the means of instruction in connection therewith, burying grounds, public school houses, houses used exclusively for public worship, institutions of purely public charity, public property used exclusively for any public purpose, and personal property to an amount not exceeding in value $200, for each individual, may, by general laws, be exempted from taxation; but all such laws shall be subject to alteration or repeal; and the value of all property, so exempted, shall, from time to time, be ascertained and published as may be directed by law.

SECTION 2. All taxes and exemptions in force when this amendment is adopted shall remain in force, in the same manner and to the same extent, unless and until otherwise directed by statute.

J. D. CHAMBERLAIN,
Speaker Pro Tem. of the House of Representatives.
JAMES M. WILLIAMS,
President of the Senate.
Adopted March 27, 1908

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, CARMI A. THOMPSON, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is an exemplified copy, carefully compared by me with the original rolls now on file in this office, and in my official custody as Secretary of State, as required by the laws of the State of Ohio, of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1908.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, this 23rd day of April, A. D. 1908.

CARMI A. THOMPSON,
[SEAL.] *Secretary of State.*

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF OHIO.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the state of Ohio relative to the time of the commencement of the regular sessions of the general assembly.

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:

SECTION 1. A proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this state at the next election for members of the general assembly to amend section 25 of article II of the constitution, so as to read as follows:

Sec. 25. The regular session of each general assembly shall commence on the first Monday in January next after it is chosen.

C. A. THOMPSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
ANDREW L. HARRIS,
President of the Senate.
Adopted March 20, 1906.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO,
Office of the Secretary of State.

I, CARMI A. THOMPSON, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is an exemplified copy, carefully compared by me with the original rolls now on file in this office, and in my official custody as Secretary of State, as required by the laws of the State of Ohio, of a Joint Resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1906.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, this 23rd day of April, A. D. 1908.

CARMI A. THOMPSON,
[SEAL.] *Secretary of State.*

RATES OF TAXATION FOR 1908.

To th Tax Payers of Marion County, Ohio.

In accordance with law, I—W. C. Wottring—Treasurer of Marion County, Ohio, hereby give notice that the Rates of Taxation in said County, for State and County purposes, for the year, 1908, are correctly stated as follows:

ALL LEVIES FOR LOCAL PURPOSES ARE CORRECTLY SHOWN IN THE FOLLOWING TABLE:

NAMES OF TOWNSHIPS VILLAGES AND SCHOOL DISTRICTS.	Total County	Total County State	School	Township	Corporation	Road	December Tax	June Tax	Total
Big Island Township	6.85	8.2	6.	.4		.6	7.6	7.6	15.2
New Bloomington Village School	6.85	8.2	9.	.4		.6	9.1	9.1	18.2
Bowling Green Township	6.85	8.2	6.6	.0		.6	7.7	7.7	15.4
LaRue Village School	6.85	8.2	14.8	.0		.6	11.8	11.8	23.6
Claridon Township	6.85	8.2	8.	1.		1.	9.1	9.1	18.2
Caledonia Corporation	6.85	8.2	10.	1.	10.	.0	14.6	14.6	29.2
Caledonia Village School	6.85	8.2	10.	1.		1.	10.1	10.1	20.2
Grand Township	6.85	8.2	10.7	.8		1.1	10.4	10.4	20.8
Grand Prairie Township	6.85	8.2	6.	.5		.3	7.5	7.5	15.
Morral Village School	6.85	8.2	10.	.5		.3	9.5	9.5	19.
Green Camp Township	6.85	8.2	5.	.0		.6	6.6	6.6	13.2
Green Camp Corporation	6.85	8.2	12.	.0	10.	.0	15.1	15.1	30.2
Green Camp Village School	6.85	8.2	12.	.0		.0	10.1	10.1	20.2
Marion Township	6.85	8.2	4.8	.5		.5	7.	7.	14.
Marion Ditches	6.85	8.2					2.	2.	R37.8
Marion Corporation	6.85	8.2	10.	.5	15.1	.0	16.9	16.9	P22.8
Marion City Schools	6.85	8.2	10.	.5		.5	9.6	9.6	19.2
Marion Ditches	6.85	8.2					2.	2.	R22.6
Marion Cor. Township School	6.85	8.2	4.8	.5	15.1	.0	14.3	14.3	P28.6
Montgomery Township	6.85	8.2	9.	1.1		.3	9.3	9.3	18.6
LaRue Corporation	6.85	8.2	14.8	1.1	14.1	.0	19.1	19.1	38.2
LaRue Village School	6.85	8.2	14.8	1.1		.3	12.2	12.2	24.4
New Bloomington Corporation	6.85	8.2	9.	1.1	10.1	.0	14.2	14.2	28.4
New Bloomington Village School	6.85	8.2	9.	1.1		.3	9.3	9.3	18.6
Pleasant Township	6.85	8.2	4.	.7		.5	6.7	6.7	13.4
Richland and Pleasant Tp. School	6.85	8.2	6.	.7		.5	7.7	7.7	15.4
Prospect Township	6.85	8.2	8.5	1.1		1.	9.4	9.4	18.8
Prospect Corporation	6.85	8.2	13.	1.1	13.5	.0	17.9	17.9	35.8
Prospect Village School	6.85	8.2	13.	1.1		1.	11.65	11.65	23.3
Richland Township	6.85	8.2	6.	.5		1.5	8.1	8.1	16.2
Salt Rock Township	6.85	8.2	4.6	1.2		1.	7.5	7.5	15.
Morral Corporation	6.85	8.2	10.	1.2	6.		12.7	12.7	25.4
Morral Village School	6.85	8.2	10.	1.2		1.	10.2	10.2	20.4
Scott Township	6.85	8.2	6.	.1		.6	7.6	7.6	15.2
Tully Township	6.85	8.2	4.5	1.2		.8	7.4	7.4	14.8
Waldo Township	6.85	8.2	2.	.7		1.3	6.1	6.1	12.2
Waldo Corporation	6.85	8.2	17.	.7	3.3		14.6	14.6	29.2

DOG TAX—In addition to the foregoing tax, there is levied a per capita taxof one dollar on male, and two dollars on female dogs, payable in one installment at December collection.

The Treasurer's office will be open from 8 to 11:30 a. m. and 12.30 to 4 p. m. standard time. The remainder of the day is absolutely necessary for other essential clerical duties.

Tax Payers will carefully examine their receipts and see that they are paying taxes on all their property, as under the new rules a separate tax receipt must be issued for property located in each of the taxing districts.

Treasurer's Office, Marion County, Marion, Ohio.

W. C. WOTTRING, County Treasurer.

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WILL MAKE HIS

151st Visit to Marion

MONDAY, NOV. 2.

MAJESTIC HOTEL

10 A.M. to 8 P. M. One Day Only

SEE HIM! SEE HIS PATIENTS! THEN IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED DO NOT TAKE TREATMENT

L. F. VOKE, Ph. G., M. D.

Graduate, Ohio State University, Starling Medical College, Roger's School of Optics. Eight years of College, University and Hospital training. Fifteen years actual experience in the treatment of CHRONIC DISEASES of MEN AND WOMEN.

PRACTICE LIMITED

To Chronic affections of the **Lungs, Head, Nose, Throat, Ears, Bronchial Tubes** as Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Etc.

Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Rectum as Indigestion, Billiousness, Constipation, Piles, Etc.

Blood, Heart, Skin as Rheumatism, Eczema, Pimples, Etc.

Nerve, Spine, Brain as Epilepsy, Fits, Neuralgia, Headache, Sleeplessness, Dizziness, Nervous Exhaustion, Etc.

Kidneys, Bladder, Prostate, as Diabetes, Brights' Disease, Cystitis, Etc.

Ruptures, Piles, Varicocele, successfully treated without use of knife or detention from business.

No matter what the disease, its name or nature, if it is chronic, obscure or difficult, you are invited to call or write regarding it.

DISEASES OF THE EYE GLASSES

Many affections of the eye successfully treated by harmless methods of home treatment. Glasses fitted and furnished.

DISEASES OF WOMEN

Successfully treated by easy, harmless methods of home treatment. Unnecessary operations and expensive hospital treatment not advised.

DISEASES OF MEN

Special attention given to all diseases peculiar to men, especially those suffering from over work and other excesses.

TEN REASONS WHY

You can Consult Dr. Voke with Confidence

1. For many years he has made regular visits to this community and has established a permanent practice.

2. He limits his practice to Chronic Diseases and has spent his life in the study and treatment of same.

3. By making regular visits to various parts of Ohio he sees and becomes familiar with a large number of rare and difficult cases.

4. By seeing his patients once a month he can treat a much greater number of people than would be possible if he saw his patients daily or weekly.

5. His practice consists of difficult cases, fully nine-tenths of whom have failed to secure satisfactory results elsewhere.

6. At least three-fourths of his patients are sent to him by former patrons.

7. If he thinks he cannot benefit you he will say so.

8. He will spare no effort or expense on his part to cure you.

9. His Charges are fair and reasonable.

10. Consultation and examination are free and confidential.

Address all communications to

L. F. VOKE, M. D.

379 West Sixth Ave. Columbus, Ohio.

NOTHING COMPARES

to FATHER WILLIAM'S INDIAN TEA for all diseases of the LIVER and KIDNEYS, STOMACH and BOWELS, cleanses the KIDNEYS, purifies LIVER, digesting the food, causing a regular, free movement of the BOWELS.

It causes a vigorous action of the the BLOOD, makes you well, keep you well. It only costs you 20 cents to try it. In tea or tablet form Tschanen Bros.

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BIG FOUR ROUTE

OCTOBER BULLETIN.

CINCINNATI and RETURN. Grand Lodge F & A M Centennial Tickets sold Oct 19, 20 and 21, 1908

DENVER and RETURN. Annual Convention National Womans Christian Temperance Union Tickets on sale October 18th to 23d, inclusive Annual Convention American Federation of Labor Tickets sold Nov. 4th to 10th, inclusive

COLONIST TICKETS. California, Mexico, British Columbia and Points in the West, Northwest and Southwest. On sale daily to Oct. 31, 1908.

HOME SEEKER'S RATES. To the West, Northwest, Southwest, Michigan, Mexico and British Possessions.

For detailed information see Agent,

"BIG FOUR ROUTE."

J. H. Rhein, G. P. A., Cincinnati, O G. P. O. 79—S.

A small boy isn't necessarily impecunious because he is strapped.

CLEVELAND REGARDS BRYAN AS DANGEROUS

McMahon Quotes His Former Leader.

INTERVIEW WITH FORMER PRESIDENT

Cleveland Denounces Bryanism in Course of Talk and States That Bryan Is as Dangerous as Was Aaron Burr—An Opinion of Cleveland Given by Bryan.

New York, Oct. 26.—Richard Randolph McMahon, of Harper's Ferry, West Virginia, who was Deputy Comptroller of the Treasury in President Cleveland's first administration, has told a conversation which he had in 1900 with Cleveland, who at that time denounced Bryanism and called Bryan "as dangerous an enemy to the country as was Aaron Burr." He has made a statement of some length in which he gives in detail the conversation he had with Cleveland. He explained that Cleveland had been his guest in Jefferson Place, Harper's Ferry, after attending the funeral of William L. Wilson, and in the evening they had discussed attacks made upon Cleveland by certain agitators. At that time Cleveland is quoted as having said:

"They are the ones who have changed. I stand today where I did ten, twenty, thirty years ago, for what I have always considered and believed to be true Democracy. It is because I have not changed, and shall not change, by taking up, adopting and advocating, as part of the creed of Democracy, such radical and revolutionary theories as are offered to us that fault is found with me as it was with out dear friend Wilson who was buried in Charlestown today.

Appeals to Prejudice.

The constitution framed by men whose wisdom and patriotism have been commenced by the universal world and under which we have lived as a nation so long, and I think so happily, seems wholly unsatisfactory to Bryan. Whether he would amend it or reconstruct it to suit himself, the Lord alone knows. He is not satisfied with the constitutional method of appointing our federal judges, our monetary laws are all wrong, the gold standard is to be exterminated, men who were Democrats before he was born are now "traitors" because they will not condone populism and socialism. All in all considering Bryan's solemn avowals of his fixed purpose to demolish and destroy whatever does not satisfy him—and I know of nothing that does, from the constitution down—his vain assumptions, his appeals to passion and to prejudice, his arrogance in his new and self-constituted role of the leader of the Democracy, his nostrums, his quacks and his demagogism. I regard him as quite as dangerous an enemy to our country as was Aaron Burr."

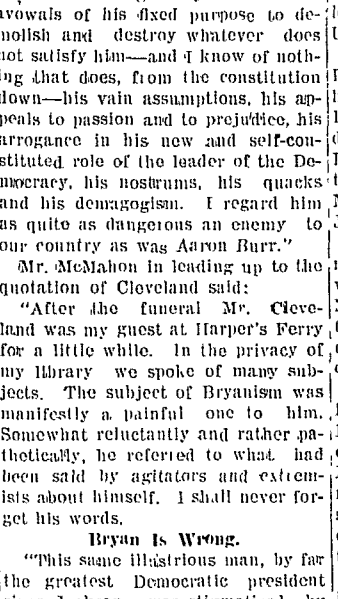
Mr. McMahon in leading up to the quotation of Cleveland said:

"After the funeral Mr. Cleveland was my guest at Harper's Ferry for a little while. In the privacy of my library we spoke of many subjects. The subject of Bryanism was manifestly a painful one to him. Somewhat reluctantly and rather pathetically, he referred to what had been said by agitators and extremists about himself. I shall never forget his words.

Bryan Is Wrong.

"This same illustrious man, by far the greatest Democratic president since Jackson, was stigmatized by Candidate Bryan as a "bunco steerer," and the eminent scholar, Mr. Wilson, so loved and respected by us all, was branded as a traitor. This same illustrious Cleveland, so denounced in 1904 was in 1908 eulogized by the Democratic national convention as a great patriot, a great president, and a man of heroic courage, and I am advised that Mr. Bryan himself wrote the eulogy, having rejected the superb resolutions prepared by Judge Parker, a true friend of the ex-president.

"Yes, Cleveland was a great president, and he had courage enough to repudiate Bryanism, and time, as well as the verdict of the American people, has demonstrated that he was everlastingly right and Bryanism eternally wrong."



FELIX KIGER.

Felix Kiger of Pleasant township is one of the Republican candidates for infirmary director. Mr. Kiger is known as one of the county's influential farmers, and would be an excellent member of the board. He has a large following of friends throughout the county, who are very zealous in their efforts in his behalf.

PILES FISTULA

AND ALL

DISEASES OF THE RECTUM

Dr. McClellan announces to the profession and the public that he makes a specialty of these diseases and has had 20 years constant experience. No pain and no detention from business. Bladder, Kidney, Blood and Skin Diseases and Diseases of Women. WRITE FOR BOOK ON RECTAL DISEASES (FREE) and indorsements of patients cured. Established 1880.

DR. J. J. McCLELLAN

Outlook Building, 44 East Broad Street **COLUMBUS, O.**

OTHER UNITARIANS.

In being a Unitarian, Hon William H. Taft is in excellent company. Many of the greatest men and women that this country has produced have been Unitarians!

There have already been four avowedly Unitarian presidents of this republic, Thomas Jefferson, John Adams, John Quincy Adams, and Millard Fillmore. Jefferson wrote, "I trust there is not a young man now in the United States who will not die a Unitarian." Abraham Lincoln once defined his religious belief in exactly the same words as those adopted by the Unitarian national conference, while Washington's biographer declares that he was simply a deist in his religious belief.

Daniel Webster, Charles Sumner, John C. Calhoun, John A. Andrew and Senator George F. Hoar were Unitarians. It is an interesting fact that nine of the twenty-eight persons included in the "American Statesmen Series" of Houghton Mifflin & Company were Unitarians.

Among Unitarian jurists of national renown were Joseph Story, Theophilus Parsons, Lemuel Shaw, Samuel F. Miller and John Marshall. The reform of our civil service was largely due to Unitarian effort. Representative Jenckes, of Rhode Island, who started it, Dr. James Freeman Clarke, Dr. Henry W. Bellows, George William Curtis, Dorman B. Eaton and Carl Schurz, who were leaders in the movement, were all Unitarians.

In literature, the poets, Bryant, Longfellow, Lowell and Holmes; the historians, Bancroft, Motley, Prescott, Parkman, Sparks, Palfrey and Hildreth with many such writers as Emerson, Thoreau, Dickens, Hawthorne, Bayard Taylor, Bret Harte, Margaret Fuller and Helen Hunt Jackson were Unitarians.

Among other Unitarians might be mentioned Agassiz, Ricardo, Wedgewood, Horace Mann and Sir Isaac Newton. Mazzini was a Unitarian theist. Louis Kossuth, of Hungary, declared "The Unitarian faith is the only faith that has a future."

Among Unitarian women are to be found Susan B. Anthony, Mary A. Livermore, Frances Willard, Florence Nightingale and Dorothea Dix. It is significant that of the forty names that have been chosen for inscription on the walls of the "Temple of Fame" in New York, sixteen are those of avowedly Unitarians.

Among living Unitarians are President Eliot, of Harvard, Edward Everett Hale, John D. Long, Carroll D. Wright, Julia Ward Howe and Governor Curtis Guild.

It will therefore be seen that Mr. Taft has at least no occasion to feel ashamed of the religious fellowship of which he is a member.

THE TWISTED PROPHET.

William Jennings Bryan has exemplified more forcibly, perhaps, than any other man of modern times the soundness of the ancient rule: "Don't prophesy, unless ye know." Pleas consider this ominous sentence in a speech delivered by the Nebraska elocutionist in Washington, New Jersey, September 23, 1896:

"The gold standard means half time in the factories and it means double time on the farms.

There was no qualification, no saving clause, not even the little safety device of an "if" in that prophesy, though Mr. Bryan knows as well as the next man that there is great virtue in an "if." He submitted it without comparison or reservation. In the vernacular, he "played it straight."

What has been the result? Measured by experience, the gold standard means not half-time in the factories, but double time; work for an increased number of men, shorter hours of labor, and higher wages for all. For the farmer it means larger returns for all crops, more ease and a great increase in the value of his lands. Within a year after Mr Bryan spoke he was expressing "fear" lest the increase which had already taken place in the price of wheat should "tempt" the farmer to ask higher prices for his other products. He was equally "afraid" that wages would rise! He was the apostle of cheapness as an aid to prosperity. He had supported free trade as a means of making cheap men, and free silver as a means of keeping them cheap. Finally, in 1897, he seriously proposed to reduce the purchasing power of the dollar in order to cut prices down and make times good!

Now, as in 1896, Mr. Bryan is a prophet badly twisted. He prophesies several different sorts of ruin which can be averted only by electing him to the presidency. He proposes to benefit the country by placing restraints upon production and by placing our great system of distribution under the control of the government. He would check productive enterprise by preventing any corporation from controlling more than fifty per cent. of the total output of a given commodity, and he would stifle competition in transportation by creating a government monopoly of the carrying business.

Mr. Bryan is a temperate man, but he is now, as he was twelve years ago, intoxicated with the exuberance of his self-confidence. His own estimate of himself is that he is infallible, that he has never made a mistake in dealing with great public questions. The real danger of his candidacy is his sincere belief that his treatment of those questions has been always right, whereas events have proved it to have been always wrong.

Constructive Legislation.

There is no equivocation in the utterances of William H. Taft, no hodgepodge of denunciation and generalization such as that with which Bryan seeks to confuse his hearers and make them think that he is saying something when in fact he is only making a noise. In his speech at Sandusky, O., Wednesday, Sept. 9, Mr. Taft clearly set forth the principles which would guide his course as president. He would devote his best energies, he said, to constructive recommendations to congress for legislation which would clinch the Roosevelt policies of business honesty. At the same time he made it clear that the regulation by the government of interstate business should be not only sound in legal principle, but that the interpretation and enforcement of the law should be both clear and speedy, to the end that legitimate aggregation of capital should not be prevented or discouraged and that confidence in the commercial stability of the country should be on the firmest possible basis.

Construction, not destruction, will be the motive and inspiration of Taft's service in the White House. Construction has been his aim, the spur and inspiration of his public life from the beginning, and the presidency will make no change in his methods or his character. He will be the same Taft who held the scales of justice with absolute equity on the bench, who vindicated the right of labor to freedom of action and the right of business to protection from unjust interference.

He is the same Taft who converted the Filipinos from subdued and sullen enemies into loyal and cordial friends and extinguished the smoldering ashes of insurrection by gaining the hearts of the people; the same Taft who refused a seat on the supreme bench of the United States so that he might fulfill his duty to the Filipinos and not leave his task in the islands undone. He is the same Taft who adjusted with satisfaction to all concerned the question of the friars' lands and did full justice to the natives while dealing in a spirit of absolute fairness with those in whom rested the titles to the property. He is the same Taft who carried a message of peace across the Pacific and impressed the orientals with the fact that the United States, while prepared at all times to uphold the honor and dignity of the American name, was not grasping for territory and had no aggressive designs on the orient.

As the campaign goes on it is more and more evident that the American people fully appreciate their good fortune in the opportunity to elevate William H. Taft to the presidency and that the 3d of November will prove by an overwhelming majority for the Republican national candidates that the nation is glad to secure for the highest place in the land the talents which Mr. Taft has so eminently displayed throughout his public career and which have gained for him the esteem not only of his countrymen, but of the world.

ARE MARRIED AT HOME OF MINISTER

Miss Ada M. Fields and Mr. Lewis Uhl.

Miss Ada M. Fields, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Fields, of west Columbia street and Mr. Lewis Uhl were united in marriage at the home of Rev. E. F. W. Stellhorn, Saturday evening.

The bride is an attractive young woman with a large circle of friends in this city and at Richwood, where she formerly lived. The groom is a machinist. He is a son of Mrs. M. M. Austin, of west Columbia street, and well known in amateur baseball circles. The young people will make their future home in this city.

BRYAN UNSOUND AND MENACE TO COUNTRY

Frank H. Jones Renounces Bryan for Taft.

TAFT'S ELECTION MEANS PROSPERITY

Jones Is a Former Office Holder Under President Cleveland — Is Identified with the Democratic Party for the Past Thirty Years. Says He Will Support Taft.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 24.—Frank H Jones, secretary of the American Trust and Savings bank of Chicago, who under President Cleveland for four years as first assistant postmaster general, and who has been identified with the Democratic party for thirty years, has declared himself a warm supporter of Mr. Taft. In a signed interview given to the Republican national committee Mr. Jones gives his reasons for renouncing Mr. Bryan and the Democratic party. The interview is as follows:

"I shall vote for Mr. Taft because I believe his election will insure prosperity to the farmer, the mechanic, the business man and to the country generally.

"He is a wise, safe, conservative and courageous thinker on economic questions affecting the people and the public welfare.

"He has had large and responsible experience in public affairs and has discharged his many important public duties well, faithfully and patriotically with repeated proofs of his great administrative ability.

"He is a strong, forceful, straightforward man, direct and frank in speech and act, and without subterfuge or evasion. He is a man of the people, full of sympathy for his fellowmen, hating oppression and unfair dealings and devoted to the best development of this country on just and fair lines that shall insure to everyone his just and fair proportion of this country's prosperity.

"The country needs Mr. Taft to carry on the Roosevelt policies on calm, thoughtful, conservative but positive lines, influenced only by what he believes to be for the best and permanent good of the people and the maintenance of his government upon a righteous, upright and dignified plane.

"I have great respect for Mr. Bryan's personal character and patriotism, and as a public speaker he has few, if any, equals; but I regard him as an unsound and dangerous thinker on economic questions. Unsound because his public utterances for the last twelve years or more prove it; dangerous because he has the courage of his convictions and has a wonderful spellbinding oratorical power in advocating and advancing his views; but no position he has taken on economic questions for the last twelve years—unless it be the tariff, and on this he has wobbled some—has stood the test of time, thought and investigation, and one by one they have been repudiated by the people of this country as unsound and dangerous to their best interests.

"The Democratic party was a sound money party, but under the domination of Mr. Bryan it was forced into the unsound position of advocating the free and unlimited coinage of silver at 16 to 1, the adoption of which as a policy of this country meant the collapse of business, the cheapening of the purchasing power of wages and a blow to this this country it would have taken years to recover from, and if we are to judge by recent letters of Mr. Bryan this cheap money virus is still in his system.

"Mr. Bryan favored, and, so far as I know, still in his heart favors government ownership of railroads—a rank, paternal doctrine totally antagonistic to the teachings and beliefs of the old Democracy, unsound and dangerous on economic and administrative lines in a government such as ours, and totally inconsistent with our form of government.

"M. Bryan favors the guaranteeing of bank deposits, and has committed the Democratic party in its platform and in his public speeches to this unsound and dangerous doctrine. It must be admitted that on economic questions affecting the farmer, the mechanic, business and the country generally, either Mr. Bryan is dangerously unsound or he is willing to mislead the people and threaten their prosperity by advocating measures he knows to be unsound, merely because for the moment his views seem popular.

"I do not want to see the prosperity of this country threatened by unsound experimental policies such as Mr. Bryan's career proves he is too prone to indulge in.

"Business confidence must be maintained, the factories kept busy and labor employed, and the farmer must not be disturbed in the prosperity he is now enjoying.

"The calm, forceful, intelligent and conservative attitude of Mr. Taft in all of the important questions affecting the public good assures us of continued progress.

"To risk Mr. Bryan is dangerous to our business prosperity.

"Frank H. Jones."

HARM BRYAN COULD DO.

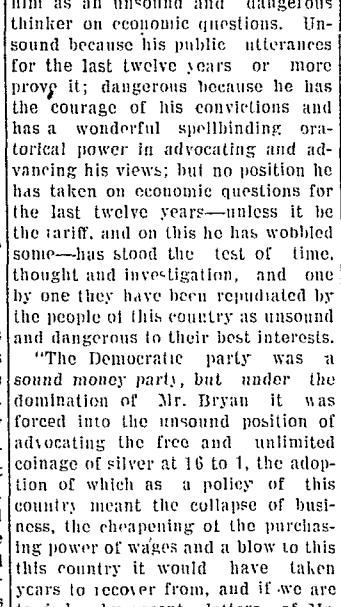
One of the most frequent and seemingly plausible arguments in behalf of Bryan's candidacy is that as president of the United States he could do no harm, because the senate and the house also, if Republican, would prevent him from having his own way. Would any sane business man in the United States entertain such a suggestion? He would reject it indignantly and rebuke the person making it. "What!" he would explain. "Place an untrustworthy person in charge of my affairs and trust to others to see that he is not allowed to injure me? The very idea is an insult to my common sense!"

Yet day in and day out, in newspaper articles, speeches and talk between man and man, the argument we have quoted is applied to the greatest office in the United States, the office the holder of which possesses more power, for good or ill, than any king or emperor and who can, even by a mere utterance, effect incalculable evil to business interests throughout the United States. It is substantially the only plea offered in behalf of Bryan to the business men of the country, and the persistence with which it is repeated suggests that those who present it think it is having some effect, or perhaps—which is more likely—it is the only plea they dare to present, conscious as they are of the utter unfitness of their candidate and of the futility of seeking to gain support for him on his merits as a public man.

It is a false plea, as false as it is shameless. Bryan in the White House could be and would be for four long years the most dangerous pest and plague the business interests of this nation have ever encountered. The lack of ballast in his political career up to date, his weather vane veering to this or that point of the compass to catch a promising breeze, his lightning somersaults from one political hobby to another, his plagiarism of any novelty that he thinks may attract the thoughtless—all these foreshadow the instability of his course should he achieve the aim of his ambition and prove the menace that his very presence in the White House would be to business interests.

Neither senate nor house could prevent him from doing irremediable harm, and business men who had been deceived into accepting him as harmless would have abundant time and leisure to repent.

What a contrast between the candidate whose strongest plea is that, if elected, he would be unable to do anything very bad because congress would not let him and William H. Taft, of whom President McKinley said, "I am sending Taft to the Philippines because he is the broadest and most unselfishly brave man I know and because he will carry the spirit of the constitution of the United States in his very blood"—Taft the statesman, held in esteem throughout the civilized world: the just judge and modest, sincere gentleman, "full," as one writer describes him, "of the knighthood under which the honor and strength of a great nation must be shielded in insidious peace as in open war." Nobody suggests that William H. Taft would need a congress to watch him or that any act of his would be a wrong or a menace to the business interests of law abiding citizens. Nobody has any doubt that Taft as president would be guided solely by his sense of duty, without regard to the bearing of his acts on his political or personal fortunes. In brief, nobody would dare to present in behalf of Taft the plea which is at once an apology for and an indictment of Bryan.



EDWARD S. AULT.

Edward S. Ault, the present county surveyor who is running for re-election, will probably poll a record-breaking vote. Mr. Ault is by many considered the best surveyor the county has ever had. Democrats and Republicans alike are enthusiastic in their support of this capable young Republican. He lives in Marion, and has a host of friends.

License Issued.

The Lima Republican-Gazette says a marriage license has been granted there to S. L. Drake, of Marion, and Mrs. Teresa McBella, of Lima. She is thirty-six and he is thirty. Drake's name does not appear in the city directory.

TRIBUTE IS PAID TO WILLIAM H. TAFT

China Apologizes for American Boycott.

TAFT SECURES THE REQUIRED APOLOGY

Judge Taft Signally Honored by Recognition of His Efforts To Bring About Permission of the Boxer Indemnity—National Friendship Is Reaffirmed Through Him.

It was through Mr. Taft, when he was in Shanghai last fall, that the Chinese apologized for the American boycott that was instituted in the kingdom a few years ago and expressed their appreciation of the remission by our government of the indemnity granted because of the Boxer rebellion. When it became known that Mr. Taft was coming to Shanghai representatives of all the Chinese guilds in the city met and arranged to give him a suitable reception. The guilds in China control every branch of commercial activity and united form in every city and community a thoroughly representative body. Each of the scores of guilds in Shanghai took part in the demonstration to Mr. Taft. For the purpose the beautiful Yuyuen gardens in Bubbling Well road were obtained. Governmental cognizance of the greeting to Mr. Taft was through the vicarious participation of Tuan Fang, viceroy of the Liangkiang province, in which Shanghai is. The viceroy ordered his representative, the taotai tong, to spare no expense in arranging a suitable reception for Mr. Taft and to present the bills to him.

Americans long resident in Shanghai agreed that no such signal honors had ever been paid to another foreigner by the Chinese. A heavy rainfall, which began the previous night, threatened to mar or wholly prevent the garden party. At great cost and an expenditure of labor the committee completely roofed over with canvas a good share of the gardens, including long walks and paths, so that Mr. Taft and the other guests were enabled to move about freely, fully protected from the storm.

All of the speakers referred to the obligations under which China had been laid by the remission of the Boxer indemnity and the contributions made by Americans for the relief of victims of the recent famine in China. Mr. Taft was cheered and applauded for several minutes when he said:

"When I was here a little more than two years ago there was just a little bit of mist, a little bit of fog, in the clear sunshine of our friendship. But we gave assurances at that time which I am glad to say have been carried out on the one hand, and on the other there is every evidence that the mist has cleared away. The boycott is a thing of the past. It is a closed episode."

Two young Chinese ladies bore forward a massive silver bowl and presented it to Mr. Taft as a memento of his visit. The bowl, which was a rare specimen of Chinese silver work, was inscribed, "Presented to the Honorable William H. Taft, Secretary of War of the United States of America, as a Memento of the Garden Party Given In His Honor by the Chinese Residents of Shanghai."

Copious comments were printed by the eastern press upon the reception by the Chinese to Mr. Taft and its significance as a tribute to the man and as a renewal of the old time bonds of amity between the nations.

Gas Convenience Kerosene Economy

And a Better Light Than Either

Is found in the

ANGLE LAMP

NO SMOKE, NO ODOR, AND NO UNDERSHADOW

"I have Angle Lamps in every room in the house," writes Mr. W. D. Manross, Vineyard Haven, Mass "It is the most satisfactory light I have yet tried, and I have used gas, electricity, gasoline and acetylene. I nearly lost my eyesight a few years ago studying by electric light.

This is the First Satisfactory Light

to read by I have yet found. The lamps are greatly admired by every one who comes in."

The Angle Lamp is not an improvement on the old style lamp, but entirely new principle of oil lighting, which has made common kerosene (or coal oil) the most satisfactory of all lighting methods. Safer and more reliable than gasoline or acetylene, yet as convenient to operate as gas or electricity.

The Angle Lamp is lighted and extinguished like gas May be turned high or low without odor. No smoke, no danger, filled while lighted and without moving. Requires filling but once or twice a week. It floods the room with a beautiful, soft, mellow, eye-restful light that has no equal.

An "Angle Lamp" department will locate soon in your own town, Marion. Watch this paper for our locality and call and see this wonderful lamp in operation.

IT WILL PLEASE YOU

Remember that it is guaranteed to be cheaper than your old fashion coal oil lamp and as convenient as gas.

WALTER M. GLENN

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JUDGES AND CLERKS FOR NEXT ELECTION

Board of Elections Confirms the List.

THOSE TO SERVE IN CITY AND COUNTY

In the Rural Precincts the Officials Will Receive Three Dollars a Day. In the City They Will Be Paid Five Dollars a Day—Appointments for the Precincts.

Board of elections has confirmed the various Republican and Democratic appointments of judges and clerks in the county and city precincts for the November election. In the rural precincts the officials will receive three dollars a day and in the city they will receive five dollars a day.

The appointments follow:

Big Island—Pearl Wood, R. P. J; Samuel Graceley, R. J; Hornby Irey, R C; William Ikensee, D. J; William Kennedy, D. J; Orren McClellen, D. C.

Bowling Green—J. H. Raub, D. P. J; John Frederick, D. J; H. M. Sylvester, D. C; William Marsh, R. J; William Kinnamon, R. J; Earnest Converse, R. C.

Claridon North—John Baldinger, R P. J; Henry Schiveley, D. J; Christ Koch, D. C; Heath Garberson, R. J; Thomas Shensey, R. J; Ralph Donce, R. C.

Caledonia—Thomas Gruber, D. P. J. John Stafford, D. J; Hurley Hart, D C; H. E Decker, R. J; John Fehl, R J; Silas Doyle, R. C.

Claridon South—Walter Williams, R P. J, L. G. Irey, R. J; H. M. Fetter, R. C; William Williams, D. J; C. M. Cline, D. J; William Retterer, D. C.

Grand—P S Clixby, D. P. J; J. H. Luft, D. J; Alpha McIntire, D. C; Frank Titus, R. J; J. L. Hastings, R. J; Charles Bowers, R. C.

Green Camp—S. J. Schwaderer, D. P J; John Anselman, D. J; W. L Tilton, D. C; L. C. Porter, R. J; J. N. Johnson, R. J; E. O. Smith, R. C.

Green Camp—W. N. Porter, R. P. J, A. E. Northup, R. J; Carl McNeal, R. C, I. A. Boxwell, D. J; A. W. Augenstine, D. C; Elmer Black, D. C.

Green Camp Village—W. N. Porter, R P. J, A. E. Northup, R. J; Carl McNeal, R. C; I. A. Boxwell, D. J; A. W. Augenstine, D. J; Elmer Black, D. C.

Grand Prairie—Otis Brooks, R. P. J. C. W. Mapes, R. J; J. P. Robinson, R C; Peter Bear, D. J; David Powell, D. J; J K. Leeper, D. C.

Marion North—S. E. Shepherd, R. P. J; T. E. Andrews, R. J; Streeter B. Smith, R. C; Neal Dwyer, D J; Chas. Peterson, D. J; O. P. Linn, D C.

Marion South—John B. Conley, D. P. J; W F. Mack, D. J; Geo. Parish, D C, Sidney Gruber, R. J; Phillip Shrock, R. J; U. G. Lawerance, R. C.

First A—W. A. Clemons, R. J., Peter Sells, R. J., Pearl Sells, R. C., W. P. Moloney, D. J., Bert Harper, D J., Karl Reiff, D. C.

First B—Clay Harvey, R. J., Edson Beltz, R. J., Willis Spaulding, R. C. F. A. Schroeter, D. J., D. M. Hinamon, D. J., R. A. Burke, D. C.

First C—Frank M. Smith, R. J., Herbert Ireland, R. J., William Kerr, R. C., George W. Neely, D. J., John W. Navin, D. J., James Thatcher, D. C.

First D—E. L. McKinley, R. J., John Byers, R. J., James Harriman, R. C., George O'Donnell, D. J., John W. Clark, D. J., John H. Dwyer, D. C.

First E—Oral Quaintance, R. J., Willis Bowers, R. J., Charles Walter, R. C., A. F. Moon, D. J., Samuel Croft, D. J., John Ebert, D. C.

Second A—Thomas Griffin, R. J., C. B. Shetterly, R. J., D. S. Warner, R. C, Dennis F. Ryan, D. J., D. F. Maloney, D. J., E. F. Cusic, D. C.

Second B—Clarence Gallegher, R. J, Harvey Davis, R. J., E. E. Blazer, R C, Thomas J. Mead, D. J., Michael Mora, D. J., R. L. Goetting, D. C.

Second C—Lowell J. Smith, R. J, Joseph Monnett, R. J., Ernest Alline, R C, Charles Schneider, D. J., James P. Lutz, D. J., D. A. Molloy, D. C.

Third A—S. N. Titus, R. J., J. W. Hungate, R. J., DeWitte Vestal, R. C., William J. Fies, D. J., J. G. Koechler, D. J., B. F. Shurz, D. C.

Third B—J. W. Doyer, R. J., Edward Dorward, R. J., Carroll Davidson, R. C, Charles Harraman, D. J., William Morgenthaler, D. J., L. W. Tron, D C.

Third C—J. M. Davidson, R. J., John Bland, R. J., John Davis, R. C., Cyrus Russell, D. J., James K. Redd, D J, Charles Kraner, D. C.

Third D—Earl Sargent, R. J., W. W. Reading, R. J., John Tuttle, R. C., S L. Davis, D. J., H. L. Brobeck, D. J. R G Thompson, D. C.

Third E—Charles Mouser, R. J., William Ballentine, R. J., Harry Lott, R C, George W. Robertson, D. J., S E Hain, D. J., E. S. Hockman, D. C.

Fourth A— Samuel Smith, R. J., George Rayl, R. J., Earl Smith, R. C., F. J. Longshore, D. J., M. H. Porch, D. J., W. E. Schoenlaub, D. C.

Fourth B—Henry H. Stone, R. J., Carroll May, R. J., Frank M. Knapp, R. C, William R. Waddell, D. J., Lewis Albrecht, D. J., E. E. Schoenlaub, D. C.

Fourth C—Elmer Knauss, R. J., Harry D. Stone, R. J., Harry Mason, R. C., Harley E. Peters, D. J., J. R. Smith, D J., Oscar Lusch, D. C.

LaRue—A E. Wise, R. P. J; H. N. Davis, R. J; L. G. Copeland, R. C; A. J. Manley, D. J; A. Armine, D. J; W. F. Kniffin, D. C.

Montgomery, East—Byron Sorden, R. P. J; Thomas Chapman, R. J; E. E. Thomas, R. C; S. D. Southwick, D. J; Charles Roux, D. J; John Tron, D. C.

Montgomery West—E. E. Everett, R. P. J; E. E. Riley, R. J; Harry Topliff, R. C; M. G. Day, D. J; H H. Freeman, D. J; R. C. Smith, D. C.

Morral—Herm Martin, R. P. J; O. Washburn, R. J; Carl Postel, R C; John Allison, D. J; J. P. Brady, D. J; C. C. Cline, D. C.

New Bloomington—W. G. Dutton, D. P. J; Chauncey Godfrey, D. J; E. L. Schultz, D. C; R. E. Prettyman, R. J; C. E. Cooper, R. J; W. F. Bain, R. C.

Pleasant—John P. Thibaut, D. P. J; H. L. Mautz, D. J; James H. Oswald, D. C; William Mitchell, R. J; James Johnson, R. J; George Myers, R. C.

Prospect—F. B. Behrens, D. P. J, J. H. Thibaut, D. J; Harry Landon, D. C; Ephriam Mehaffey, R. J; O. E. Thomas, R. J; H. N. Mounts, R. C.

Prospect Village—John, Merchant, D. P. J; C. Neumaier, D. J; Leon Cope, D. C; Thomas Mason, R. J; Samuel H. Gast, R. J; Clarence W. Griffiths, R. C.

Richland—W. J. Kuehner, D. P. J; Jacob Loyer, D. J; Philip Ruehrmund, D. C; Wesley M. King, R. J; Joseph Klinefelter, R. J; Robert L. Sweeney, R. C

Salt Rock—W. B. Gumpf, R. P. J; H. E. Washburn, R. J; R. H. Thompson, R. C; J. K. Brady, D. J; Rice Moberly, D. J; William Wilson, D. C.

Scott—A. C. Ludwig, D. P. J; William J. Weir, D. J; D. A. Tobias, D. C; J. W. Mathews, R J; J. H. Daley, R. J; Lon. Mounett, R. C.

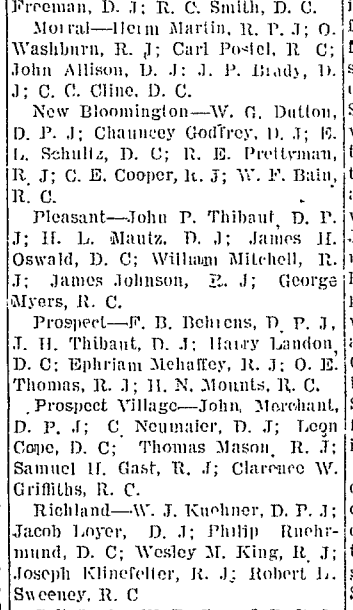
Tally—Thomas Weidemaier, D P. J; Elric Ireland, D. J; William Reeder, D. C; Zenith Emcheiser, R. J; Samuel Stouffer, R. J; Melvin Reed, R. C.

Waldo—C. H. Knickel, D. P. J; George Schweinfurth, D. J; W. H. Smith, D. C; John Grigsby, R. J; A. E. Briggs, R. J; T. W. Wyatt, R. C.

Waldo Village—William Kraner, D. P. J; Milo Francis, D. J; Pearl Akron, D. C; D. W. Benedict, R. J; J R. Ellmaker, R. J; W. S. Corbin, R. C.

Men's all solid work shoes, heavy or light weights—congress or lace—sold for $1.45 by Beatty & Long. 1

If you would be farsighted you must learn to live on the heights.



DANIEL SEITER.

The Republicans of Marion county have another good official who comes up for reelection in the person of Daniel Seiter, who is running for county commissioner. Seiter has been an ever faithful member of the board, and never has failed the people of the county. He is known as the guardian of the county's funds.

L. M. THOMPSON.

Big Island's representative on the Republican ticket is L. M. Thompson, candidate for county commissioner Mr. Thompson is known throughout the county as a successful farmer and as a man in every way qualified to make an excellent commissioner. he has been over the county and canvassed for support. His friends predict his election by a big vote.

AN IMPORTANT BRANCH OF MILITARY SERVICE

What the Marine Corps Really Stands For.

SERVICE IS RICH IN TRADITIONS

The Oldest Part of the Military Service of the United States—The Members of the Marine Corps Live a Great Life and Are Known All Over the World.

There is a branch of Uncle Sam's military service which our people, especially in the interior states, know little about. Vague ideas of them are conveyed by the news oft read in the newspapers, "The marines have landed."

Before 1898 the word marine conveyed to the public mind the celebrated band which belongs to this corps, and which gave Sousa his early musical training and made him a great leader.

Since 1898, when we began to stretch our arms across the sea, we are beginning to hear more about these strange soldiers of fortune. which have been called our president's "Big Stick."

Not many people understand just what these men are, what they do and their excuse for existence. Yet the marine corps is our oldest military organization. It was organized by the continental congress in 1775 and has had a continuous existence ever since. When our country was without either army or navy in its early years this faithful corps was its only defense. No service has richer traditions. It has always been true to its motto, "Semper Fidelis." Every war has added to its laurels. During the revolutionary war, and in the war of 1812, the marines formed part of our regular land forces as well as fought on our vessels. The Seminole war in Florida called for their services, and with Scott in Mexico they stormed the various fortresses and the halls of the Montezumas. In our civil war they first appeared with Colonel Lee at Harper's Ferry where they prevented the capture of the citadel by John Brown, the Confederate marines under the same distinguished leader made their final bow to the public at Appomattox. Their services in the late years ashore and afloat, against Spain in 1898, in Cuba and the Philippines, in China in 1900, in Panama in late years, in San Francisco during and after the fire, and in Cuba last year, are fresh in our minds.

But it does not require campaigns or wars to give these fellows strange experiences. Since our attention is directed to Japan, few people know that even in that country there is a garrison of marines. The United States has a concession in Yokohama on which is established a naval hospital where our sailors and marines are sent to convalesce from tropical diseases contracted in the Orient. This hospital is guarded by a company of marines, so that even in far away Japan our uniforms are shown and our flag displayed.

In Peking, China, in order to prevent any violence against foreign legations each nation furnishes a guard of troops for mutual defense. Our marines here are associated with marines or soldiers of all nations joined together for mutual support Their clubs are meeting places for Americans, English, Germans, French, Russian, Spanish, Japanese, and even Belgians and Italians chum together.

Out in Samoa in the middle of the Pacific, one of our outposts, our only military body, is a troop of natives called Fita-Fitas. These were organized and are commanded by Sergeant Cox of the marine corps.

This able non-commissioned officer recently lost his life during a storm that swept the island. He was out with his men rescuing the helpless when a landslide swept him away. Another marine will be chosen to succeed him.

Along the coast of the Philippines are several lighthouses. At each lighthouse are sergeants of marines in command of detachments strong enough to protect these places. These sergeants are monarchs of all they survey. Kings of the islands and lords of the inhabitants, their will is law and they are regarded by the natives as real chiefs. Many curious tales could these kingly Americans unfold.

On board the men-of-war, each of which has a number of marines, these are clannish fellows, they no longer allow the sailors "to tell it to the marines." They are a proud and haughty lot and jealous of the corps. Among each other they pride themselves on being the best fellows in the world. A visiting marine is taken into the bosom of their companionship and before taking leave of each other they join in chorus with their corp song. * * *

DON'T GO HOME WITHOUT A STAR.

Whenever you are in Marion on Saturday afternoons, don't go home without a Daily Star. It has 16 to 20 pages of interesting reading matter, enough to last all day Sunday. Two cents per copy of newsboys or at the Star office. 30-wky-tf

CHARLES L. ALLEN.

Charles L. Allen, running on the Republican ticket for reelection as county auditor, needs no introduction to the voters of the county. His first term speaks for itself. He has put his office on a most systematic basis, making it an easy matter for the people of the county to be quickly put in touch with any information desired. Allen's election is practically assured.

ARE PREPARING FOR THE ANNUAL MEETING

A Big Display of Poultry and Pet Stock Promised.

The Greater Marion Poultry & Pet Stock association has arranged to hold its annual show in the old Baptist church November 17 to 20. This building affords more space than any other available place.

O. Wollenweber, J. V. Wilson and A. Klerx have been appointed as a committee on building and lights. This year's show will have the largest list of specials and regular prizes offered in the state. Already entries from four states have been sent in. The management expects a record-breaking entry list.

Charles McClure and Thomas Faulkner, renowned as judges for such shows, have been engaged.

SAMUEL MILLER IS CLAIMED BY DEATH

His Demise Is the Result of a Long Illness.

Caledonia, Oct. 24.—[Special.]—Samuel Miller died at his home two miles southwest of Denmark, this morning at 5 o'clock. Mr. Miller was aged eighty-five years, eleven months and five days. He had been a sufferer of kidney trouble during the past year. The deceased is survived by a widow and one son, Henry Miller, three daughters having preceded him to the grave.

The funeral will be held from the late residence, Sunday afternoon, at 1 o'clock, and interment will be made in the Rice cemetery, one mile south south of here.

To the Stockholders of the Morral Telephone Company.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Morral Telephone company, of Morral, Ohio, has this date been called for by a majority of the Board of Directors, to be held in the store room of C. J. Schultz, Morral, Ohio, Tuesday, November 17th, 1908, at 2 p. m., for the purpose of closing up its business and surrendering and abandoning its corporate authority as provided by law.

C. J. Schultz, secretary.
Morral, Ohio, Oct. 17th, 1908.
23-wk-1

Save your health and ride with comfort by buying a Merkel storm top, the lightest and most convenient top made. Order early to insure prompt delivery. Over 100 orders taken in the past 60 days. The Houghton-Merkel Co., Marion, O.
183-s&wk-tf

Ditch Is Granted.

The petition for the O. P. Linn tile ditch in Marion township has been granted by the county commissioners. The final hearing will be held December 15. The proposed ditch will be about one mile long when completed.

W. H. HOLVERSTOTT.

W. H. Holverstott, Republican candidate for reelection as county commissioner is one of the best officials the county has had for years. He will undoubtedly be returned to the board.

MASONIC GRAND LODGE TRANSACTS BUSINESS

Annual Meeting Is Held in the Queen City.

OFFICERS ELECTED FOR COMING YEAR

Arrangements Are Made To Present a Past Grand Master's Jewel to Retiring Grand Master G. D. Copeland—The Presentation Is To Be Made in This City Next Month.

At the third and final session of the century-old Grand Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons of Ohio, at Cincinnati, Thursday, C. S. Hoskinson, of Zanesville, was elected most worshipful grand master of the Grand lodge to succeed George D. Copeland, of this city.

In Masonic Grand lodge elections it is customary to advance the second ranking officer and the senior warden, leaving the junior wardenship to be selected. With this rule prevailing Right Worshipful Senior Warden B. F. Perry, Jr., of Jefferson, was elevated to right worshipful deputy grand master and Right Worshipful Junior Warden Harry S. Kissell, of Springfield, to Mr. Perry's old place. District Lecturer Thomas B. Gilteau, of Toledo, was elected right worshipful junior warden.

Judge Jacob H. Bromwell, of Cincinnati, was reelected grand secretary for the twenty-first consecutive time, and Grand Treasurer R. R. Rickly, of Columbus, was also reelected. Prior to the close of the session, which adjourned shortly after noon, the newly-elected officers were installed by Past Grand Master William B. Melish.

The appointive officers are:

Edward S. Griffiths, Cleveland, right worshipful grand orator; W. W. Hamilton, Washington Court House, right worshipful grand marshal; Byron S Fogle, Lima, worshipful senior deacon; Frak H. Marquis, Mansfield, worshipful junior deacon, and Ril T. Baker, Greenville, grand tyler. Each of these officers have been district lecturers and their places will be filled by appointment in about one month.

The tellers of election were Alfred Knight, Hugo Straus, William S. Little, Cincinnati; Bryan S. Fogle, Lima; W. W. Hamilton, Washington Court House; Fred E Harmon, Cleveland; W. T. S. O'Hara, Toledo; Lewis M. Lee, Sandusky; O. B. Hannan, Lakewood, and Charles J. Pretzman, of Columbus.

Retiring Grand Master George D. Copeland will be presented a gold past grand master's jewel in this city, probably some time next month. Nelson Williams, of Hamilton; Horace Irvin, of Dayton, and Frank Harmon, of Cleveland, were appointed members of a committee to procure a jewel and arrange for its presentation. The Marion delegation were assured by the committee that the presentation ceremonies would take place in this city, when many of the Grand lodge officers will be present.

MYRON T. HERRICK AT CHISHOLM HOME

Ex-Governor Is Visitor in the City Sunday.

Former Governor Myron T. Herrick came to town in his automobile from Cleveland, Sunday evening, and spent the night at the home of Dr. and Mrs. H. Chisholm of east Center street. After breakfasting at the Chisholm home, ex-Governor Herrick left, Monday morning, for Columbus, where he addressed a meeting of bankers, Monday night, in the interest of Taft.

School shoes, good qualities, low prices—styles equal to the best made—sold by Beatty & Long. 1t

F. A. Stengle, optician S. State St.
210-e&wk.

Old Coughs

Keep in close touch with your family doctor. No medicine was ever made that could take his place. Trust him at all times.

Old coughs, desperate coughs, rasping coughs, extremely perilous coughs, coughs that shake the whole body. It takes a strong medicine, a doctor's medicine, to master such coughs. A great many people rely on Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

A little better furniture for a little less money.

Schaffner's.

208 and 212 South Main St.

The Bank Keeps Your Books.

If you are administrator of an estate, guardian, treasurer of a church or lodge, and are under the necessity of making reports frequently, we would suggest that you deposit your receipts in this bank and make all disbursement by check. No charge for the bank books. We want you to do your banking business here.

The Marion County Bank Company
Capital and Surplus $321,000.00.

W. H. SCHAFFNER President — C. D SCHAFFNER, Cashier
G. D. COPELAND, Vice-Pres. — C. C. FISHER, Vice-Pres. — O. E. KENNEDY, Asst. Cashier
HENRY A. TRUE — DIRECTORS — G. B. CHRISTIAN, Sr.
C. C. FISHER — W. G. HARDING — H. ACKERMAN
G. D. COPELAND — J. G. LEFFLER — W. H. SCHAFFNER — W B. FISHER

Borrowers Accorded Every Accommodation Consistent With Safety.

IN JUDGING A BANK

Always remember that it is capital and surplus that give security to the depositor. Capital and surplus form a fund standing between the depositor and any possible shrinkage in the securities held by the bank.

The capital and surplus of this bank amount to $290,000.00, a margin of safety that assures absolute security to those who entrust money to us

The Marion National Bank.

Buy the Best and Take No Chance

The New John Deere Horse Lift Riding Cultivator for sale by

The HOUGHTON-MERKEL CO., Marion, O.

YOU ARE GOING TO BUY

Stockers and Feeding Cattle

THIS SEASON

You want to buy where you can get the best cattle for the least money. Write or wire at once to

JOHN J. LAWLER

163 EXCHANGE BUILDING

UNION STOCK YARDS, CHICAGO

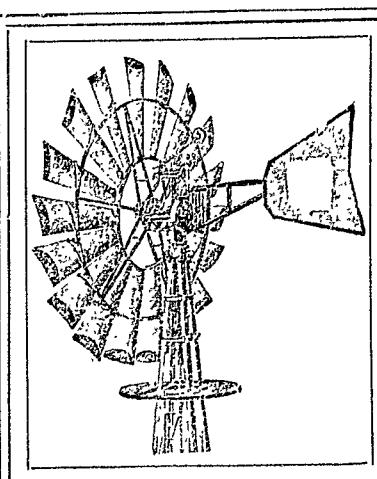
Sound, safe, conservative, strict honesty and a square deal guaranteed.

ESTABLISHED OVER 25 YEARS

REFERENCES: Live Stock Exchange National Bank, Chicago
Any Mercantile Agency
Thousands of our satisfied customers

We handle more stockers and feeders than any firm in the world. A big selection at all times. Sales, 40 to 50 loads daily.

Come to Chicago and we will sell direct to you, or order at once by mail or telegram and we will ship just what you want direct to you at lowest market prices. Write at once for our plan of filling orders. We can save you money. Write us for quotations of prices before you buy.



Baker Wind Pumps and Engines

More Baker's are today in use in Marion county than any other—and everyone is satisfactory

Baker Wind Mills are make of first-class material and possess more power, work in lighter winds, and capable of enduring harder service than any other mill of the same class, and when erected in the proper manner and given proper care, to withstand any winds that do not damage substantial building in the neighborhood.

Built for service, sold and guaranteed, by

The Kling Hardware Co.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

ANOTHER CHAPTER IN THE PROCEEDING

Reply of the Clinton Foundry & Machine Company.

THE COMPANY ASKS FOR AN INJUNCTION

Seeks To Restrain the City from Using the Crematory in the Burning of Its Refuse—Suit of Alice J. Harris Against Traction Company. Court Notes.

Another chapter in Marion's municipal garbage and sewage disposal plant matter was furnished in the common pleas court, Saturday, when Attorneys Crissinger & Guthery filed the answer of the Clinton Foundry & Machine company, of Pennsylvania, to the answer and cross-petition of the auditor of state in the suit of the Marion National bank against the City of Marion, the Clinton Foundry & Machine company and others.

In its answer the Clinton Foundry & Machine company denies that it entered into a pretended contract with the city, but avers that on November 2, 1904, it made a written contract for the construction of a sewage disposal plant at a cost of $56,738. The defendant admits that the board of public service employed George H. Pierson to prepare plans and specifications and drawings for such a plant and employed him as consulting engineer, but denies that at the time of Pierson's appointment he was vice president, general manager or engineer of the answering defendant. Denial is also made of the allegation that Pierson prepared and presented to the service board certain drawings, plans and specifications for a garbage crematory in addition to those for a sewage disposal works, but that, on the contrary, there was provided a refuse incinerator or crematory to take care and in which to burn the sludge, refuse and solid matter resulting from sewage passing into the sewage plant. According to the answer, W. H. Bennett, president of the defendant company, and S. M. Smack, entered into the contract for the construction of the plant and not Pierson. It is also denied that Pierson supervised its construction, it being averred that the work was done under the supervision of the board of public service.

The answering defendant asks the court to dismiss the answer and cross petition of the state auditor; that all money sought to be recovered by him for the city be declared the property of the defendant, and that the city be enjoined from further using the incinerator or crematory for any purposes whatever.

In the suit of Alice J. Harris against the Columbus, Delaware & Marion Railway company, the plaintiff has filed a reply to the answer of the defendant, making a general denial.

Judge B. G. Young, of the common pleas court, Saturday, confirmed the sale made by Receiver H. B. Hane, of the Implement Manufacturing company, of the sawmill machinery, engine and boiler and the tools thereto to the Marion Steam Shovel company, the highest bidder, for $275.

The fight between the board of public service and the owners of the ground adjacent to the market-house on Prospect street over the erection of a barbed wire fence reached the common pleas court, October 23, when Judge B. G. Young granted the John Evans Lime & Stone company an injunction temporarily restraining the city of Marion from interfering with the fence.

The receivership suit of Walter W. Klingle against Walter L. Waddell was dismissed by Judge Young in the common pleas court, October 23, The plaintiff and defendant were partners in a threshing outfit. A settlement has been made out of court.

BRYAN'S INTOLERANCE.

About the only plausible excuse for the curious belief of Mr. Bryan's managers that he will receive the support this year of the honest money Democrats, who revolted against his candidacy in 1896, is the gratuitous assumption that they have either forgotten or condoned the scornful sneers with which he bowed them out of the party. The contempt with which he bade them go is illustrated in the following extract from his speech at Kingston Point, New York, August 24, 1896:

"The man who advocates the gold standard in this country is a man without a party, and the man who thinks the gold standard is a bad thing, but that the nation must suffer under it until some other nation comes to our relief, will be a man without a party after this election if I am anything of a prophet."

On every available occasion during his campaign Mr. Bryan insulted and berated those members of the Democracy who left the party because they could not conscientiously support his policies. He notified them to take their baggage along with them and not to expect to be taken back into the party. He declared that those who favored the gold standard had "stained their hands in the sins of plutocracy and used the party organization for private gain and their country for public plunder."

Mr. Bryan has never acknowledged that the revolt of the honest money Democrats was animated by conscience rather than by political motives. He is either too obtuse or too intolerant to recognize the fact that party lies are not binding upon the individual when in his judgment obedience to them involves a betrayal of moral principle.

This is one of Mr. Bryan's fundamental errors. It is traceable to a temperamental defect which renders him incapable of distinguishing between the rights of parties and the rights of the party man as an individual. With him the voice of the party majority is supreme and absolute. The voice of the party minority, though it be the voice of conscience, is nothing. Mr. Bryan's position always has been that the Democrat who because of conscientious scruples opposed him in 1896 committed an act of party treason.

The Democratic revolt against Mr. Bryan was remarkable not only for its moral strength and dignity, but for the high average of intelligence and patriotism among its members. Those are vital forces which must be utterly stifled before Mr. Bryan can hope for the return of those who repudiated his standard. If he imagines that they can be overcome by sophistry, by the sunny smile of condescension and welcome or by the weird political hypnotism with which he mesmerizes the unthinking he is making the monumental blunder of his career.

SUPPOSED PROSPECT YOUTH IS ASSAULTED

Harry Selines Tells the Columbus Police a Story.

The Ohio State Journal of Sunday says: After he was assaulted and robbed, Harry Selines, aged eighteen, of Prospect, was thrown into the Olentangy river, northwest of the city, at 11:30 o'clock yesterday morning. He arrived at the city prison with a bloodstained bandage on his forehead and asked for lodging, which was granted. He will return home as soon as he can secure enough cash to purchase a railroad ticket.

Selines says he left the Hocking Valley train at Elmwood, intending to walk the rest of the distance to Columbus.

He was crossing a bridge northwest of the city when he noticed the approach of two men. One picked up a club and struck him on the forehead, then both men searched his pockets. They took thirty-five cents, a mouth organ and a knife. Then they picked the half-conscious youth from the road and threw him into the shallow water of the river.

The cold water revived Selines and he went to the office of a physician in the North End, where several bad cuts on the forehead were dressed.

Selines worked for a farmer named Crawford at Prospect and makes his home with his employer.

An investigation of the Prospect end of the story, Monday, developed that the young man either gave an assumed name or is not from Prospect. No person of the name given resides in the vicinity of the village.

A man has to be a champion liar to prove how his vegetable garden pays.

A man never deserves as good a wife as he gets, nor a woman as poor a husband.

TIME IS THE TEST.

The Testimony of Marion People Stands the Test.

The test of time is what tells the tale. The public soon finds out when misrepresentations are made, and merit alone will stand the test of time.

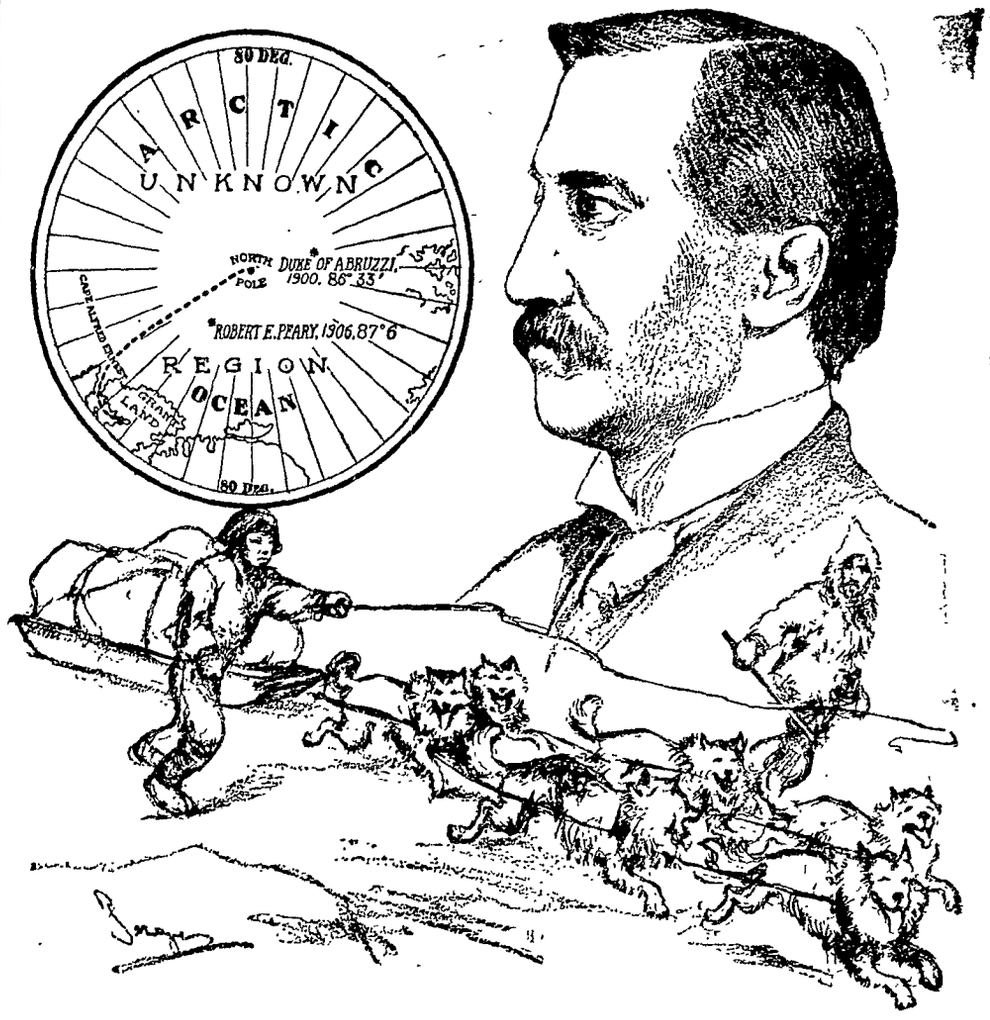
Marion people appreciate merit, and many months ago local citizens publicly endorsed Doan's Kidney Pills: they do so still. Would a citizen make the statement which follows unless convinced that the article was just as represented? A cure that lasts is the kind that every sufferer from kidney ills is looking for

Mrs. L. L. Holverstott formerly of 633 Park St., Marion, O., says: "Doan's Kidney Pills procured at Flocken's drug store removed a lameness from my back and strengthened the kidneys so that I no longer have any trouble from these organs. The nervousness, sleeplessness and languor which had bothered me so much also left me after I used this remedy. No other preparation I ever used brought me so much relief as Doan's Kidney Pills."

The above statement was given in October, 1899, and on June 25, 1904 Mrs Holverstott added the following: "I am glad to confirm my previous testimony and to state that since I used Doan's Kidney Pills I have been enjoying my proper rest at night and have been doing my work about the house without the least pain or inconvenience."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.



ARCTIC EXPLORER WHOSE DASH FOR THE POLE ATTRACTS ATTENTION OF WHOLE WORLD.

The fate of Dr. Frederick E. Cook, the daring American arctic explorer, and the possibility that he may reach, if he has not already reached, the north pole, are interesting scientists the world over. Dr. Cook, whose home is in Brooklyn, went to the arctic zone last year on a hunting expedition. While at Etah he decided upon a dash for the pole and started, accompanied only by eight Eskimos, by way of Cape Hubbard. He was last heard from on March 17 last, when he sent a letter back by an Eskimo messenger. Cook was then on the polar ice north of Cape Hubbard and 560 miles from the pole. He was well equipped with supplies, sledges and dogs, and arctic experts say he was in a fair way to reach the goal. Rudolph Francke, whom Cook left at Annortok, received the letter of March 17 and reached civilization with it only a few days ago. This map shows the course by which Dr. Cook hoped to reach the pole.

BRYAN AND INJUNCTION.

In his demand for the abolition of the writ of injunction as a judicial process, Mr. Bryan manifests the same broad and comprehensive ignorance that characterizes his opinions on other elementary questions of law. He contends that the issue of the injunction in controversies affecting labor is necessarily prejudicial to the interests of the workingman, though there is actually no more real support for that view than there is for a similar contention concerning the writ of habeas corpus. Mr. Bryan expressed himself on this point in his speech in Madison Square garden, New York, August 30, 1906, in the course of which he said:

"The main purpose of the injunction is to evade a trial by jury."

Nothing could be further from the fact than that. Mr. Bryan has never dazzled the country, as a lawyer, but has had some practice, and if he had given such a definition of the injunction when he was examined for admission to the bar he would have been considered a stupid blockhead.

Mr. Bryan knows, as does every sane man, that the main purpose of the injunction is to preserve the status quo until the matter in controversy can be adjudicated by more exhaustive, but less rapid, processes. The injunction in itself is prejudicial to no legitimate interest whatever. It issues to an individual as readily as to a group of individuals, and may be invoked for the protection of the weak just as may be the ancient writ of habeas corpus. The correct judicial view of the injunction was expressed by William Howard Taft in the course of his famous speech in Cooper Institute, New York, January 10, 1908. In response to his invitation to the audience to ask such questions as they considered pertinent to his discussion of labor interests, someone inquired:

"Why should not a black-listed laborer be allowed an injunction as well as a boycotted capitalist?"

Mr. Taft's reply was short, sharp, decisive and entirely characteristic. He said:

"He ought to be, and if I were on the bench I would give him an injunction mighty quick."

The attitude of Mr. Bryan and the attitude of Mr. Taft on the question of injunctions are as unlike as darkness and daylight. Mr. Bryan would absolutely abolish a legal writ which has been invoked in hundreds of cases to protect the weak against the strong. Mr. Taft would preserve it along with other processes approved by time and experience, making it available equally to employer and employee, thus maintaining all its vitality in the administration of justice.

Mr. Bryan is a chronic meddler in the established agencies of enforcing the law, and he is a dangerous meddler because he is an ignorant one. Mr. Taft stands for the integrity of those agencies and insists that when modified it must be by jurists rather than by pettifoggers.

Some married men are diplomatic enough to hide the fact that they are henpecked.

A very little red hair will color up several generations vividly.

CORN IN OHIO.

The drouth has cost the farmers of Ohio little. The losses will be mostly to the truck gardeners and where grass and forest fires have swept into the fields. The growers of corn have, as a matter of fact much to be thankful for. The dry spell came at the right time. The uninterrupted sunshine matured the grain to the point where it will grade the highest and bring the best prices in the market.

Not every year can be counted so lucky. Among the grain dealers and in the agricultural experiment stations it is thought that the farmers ran too many chances in the state. The favorite corn in this section is the Leaming, a large ear, large berry grain. But it is a 120-day corn, the ideal for such states as Missouri and Kansas, where the frosts do not come so early and there are dependable dry winds. But in this climate a threat hangs over it constantly. Last year only about one-fourth of the grain raised in this state ripened up to grade of No. 3 yellow. There was too much moisture in the air and the frosts came early. As a result the whole winter was required to harden the corn. Contract grain did not show up in Toledo until some time in the spring, whereas that grown this year, receiving the benefit of an unbroken forty days' drouth, will probably be in the market within a month or two.

To remove the uncertainty of harvest the farmers of Ohio must drop the slow maturing, though beautiful and heavy maize. They must exercise more judgment, more shrewdness, in the selection of the seed. They are urged by those who have gone into the subject to adopt the Funk yellow dent, the Crawford yellow dent, or one of the other grades of ninety-day corn. They are not so attractive as the Leaming, but they are fitted much better, because of their swift growing qualities, to the weather conditions of Ohio. Though these grains have done very well in the valley of the Maumee there are some parts of the state where they seem to have to go through a process of acclimatization. The state agricultural college has recommended that the farmers plant small fields in the new corn and employ the seed from this growth in the succeeding seasons. The returns are then expected to justify the experiment.

This matter of seed selection is of increasing importance to the farming interests. It really amounts to choosing that which is best suited to soil and prevailing winds and weather. The Mediterranean red is considered by experts a better wheat for Ohio than the old favorite white, and the dealers are exceedingly anxious to see the white oats succeed the mixed oats throughout the state. In time, doubtless, the problem of seed and climate will be worked out more satisfactorily. It becomes the farmer's interest to keep a watchful eye on all the tests of new grain.—Toledo Blade.

Much of a man's interest in a woman is due to his inability to understand her.

Many think they are shining when they are only glaring.

POLITENESS.

It is commonly said that politeness costs nothing. This may well be qualified by adding the important adverb, sometimes. Politeness is most commendable and desirable. All the world would be better if it prevailed everywhere and without a single exception. The average human being is directly subject to the charming influence it exerts in everyday life. No doubt the average man and woman is inclined to exercise of it and would never deviate from its pleasant line but for thoughtlessness, carelessness, lack of constant example or some other excuse. But politeness, at times, costs much in effort and feeling to overcome the thought of the justice of a return of something else than the polite smile and expression of words for the short, sharp demand of the unfeeling one, who does not think of such a thing in the comities of life as reciprocity of kindly manner and genial form of expression. There are those who are constantly exercising the graces of courteousness and smiling complaisance, who do find that it sometimes cost, very much; that it costs a strain of the nerves in self control to be polite to the distinctly impolite; to be gracious to those who are incapable of appreciation. Those who study a little the characteristics in this particular of various peoples tell us that we find politeness much more general in some European and Central and South American countries than in our own. There is no doubt that there is more of inbred politeness and surface expression of it among peoples of Latin races and extraction, than among the sturdier ones to the north. With the latter there may be bluff heariness and a certain laconism that do not convey to the sensitive observation the exact amount of delicacy of approach and expression that would be welcome. It may be that in the rapid growth of the great population of the United States and the strange admixture of races there is not so general observance of the common ideas of politeness as there should be. It may be that in the great systems of public education in this country there is not enough attention paid to deportment, particularly in the primary departments. Let a little child be well grounded in the exercise of proper greeting and response, and there will be an easy way to bring it up to a life of decent behavior. One of the commonest everyday examples we can come across of lack of good breeding is at the telephone. A polite person would no more think of bellowing to a person and asking who's there, or who are you, without first announcing his or her own name, than on entering one's home or place of business and commencing a conversation as a total stranger without identification by card or announcement of name. Let us have more politeness as we go through life. Let it be mutual, and then it will, in fact, cost nothing.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

One of the queer things about a woman's sense of humor is that she is apt to take herself seriously.

Honey on the lips does not cure hatred in the heart.

JOINED IN MARRIAGE AT URBANA MONDAY

Miss Gray and Mr. William H. Hunt United.

REV. RAMSEY HUNTER PERFORMS CEREMONY

Church of the New Jerusalem Is the Scene of the Wedding Which Is Attended by a Small Company of the Intimate Friends and Relatives of the Young People.

Miss Iscah Dell Gray and Mr. William H. Hunt were united in marriage at Urbana, Monday afternoon, at 1:30 o'clock, Rev. Ramsey Hunter, of Indianapolis, officiating in the presence of only a few intimate friends and relatives of the young people.

The marriage ceremony was performed at the Church of the New Jerusalem, of which the bride is a member. The church was tastefully decorated for the occasion. Following the marriage, a wedding dinner was served at the Sowles hotel.

The bride was formerly a teacher in the Marion schools, and enjoys a wide acquaintance throughout the city and county.

Mr. Hunt is messenger for the Wells Fargo Company express on the Erie. He is well known.

Following a trip through the West, Mr. and Mrs. Hunt will be "at home" to their friends at No. 228 south Seffner avenue after November 15.

ATTACK ON TREASURY.

In fumbling around in the gloom for some issue upon which to gain a vote or two, Mr. Bryan has indulged in some criticisms of the Republican administration of the treasury. He endeavors to make out that there has been extravagance and that there was a genuine deficit in the receipts of last year as compared with the expenditures. As usual, he bases his statements upon fragmentary and insufficient information. It is true that one of the forms issued by the Treasury did indicate an apparent deficit in the receipts of the fiscal year 1908. Customs and internal revenues both shrunk heavily as the result of the retarded importation of luxuries and the diminished consumption of liquors and tobacco last year.

The form of statement which indicated a deficit, however, was grossly misleading on both sides of the account. It failed to include on the side of receipts the sum of about $10,000,000 received for securities sold during the panic. It might very properly be said that receipts from the sale of securities should not be included in ordinary receipts, but if this rule were accepted, then its corrollary is true—that expenditures for which bonds were issued should not be included under the head of ordinary maintenance expenses of the government. Secreary Cortelyou had a careful statement on this subject prepared soon after the close of the fiscal year. It showed that during the year ending June 30 last expenditures for permanent public works were about $81,000,000. Of this amount the Panama canal absorbed $36,000,000; river and harbor improvements, $28,000,000; fortifications, $7,250,000, and public buildings under the treasury department, $9,500,000. Obviously, the expenditures for the canal, to say nothing of other items, should not have been charged off against ordinary receipts when bonds had been issued to pay for the canal construction. It was in the nature of a permanent improvement for which every other government, every corporation and every private firm with a competent bookkeeper makes a separate classification, apart from running expenses. Under an antiquated system of bookkeeping all these disbursements were charged to their respective departments and the receipts were not even credited with the cash received for bonds which had been actually sold.

The reason is obvious why expenditures for permanent improvements should be separately classified and should be met by the sale of securities. The money thus expended does not disappear within the year, like that paid for salaries and the maintenance of existing works, but its results remain in permanent form, conferring benefits on coming generations. In every European budget a sharp distinction is drawn between ordinary and extraordinary expenditures. The latter include practically all permanent improvements and are provided for by bond issues. In Great Britain there are enterprises which involve only a small expenditure each year, but which are covered by the issue of a small block of securities and the keeping of entirely separate accounts.

Mr. Bryan is famous for taking the attitude of the horse who is blind in one eye—he turns his sound eye toward what he wants to see and with the blind one gazes resolutely in the direction of what he does not want to see. In chattering of extravagance in the administration of the public funds, he sees fit to fasten his sound eye, extended to its widest orbit, upon the expenditures which are being made to increase the commerce and maintain the national prestige of the country, while he keeps his unsound eye turned steadily in the direction of the item of $25,000,000 received from Panama canal bonds, which he fails to include in the schedule of receipts, even for the purpose for which they were issued.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

The man with a boil on his neck doesn't borrow trouble. He has all he wants.

The reason a woman likes to spoil her children is everybody warns her against it.

The reason a man enjoys going to the theater is he wouldn't if it was with his family.

The exciting thing to a girl about a secret engagement is having everybody know about it.

The better a man's excuse for getting home late the more his state won't let him tell it.

If a man could solve the mystery of why a woman appeals to him she wouldn't any longer.

BARGAINS

in furniture. See our new Sideboards, Buffets, Iron Beds and Extension Tables at cost. We are positively closing them out and all other new goods at much less price than elsewhere. Come in and let us show you. Remember the store,

140 SOUTH MAIN ST.

Walter J. Martin

Phone L917

NELSONS.

SPECIAL SALE OF

Watches at $10.00

If you are at all thinking of buying a watch, come and see these 20 year gold filled case Elgin watches we are offering at $10. They are really $15 values.

Nelson & Sons.

Osteopathy

Dr. R. C. Dugan

126 Vine Street

PHONE 477

3rd House South of Methodist Church

Graduate of Dr. Still's School Kirksville, Mo

TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

HOCKING VALLEY.

North—7 a. m.; 10:15 a. m.; 4:[illegible] p. m.; 10:50 p. m.; 6:10 p. m. Log to Marion only.

South—5:50 a. m.; 7:20 a. m.; 10:15 a. m.; 1:35 p. m.; 7:15 p.

BIG FOUR.

Eastbound—9:25 a. m.; 12[illegible] noon; 7:22 p. m.; 10:57 p. m.; 11 p. m.; 5:27 p. m.*

Westbound—2:38 a. m.; 5:33 m.; 9:55 a. m.; 1:55 p. m.; 7:25 m.; 4:27 p. m.*

CHICAGO & ERIE.

West—*7:10 a. m.; 10:25 a. *4:30 p. m.; 11 p. m.; 12:45 a.

East—4:55 a. m.; 8:35 a. 6:15 p. m.

* Daily except Sunday.

ERIE.

Southwest—10:27 a. m.; 4:35 m.; 1:15 a. m.

East—4:55 a. m.; 8:35 a. 12:52 p. m.; 6:15 p. m.; 12:25 a

PENNSYLVANIA.

North—7:42 a. m.; 12:30 p. 6:55 p. m. All daily except Sun 7:51 a. m.; 8:12 a. m. and 8:25 p on Sundays only.

South—9:53 a m. daily; 2:2[illegible] m. and 8:01 p. m. daily except S day; 8 p. m. and 8:42 p. m., Sun only.

C., D. & M. ELECTRIC.

South—Cars leave for Colum at 6, 7, 8 and 10 a. m., at 12 n and at 2, 4, 5, 6, 8 p. m. 10 p. m goes to Delaware only.

North—Cars leave Columbus Marion at 7:30, 9:30 and 11:3 m., and at 1:30, 2:30, 3:30, [illegible] and 7:30 p. m.

Sundays—Hourly service betw Marion and Columbus from 6 a. m 9 p. m.

GREEN CAMP DIVISION.

Each car will be met at Owen car for Green Camp up to an h yet to be arranged.

C., M. & B. ELECTRIC.

North—Cars leave Marion for cyrus at 6, 8, 10 a. m., 12 m., 2, and 8 p. m.

South—Cars arrive from Buc at 7:55, 9:55 and 11:55 a. m.; 1 3:55, 5:55, 7:55 and 9:55 p. m

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE GOOD JUDGMENT OF TAFT IS SHOWN

Some of the Striking Sayings of Candidate.

TERSE ECONOMIC TRUTHS ARE GIVEN

Fallacies of Bryanism Exposed in a Few Sentences—Tafts Position in Regard to the Trusts—Exact Justice the Highest Ideal of the Government of the Present.

By WALTER J. BALLARD.

Here are some of the striking things Taft has said:

"The Democratic party today as organized is nothing but organized incapacity."—At Montpelier, Vt.

"Bryan would have the initiative and referendum because he distrusts representative government and has no confidence in the ability of the people to select conscientious representatives. He would take away from courts, because he distrusts the ability of judges to resist the malign influences of the money power, the power to enforce their own orders."—At Columbus, O.

"Anything which makes capital idle or which reduces or destroys it must reduce both wages and the opportunity to earn wages."—At Cooper Union, New York City.

"The course of the administration has only been directed against such organized capital as was violating the statutes of the United States—and no other. The business men of our community as a whole are honest and their methods are sound."—At Boston, Mass.

"The so called colonial policy of the United States has added to our trade already something over a hundred million dollars a year."—At Cleveland, O.

"The administration of exact justice by courts without fear or favor, unmoved by the influence of the wealthy or the threats of the demagogue, is the highest ideal that a government of the people can strive for, and any means by which a suitor, however unpopular or poor, is deprived of enjoying this are to be condemned."—At Columbus, O.

"I believe that a navy is the greatest insurer of peace that we could possibly have—a navy commensurate with our resources, and commensurate with our coast line, and commensurate with the number of dependencies we have, and commensurate with our population, and commensurate with our influence as a world power."—At Cleveland, O.

"If we assume control over a people for the benefit of that people (as in the Philippines) and with the purpose of developing them to a self governing capacity and with the intention of giving them the right to become independent when they shall show themselves fit, the charge that we are imperialists is utterly without foundation."—At Cleveland, O.

"The present business system of the country rests on the protective tariff, and any attempt to change it to a free trade basis will certainly lead to disaster."—At Columbus, O.

"The Democratic party has no policy which the country can depend upon. Its whole stock in trade is that of irresponsible criticism and obstruction, and when charged with the responsibility of doing anything it utterly fails."—At Greensboro, N. C.

"Mr. Bryan asks me what I would do with the trusts. I answer that I would restrain all unlawful trusts with all the efficiency of injunctive process and would punish with all the severity of criminal prosecution every attempt on the part of aggregated capital to suppress competiton."—At Columbus, O.

"As a party shows itself homogeneous, able to grasp the truth with respect to new issues, able to discard unimportant differencies of opinion, sensitive with respect to the successful maintenance of government and highly charged with the responsibility of its obligation to the people at large it establishes its claim to the confidence of the public and to its continuance in political power."—At Kansas City, Mo.

"The course of the Republican party since its organization in 1856 and its real assumption of control in 1861 down to the present day is remarkable for the foresight and ability of its leaders, for the discipline and solidarity of its members, for its efficiency and deep sense of responsibility for the preservation and successful maintenance of the government and for the greatest resourcefulness in meeting the various trying and difficult issues which a history of now a full half century has presented for solution."—At Kansas City, Mo.

Beans Worth Two Millions.

The harvest of lima beans began on the McLaughlin ranch at Springville, near Oxnard, Cal., the other day and marks the start of one of the largest harvests in a number of years. A conservative estimate of the amount of beans to be thrashed in Ventura county this season is 700,000 bags. The next two months will be devoted to garnering this crop, which represents a value of something like $2,240,000 at present prices. The thrashers will enter the fields in a few weeks.

Collecting Eskimo Data.

The American Museum of Natural History and the Canadian geological department are working together in the collection of an immense amount of data about the Eskimo.

Nobody ever heard of a pretty girl who envied an ugly one her brains.

BANKS RECEIVING MANY MILLIONS

They Get $350,000,000 in Less Than Four Months.

CONFIDENCE AND BUSINESS REVIVED

All Banking Institutions Receive More Money in Four Months Than They Lose During Entire Period Covered by the Panic and Financial Depression.

New York, Oct. 26.—Conservative estimates based upon incomplete totals have convinced bankers in this city that all banking institutions throughout the country have increased their individual deposits by $350,000,000 since June 30. Reports received from almost every state in the west lead to the conclusion that the gain is much greater. The tremendous increase in such a short period is striking in view of the statement of the controller of the currency made a few days ago that between June 30, 1907, and the same day of this year, individual deposits in all banking institutions of the country had decreased $315,000,000.

There was comparatively little decrease in deposits prior to October, 1907. The tremendous drain on the resources of the banks occurred, therefore, during and consequent to the financial panic. In the first part of the twelve months, beginning with October, 1907, there was a great withdrawal of deposits, and in the last four months money has poured into the banks in a stream that almost dazzles the imagination and convinces the worst of pessimists of the spontaneity of the business interests of the country in recovering from the panic of last fall. Such speedy revival of confidence is a striking indication of the feeling that Taft will be elected.

Gain of Banks.

Facts are forthcoming to prove that individual deposits in banks have increased since June 30 by $350,000,000. For instance a recent statement of the controller of the currency shows that between July 15 and September 23 the individual deposits of all the national banks in the country increased $173,583,000. In New York State alone the state banks and trust companies' deposits increased $112,000,000 from June 30 to October 17. These figures, which are exact, having been obtained by the state banking superintendent, do not include the private banks and the savings banks in which the gain is estimated at about $10,000,000 for the state. All the national banks of the country and all the state banks and trust companies of New York alone show an actual gain of $285,583,000 since June 30, not counting the estimated gain of the savings banks and private banks. The state banking superintendent of Kansas has reported an increase of $8,000,000 between July 1 and the middle of September in the state institutions. Almost every state west of the Mississippi has reported increased bank deposits, while in Minnesota and Oregon and other states many cities reported records broken in amounts of individual deposits.

Western Banks.

New York State, however, is credited with having three-fifths of the banking power of the country. The gain in deposits in the national banks for the period between June 30 and October 3 was $90,000; the estimated gain of savings banks and private banks, $10,000,000, and the actual gain of state banks and trust companies in the state was $112,000,000, making an aggregate gain for the state of $212,000,000. If the gain throughout the remainder of the country, which has two-fifths of the banking power was the same, the gain in deposits for the United States for that period was about $350,000,000. That such an estimate is reasonable is shown by the reports of prosperity and good crops throughout the entire west. Farmers are taking large amounts to bank, merchants are doing a business, and reports show that farmers are eager to lend money. While New York state alone is said to have three-fifths of the banking power of the country, yet the total deposits of national banks, trust companies and savings banks on July 1, 1908, was only $1,482,902,000, while the aggregate of the entire country at that time, including private banks, was $12,784,511,169. Bankers, therefore, estimate that it is reasonable to say that the banks throughout the country have gained $350,000,000 in July, August, September and a part of October.

Not only has the country acquired billions in wealth this year from crops, mines and manufactures but in the last few months thousands of persons who were hoarding money have deposited it in banks and thus have given range to more credit. The people throughout the entire country are optimistic and their confidence in the Republication administration is shown by enthusiasm for Taft.

Bradford Rhodes, vice-president of the American Bankers' Association for the State of New York, speaking about the tremendous increase in deposits following the panic, said:

Big Increase.

"From August 22, 1907, to July 15, 1908, deposits in the New York national banks—$300,000,000. Mark the figures! The great depository banks in New York met the demands made upon them during the recent worldwide money panic and they fully merit the unbounded confidence of their correspondents throughout the length and breadth of the United States.

"From June 1, 1907, to June 18, 1908, the deposits in the State Banks decreased over $40,000,000. It is thus shown how the world panic which ran its course mainly through December and January affected these institutions. A larger portion of their deposits are local and the effect of the stringency was, therefore, more readily felt. To point out how rapidly this class of banks has gained since that period, it is seen that from February 8 to September 12, about seven months, their deposits have gained over $56,000,000.

"Even more instructive is the record of the trust companies. With aggregate deposits, August 22, 1907, of $1,087,000,000, a comparison with figures of August 31, 1908, shows a decrease in deposits of only $12,000,000; while from February 8—nearest date to close of panic—to September 12 of the present year, a period of seven months, their deposits have increased over $294,000,000."

ONLY SAFE WAY TO SCRATCH TICKET IS TO PUT AN X BEFORE EACH NAME

While the people of Ohio have learned to vote the Australian ballot about as they wish, there is one point of doubt running through the inquiries in the present campaign.

It is as to the proper method of scratching the ticket where there is a plurality of candidates to be elected to a given office. For instance three commissioners and three infirmary directors are to be elected in each county of the state.

Many electors think that if they put a cross in the circle at the head of their ticket and then move over and vote for one of the candidates of another party wherein more than one person is to be elected to the office of the given title, that ballot will count for all the candidates of his party except the name opposite that of the person for whom he voted on the other ticket. This is an erroneous idea and in the case of the plurality office the vote counts for only the candidate in front of whose name the mark is placed. This is true for the reason that the election officers have no means of knowing against which candidate on the other ticket the voter desired to cast his ballot.

There is but one safe way of scratching a ticket where more than one person is to be elected to the office of the same title and that is to place an "x" in front of the name of each candidate to be voted for.

JOHN H. CLARK.

Mr. Clark is the Republican candidate to succeed himself as prosecuting attorney. He points to his fine record during his first term as an indication of what his second term will be.

MRS. JOSEPH BURT DIES TUESDAY

Death Comes at the Home of Her Daughter.

Mrs. Demey Burt, eighty-three years old, died of old age and a complication of diseases at the home of her daughter, Mrs. H. C. Frame, one mile east of Scott Town, Tuesday at 1 o'clock. She had been confined to her bed only three days.

The deceased was the widow of Joseph Burt, who died thirteen years ago at Oakwood, Paulding county. Since her husband's death Mrs. Burt had made her home in Marion county. She was a member of the Methodist church and all her life had been active in religious work.

At the age of twenty-eight years, Mrs. Burt was married. Her maiden name was Scofield. She is survived by the following children:

L. Burt, of Rialto, California; Mrs. Lura Shively, of Grover Hill, Paulding county; Mrs. M. G. Day, of La-Rue, and Mrs. Alice Frame, at whose home she died; and two stepsons, Ira Burt, of Oakwood, and A. Burt, of Waterloo, Iowa.

The remains were shipped to Oakwood, Paulding county, for interment. The funeral services were held at the Methodist church there, Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

A LANTERN UPSET STARTS A BLAZE

A Small Fire at the Store of Frank Smith.

The fire department was called to the store of Frank Smith, on north Greenwood street, about 7 o'clock Monday evening, to extinguish what promised to prove a bad fire. One of the employes of the store had gone into the oil room with a lanters, and, accidentally knocking the lantern over, the oil-soaked boxes and boards were instantly ignited. The flames were spreading to the store room when the department arrived and extinguished the fire with chemicals. The damage will amount to about twenty dollars, due to the scorching of the weather boarding of the store.

CONGRESSMAN GRANT E. MOUSER.

Congressman Mouser has twice carried the Democratic Thirteenth district and the indications are exceedingly good that he will achieve his third victory this campaign.

REPUBLICANS HOLD A RALLY AT RICHWOOD

Prominent Speakers Talk to the Voters.

RICHWOOD BAND LEADS A PARADE

The Carpe Diem Club Meets at the Home of Mrs. S. W. Van Winkle. Mrs. Alice Phelps Is Given a Pleasant Surprise by Members of an Order—Some Richwood Notes.

Richwood, Oct. 27.—[Special.]—Judge J. S. Callahan, of South Dakota; George M. Wilbur, W. T. Hoopes and R. L. Cameron, all of Marysville, spoke at the big Republican rally held in the opera-house in Richwood, Thursday night. Mayor C. H. Norris acted as chairman at the meeting. The Richwood band headed a big horseback parade at 6:30 o'clock. Nearly all the business houses and a large number of residences were appropriately decorated for the occasion. The attendance from the country and the surrounding villages was very large.

Mrs. S. W. Van Winkle, at her home on south Franklin street, was hostess to the members of the Carpe Diem club and a number of guests, Thursday afternoon. The hours were spent socially, a number of the ladies working at embroidery. Light refreshments were served by the hostess.

Mrs. Alice Phelps was very pleasantly surprised, Saturday evening, by twenty-five members of the Ladies of the Maccabees, who gathered at her home on west Ottawa street to spend the evening. The affair was planned in honor of Mrs. Phelps' departure for Paulding, to which city she will go within the next few days to spend the winter with her parents. Mrs. Phelps has been record keeper for the L. O. T. M. since the lodge was organized in Richwood, fourteen years ago. Her resignation was accepted at the last regular meeting of the order. Aside from the lodge members, Mrs. Elizabeth Haines and Mrs. Allen Haines were present at the affair of Saturday evening. A supper, which had previously been prepared by the guests, was served.

Mrs. J. C Sidle and little daughters visited the former's mother, Mrs. Fatima Blair, of Columbus last week.

Mrs. Margaret Mealey and Miss Anna Mealey visited relatives in Columbus, Friday.

W. H. Husted attended a meeting of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers, held at Columbus, Saturday.

J. P. Sidle was in Cincinnati, last week, in attendance at the centennial celebration of the Ohio Grand lodge of Masons.

Mrs. A. E. Smeltzer and little son, Merrill, who have been visiting relatives in Ostrander for several weeks, are guests of the former's mother, Mrs. L. M. Beebe.

Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Loveless and little daughter, Violet, of Cincinnati, were guests of B. C. Loveless and family, of south Fulton street, during the past week.

Mrs. L. E. Furniss and two sons, of Columbus were guests, Saturday and Sunday, of Mrs. Sarah E. Phinney, of north Franklin street.

Miss Mary Jones was called to Marion, last week, by the illness of her mother, who accidently fell down a cellar and was painfully injured.

Mrs. Ida King was in Philadelphia, last week, in attendance at the national meeting of the Woman's Home Missionary society of the M. E. church.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Methodist Protestant church held a lunch at the home of Miss Carrie Hamilton, on south Franklin street, Wednesday afternoon. The hours were passed socially and the lunch was served by Mrs. George Huston, Mrs Elijah Rosette and Mrs. Em[illegible] Jolliff.

Mrs. A. Clammer, of Indian[illegible] Iowa, has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. R. Cameron, of east Blagrove street, during the past week.

Dr. and Mrs. J. L. Hensley, of Marion, Lewis Bumgartner, of Ch[illegible] Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Cheney [illegible] Samuel Bumgartner, who reside near Woodland, were guests, Saturday, of C. Z. Zuspan and family, of east Blagrove street.

Miss Ethel Wright spent Wednesday in Columbus.

Miss Anna Hastings was the guest, Friday, of Miss Olive Sinkey and other friends in Columbus.

D. D. Mather, of Columbus, spent Friday here with his son, Wellington Mather.

Mrs. H. E. Conkright, of Marysville, spent a few days with her mother, Mrs. Caroline Woods, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Gill have moved into the Hill property, on west Bomford street, which was recently vacated by A. B. Simons and family.

Rev. M. R. Stover pastor of the Methodist Protestant church here, was in Middleburg, Tuesday and Wednesday, in attendance at the central district meeting of the Ohio conference.

Mrs. R. D. Roberts visited her sister, Mrs. Oscar Markert, of Marion, Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Copp, who left, August 1, for a three-months' trip through the East, arrived home Thursday. While absent they visited relatives and old friends in Maine, Vermont and New Hampshire and visited the principal cities of several other states.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Stiles have gone to Bay City, Michigan, to spend a couple of weeks with their son, Wilfred Stiles and family. From there they will go to Natick, Massachusetts, to make their future home. Natick is a suburb of Boston. Mr. and Mrs. Stiles will reside with their daughters, Misses Margaret, Emily and Edith Stiles, the two former being trained nurses and the latter a teacher of music in Boston. They were residents of Richwood many years.

The Richwood High school basketball team went to Ashley, Friday, and played a game with the High school team of that village, which resulted in a score of forty-three to twelve in favor of Ashley.

Rev. L. S. Colborn, pastor of the local Baptist church, attended the Baptist State convention, held at Newark, last week.

Orville Phinney was in Columbus, Friday, on business.

Miss Lelah Kinney, at her home just southwest of Richwood, entertained a few friends, Friday evening, in a highly enjoyable manner. The hours were spent with music and games and a taffy pull was enjoyed. Those present were Misses Ruth Hewitt, Marion Fisher, Ivaloo Beem, Mary Kinney, Gertrude Colborn, Gertrude Glick, Harriet Fulton and Mr. Edward Kinney.

ROLLIN M. SHUTE.

Defeated for county recorder three years ago by a second-termer on a very close margin, Mr. Shute comes before the voters of Marion county once more as the Republican candidate for that office, and is making a fine campaign.

DISMISSED FROM THE ERIE SERVICE

Patrolman Joseph Hostetter Loses His Place.

Following a scene at the Union Depot hotel, Sunday night, Patrolman Joseph Hostetter has been dismissed from service of the Erie police department. About midnight, Sunday, Lieutenant E. C. Curry was informed that Hostetter was asleep at the Union Depot hotel and it was thought he was under the influence of liquor. Curry awakened the man, and some words followed. Fists were resorted to and finally Hostetter pulled his black-jack and attempted to assault his superior. Curry pulled his revolver, but bystanders separated them.

UNCLAIMED MAIL.

The following mail remains unclaimed in the local postoffice:

Women—Mrs. Claude Arthur, Miss Nellie Butler, Mrs. Charles H. Perry, Miss Amanda Confer care of Wesley [illegible], Daisy Cole, Mrs. Mary [illegible] Mrs. J. E. Cellar, Mrs. M. J. [illegible] Mrs. Helena Dalson, Mattie [illegible] Miss Mabel Foster, Miss [illegible] Griest, Mrs. Mabel Goodrich, Mrs. Kate Hagaman, Mrs. A. [illegible]ylton, Mrs. Laura Jones, Miss [illegible]ra Jacobs, Mrs. Kinsey, Miss Pearl [illegible]irby, Mrs. G. E. Levagood, Mrs. Harry N. Pierson, Miss Blanche Price, Mrs. M Ricci, Miss Effie Richards, Nellie Shipley, Mrs. Martha Spears, Miss Bertha Teeple care of Jessie Boxell, Miss Vergie Weaver, Mrs. N. A. Wiser, Mrs. Melinda Williams.

Men—Jacob Alexander, Henry Booker, H. W. Ball, Frank Barbaugh, C. L. Clark, Charles Coonen, Charles Cuse, James Clink, O R DeArmon, W. H. Connell, George Doobert, R. Harruff, George W. Hinklin, Phillip Homan, William Hargis, Charles Hasselfly, Joseph B. Johnson, Dr. John Jones, C. E. Jacobs, George Kenner care of Gus Kenner, John E. Kinsler, C. F. Lucas, J. S. Linshwick, J. L. Law, Redmond Lawrence, John Lill, Harvey E. Last, Billie Link, E. L. Mohr, Patsy Moral, Steve McDonough, S. A. McAlster, James Quinn, Thomas Ripp, J. Roley, Mr. Branson Soul care of Alfred Kenner, L. D. Shryock, Tim Schroeter, Waldo R. Smith, Charles L. Turner, S. D., James Vance, Charles Williams, M. G. Williams, Pearl Walters, Mr. Wansley.

Foreign—Fares Kabool, Sahatore Clerno, Frank Debellis.

Firms—Blackman & Pate.

Packages—Walter Joice.

M. E. Dickerson, P. M.

OBEDIAH W. SMITH IS KILLED AT LIMA

Is Believed the Victim of Foul Play

FOUND UNDER BRIDGE WITH SKULL CRUSHED

Cries for Help Attract Attention and People Hurry To Aged Man's Assistance, but Reach the Scene Too Late—Mr. Smith Is Well Known in This City.

The mysterious death of Obediah W. Smith, formerly one of the members of the Marion county bar, who will be well remembered by the older residents of the city, has aroused the police at Lima, where it is suspected that he was a victim of foul play.

Mr. Smith was walking across the Elm street bridge of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad at Lima, Monday evening, when people residing in the vicinity heard cries for help. A number hurried to the scene and found Mr. Smith lying beneath the bridge with his skull crushed. He lived only a few minutes after being found.

About thirty-five years ago, Mr. Smith left Marion and went to Lima. He was formerly a law partner of the late Henry T. Van Fleet and was well known here. After going to Lima, he was married to a wealthy woman of that city and reared a family of children.

Only about two months ago Mr. Smith visited Marion and called upon many of his old-time friends. He came here to settle up the estate of his sister, Mrs. George Mutchler, who died in this city less than a year ago. Although seventy-six years of age, he was at that time apparently in the best of health and spirits.

Mr. Smith was known among his friends as a man of the highest honor and integrity. Practically all his life he had aided in the temperance cause, and at the time of his death was the Prohibition candidate for probate judge in Allen county.

The Lima Republican Gazette of Tuesday in reference to the death of Mr. Smith says:

It is likely that it will never be known just how he came to his death. There are many theories, but only one seems to meet with any liklihood of being true. It is thought that Mr. Smith was walking across the bridge and saw the 6:30 C., H. & D. bearing down upon him. Bewildered and not knowing how to get out of the way of the iron monster coming upon him, it is believed he either lost his balance and fell off the bridge or jumped off, thinking that he might save his life in that manner. There were rumors at first of foul play but as everything was on his person that he had with him when he left home, there was no apparent indications of anything of this kind. Officers Reed and Kelly who were soon on the scene questioned the victim who was yet conscious, and he was asked how it happened. His only reply was "Oh, I don't know." He lost consciousness before being placed in the ambulance however, and gradually sank to his death.

The deceased was born March 7, 1832 in Marion county, and has always been a resident of this state. He was a son of John H. and Elizabeth Smith, natives of Pennsylvania. The deceased was a member of a family of thirteen, and was educated with several of the others in the schools of Marion county, afterward taking a six-years term in reading law, leaving school in June, 1864. He was admitted to the bar in January, 1867 under the supreme court and came to Lima, November 28, 1868, thus having been a resident of this city for forty years, being one of Lima's oldest inhabitants. He conducted a law office at the time of his death in room 11, Cincinnati block, where he had been located for a number of years. Pleasantly eccentric in character he was a man that made but a small circle of friends but those he did make he always held true. He has probably done more for temperance as a member of the Prohibition party than any other man in Allen county living at the present time.

A wife and four daughters survive. The daughters, who all live in Lima are Ethelwyn, Helen, Marion and Lenora.

ARE MARRIED AT THE BRIDE'S HOME

Miss Schille and Mr. Howard P. Walling.

Mr. Howard Plumb Walling and Miss Clara Schille, both of Columbus were married, Monday evening, at the bride's home on Bryden road. In the bridal party were Miss Julia Freeman, Mr. Frank Smith, of Columbus, and Mr. David Evans of this city. All are well known in the city. After a journey through the West, Mr. and Mrs. Walling will take up their residence in Columbus.

Saloons Are Closed.

Rather than wait until the last day and take any chances on rowdyism or the penalties of the search and seizure law, four more saloonkeepers quit business, Monday and Tuesday. They are Edmond Molloy, Ike Hirsch, Fetter & Nickel and the Almeda Distilling company at No. 142 north Main street.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

EDWARD TRAYER IS INSTANTLY KILLED

Struck by an Erie Freight at Caledonia.

LITTLE IS KNOWN AS TO ACCIDENT

Trayer Does Not Hear Well and Is Walking on Tracks Enroute Home. Leaves Two Stepchildren — Arrangements Are Made for Funeral Services Tuesday.

Caledonia, Oct. 26.—[Special]—Edward Trayer, aged sixty-nine, who resides on a farm east of Caledonia, was instantly killed, Sunday morning, at 5:30 o'clock, by being run down by Erie freight, No. 12, on the bridge at Caledonia. Trayer had walked to town, Saturday, and owing to the lateness of the hour and darkness remained at the tower over night.

At 4 o'clock he started home on the tracks, but after going a short distance returned to the tower and stated to the operator that he would wait until it was lighter. About an hour later he started, but his journey in life ended at the bridge. But little concerning the accident is known The train which struck the unfortunate man was going east at a fast rate, and owing to the shadows and the bend in the road the engineer did not observe the man on the tracks until the engine was almost upon him.

On reaching Martel the train stopped and telegraphed to Caledonia that a man had been struck. A few minutes later, the body of Trayer was found about thirty feet north of the track to the east of the bridge. Trayer was very hard of hearing and it is thought he did not hear the rumbling or whistle of the approaching train. The side of his face was badly crushed and almost every bone in his body was broken.

The deceased was born in Pennsylvania and came to Marion county in 1861. He was a well-to-do farmer and respected by all who knew him He was a widower and leaves two step-children. They are Mrs. Frank Lyon, residing a mile east of Caledonia, and W. S. Kimble. A brother and sister reside in Pennsylvania.

The remains were taken to the home of Mrs. Lyon. The funeral will be conducted from the Lyon home, Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock, Rev. James Gray officiating. The remains will be laid to rest beside those of the late Mrs. Trayer in Caledonia cemetery.

Lowell Ulsh Hurt.

Lowell Ulsh of the Uhler & Phillips store suffered a painful injury Saturday evening. Ulsh was assisting in the repair of an electric fan when he got his left hand caught in the machinery. The first two fingers of his hand were badly crushed and bruised.

SPREADING RAILS ARE THE CAUSE OF A WRECK

About Fifty Feet of the Big Four Tracks Torn Up.

WRECKING CREW REPAIRS TRACK

Lieutenant E. C. Curry and Detective E. P. Flynn, of the Erie Force, Make an Arrest in the Local Yards After a Long Chase—Some Local Railroad News Notes.

About fifty feet of tracks were torn up as a result of a wreck caused by spreading rails at the Big Four cross-over east of the freight-house, Saturday afternoon. Two cars loaded with stone were derailed. The wrecking crew from Bellefontaine repaired the tracks and replaced the cars.

Lieutenant E. C. Curry and Detective E. P. Flinn, of the Erie force, in Dayton, captured a car breaker, Saturday evening, in the local yards Flynn chanced to see the man doing his work in the Dayton yards, about 9:30 o'clock Thursday evening. Curry saw the man in his flight. The two gave chase, but were unable to catch him. The man boarded freight No. 72, but evidently got off after getting a short distance from Dayton. Later he was located in Urbana, but got away from there before the officers arrived. Saturday evening the officers made a thorough search in the local yards and finally located the fellow.

The man was lodged in the city prison awaiting trial.

Engineer McClure and Conductor Burdge made a record run, Sunday night, between Marion and Chicago. The train consisted of eighteen cars and left Marion, Sunday night at 9:02. Word was received in the city, next morning, that the train had arrived in Chicago, after covering a distance of 269 miles, at 6:08 Monday morning. The train arrived at Spencerville, a distance of sixty-five miles from here, in one hour and twenty-eight minutes.

MARION TEACHERS WILL VISIT DETROIT

Associations To Hold Meetings Friday and Saturday

SPECIAL TRAINS FOR THE TEACHERS

The Marion Schools Will Be Dismissed, Thursday Evening, To Give the Local Teachers a Chance To Go to Detroit or Visit Other Schools. Annual Visiting Day.

Many Marion teachers have made arrangements to attend the joint meeting of the Central Ohio Teachers' association, the Northwestern Ohio Teachers' association and the Manuel Training and Drawing Teachers' association, at Detroit, Friday and Saturday, November 13 and 14.

It has been arranged to have the visiting teachers visit the Detroit schools under the escort of Superintendant C. W. Martindale, Friday, while two general sessions of the associations will be held Friday evening and Saturday morning at the Wayne hotel in that city. Special trains over the Hocking Valley and Central Ohio have been arranged for with a special rate for those attending.

The schools will be dismissed here, Tuesday at noon, and will not resume work until the following Monday. Teachers of the local schools who do not go to Detroit will be expected to visit the schools in some other city, Friday, in order to earn their pay for that day.

The rule of the board of education is that one day in the year shall be set aside for visiting day. It is usually fixed by the superintendent. The idea is to give the local teachers an opportunity of seeing how the schools are conducted elsewhere with the end in view, of course, of making their own schools better.

MICHAEL CLARY DIES MONDAY AFTERNOON

As the Result of a Complication of Diseases.

RESIDENT OF THE CITY SINCE THE YEAR 1868

A Member of St. Mary's Catholic Church and Held Membership in Several Church Societies — For Years a Member of Council—A Most Highly-Esteemed Citizen.

Michael Clary, the well known blacksmith, died of a complication of diseases at his home on north Prospect street, shortly before 3 o'clock Monday afternoon. His death was not unexpected.

Mr. Clary had been a resident of the city since 1868. He was a native of Queens county, Ireland. He was reared and learned his trade in Scotland. After coming to the United States, he located in Akron, where he remained only a short time, when he moved to Sidney. He came to Marion from the latter place. In 1870 he engaged in the blacksmith business, erecting his present shop in 1887.

MICHAEL CLARY.

Mr. Clary was married in Scotland to Margaret Haxton Five children were born to this union, only two of whom are living. They are Thomas, who was born in Scotland, and John, who is a native of Marion Both sons learned the blacksmith trade under their father.

The deceased was a member of St. Mary's church. He had been active in politics and was a member of the council for four years Fraternally, he was connected with the Catholic Knights of Ohio and the Knights of Columbus.

The funeral was held at St Mary's church Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock, followed by interment in St. Mary's cemetery

Lad Is Injured.

Young Walter Everly, the fifteen-year-old son of Nicholas Everly suffered injuries as the result of an accident Saturday evening Young Everly was taking supper to his brother, Alfred, who works in the stone quarries As he was passing plant No 8, a heavy cable struck him on the head, cutting a deep gash It also hit him in such a manner on the left foot as to break the large toe.

HEART DISEASE IS THE CAUSE OF DEATH

Mrs. Lovina Burnison Dies Very Suddenly.

THE PASSING OF A CHRISTIAN WOMAN

Mrs. Burnison Is Placing Her Little Grandson in Bed When She Is Stricken—She Lives but a Few Moments—Is the Widow of Late William Burnison.

Mrs. Lovina Burnison, sixty-three years old, died of heart disease in her apartments at the European hotel, Saturday night at 8.45 o'clock She was the mother of Mrs John W. McClelland, wife of the proprietor of the hotel, and Elza Burnison, of this city.

Shortly after 8 o'clock, Mrs. Burnison went upstairs to put her little grandson, Harley Burnison, to bed. Scarcely had she tucked the boy away when she fell to the floor. Rushing down stairs the boy cried to his papa, Elza Burnison:

"Oh, grandma's fainted."

Physicians were summoned and Drs. F. Young and C. T. Wiant responded, but Mrs. Burnison was dead when they arrived, her death probably being brought about by the exertion of the ascent of the stairs.

Five weeks ago to the day a sister-in-law, Mrs William Snyder, of Crestline, died as suddenly from apoplexy while preparing dinner for her husband.

Mrs. Burnison was the widow of William Burnison, who died twelve years ago at Crestline She was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and all her life had been active in religious work. Besides one daughter and one son, she is survived by one brother, William Snyder, and one sister, Mrs. Maggie Pampell, of Crestline.

The remains were shipped to Crestline, where the funeral was held at the Methodist church, Tuesday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.

JOINED IN MARRIAGE AT PASTOR'S HOME

Miss Imbody and Mr. Maurice E. Berry.

Miss Lulu Imbody and Mr. Maurice E. Berry were united in marriage by Rev. J. A. Sutton, at his home at La Rue, at 7:30 o'clock Sunday evening. Mrs. Berry is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Imbody, residing three miles southeast of Agosta. Mr. Berry is a son of the late Dr. Berry of Agosta and is in the employ of the bride's father. They will make their home for the present with the bride's parents.

INTERESTING ITEMS FOR THE TAXPAYERS

Receipts and Expenditures for One Year.

INSPECTION BUREAU SUBMITS A REPORT

The Moneys Collected and Paid Out for State Purposes and Those Handled for the County—What It Costs in One Year in Various Important Departments.

Interesting items to Marion county are shown in the comparative statistics of the counties of Ohio for the fiscal year ending August 31, 1906, compiled from schedules returned to the bureau of inspection and supervision of public offices from the auditors of the eighty-one counties under instructions to eliminate all transfers, rebates, refunds, temporary accounts and duplications and to show the actual financial results.

The receipts from taxes for state purposes for the year mentioned in Marion county amounted to $153 397.-10 and the expenditures $284,166.35. Of the receipts $37,467 07 went to the state, $81,493.85 to the local school district $36,906.01 to townships and $130,299.10 to cities and villages.

The receipts for general county purposes amounted to $218,307 50, while the expenditures totaled $180,-762.81. The amount secured from direct taxation was $210,646.11, while the miscellaneous collections amounted to $7,661 06.

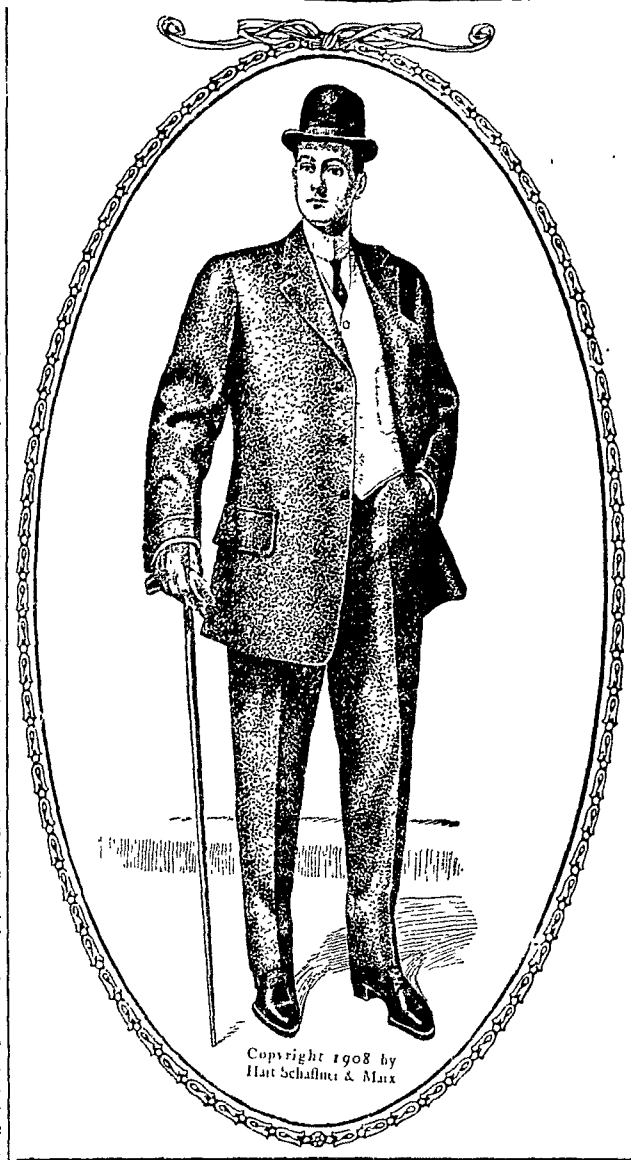
The total expenditures for the county were as follows:

Advertising, $2,581.90; board of review, $3,646, bridges and culverts, $9,116.57; buildings and grounds, $5,241.45; soldiers' relief, $1,391 25; sheep damages, $1,291.25, stationery and supplies, $6,399.05.

An Operation Monday.

Jacob Alexander, a farmer was operated on at the Central Emergency hospital, Monday by Drs. James W. McMurray and H. Chisholm. Several weeks ago the patient sustained a fracture of the thigh, which has failed to adhere and silver wiring was resorted to in the operation in order to bring about a successful adhesion.

Mr Alexander is past sixty years of age.



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NO matter how far you look you'll never see better clothes than we sell. You don't have to take our word for it; somebody else may offer "the best clothing made," and you may think his word as good as ours. These are

Hart Schaffner & Marx

clothes and that settles it; for all-wool quality, for style, for excellence of tailoring, and correctness of fit, there's nothing to match them.

The new colors and patterns and fabrics are fine; snappy styles and models, clothes for every wearer and every taste.

Suits $18 to $30; overcoats $15 to $30.

This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes.

STRELITZS

CORNERSTONE OF NEW CHURCH AT CALEDONIA

The Stone Is Laid for the Buiding Saturday.

AN APPROPRIATE SERVICE IS HELD

A Large Number of Members of the Caledonia M. E. Church and Friends Attend the Ceremony, Which Is Conducted by Rev. James Gray Assisted by Other Ministers.

Caledonia, Oct. 26.—[Special]—The cornerstone of the new M. E. church was placed in position, Saturday afternoon. A large crowd of people assembled to witness the ceremony. The Fields family band furnished music for the occasion. The service was opened with the national song, "America," after which Rev. James Gray led in prayer. The regular service was read by Rev. S E. Idleman, who was assisted by Rev. James Gray, Rev. R. T. Stevenson and Rev. G. F. Thompson. The box was then placed in the stone by Mrs. T. J. Anderson, a sister of Mrs. Stephen V. Harkness who is building the church.

A selection by the band was followed by a few brief remarks by Rev. Mr. Idleman who spoke on "The Significance of the Cornerstone." The closing number to the program was another band selection.

The audience then adjourned to the town hall. Here a hymn was sung and prayer offered by Rev. Idleman. Rev. R. T. Stevenson, of Delaware, was then introduced and delivered a fine address. He spoke of the significance and value of the church and of how it was essential to all mankind. He said, "This church will be not only an ornament to the town, a center of arcaitectural interest and a matter of public pride, but it would be the center of social life, for it will discover to men, women and children, their unknown capacity for associate toil in holy living. Here the rich and the poor will meet together, for the Lord is the maker of them all. This church will be a school for the uninformed in the art of holy living and a home for the shelterless in life's pilgrimage; a fortress for the beleaguered in life's battle, and a hospital for the sick and wounded that the world would fain leave by the wayside. Not alone this but it is a place where the wise men may learn how to conquer the might of evil men by the omnipotence of the good God. In this edifice will be found courage, tenderness and sympathy, and care for the fellowman that is not mere curiosity. Here you will consecrate your children in holy baptism and wed young men and maidens in the bonds of holy wedlock, here you will bring your revered dead for the last solemn words and here devout generations of worshippers will give way to younger generations."

The speaker closed by asking the richest benediction of God upon the gracious lady, whose name the community will henceforth link in gratitude with this house and also to the users of the beautiful gift that their powers in the blessed art of salvation may be spread broadcast.

The benediction was pronounced by Rev. Mr. Gray after which the band rendered a closing number.

SHOCK AND BURNS ARE THE CAUSE OF DEATH

Mrs. Jeanette Andrews Dies Tuesday Morning.

AGED WOMAN IS VICTIM OF ACCIDENT

Is Visiting at Home of Her Daughter, Mrs. C. S. Scribner—Dress Catches Fire While She Is Alone—Bravely Tries To Subdue Flames—Funeral Arrangements.

Mrs. Jeanette Andrews, aged eighty years, of Detroit, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. C. S. Scribner, of east Center street, at 9 Tuesday morning as the result of shock and burns resulting from her clothing catching fire shortly after 3 o'clock Monday afternoon.

Mrs. Andrews was alone in the house when the accident occurred She has been visiting at her daughter's home for the past two months and considering her age was very active. While alone, Monday, she tried to pass an open gas grate and her dress caught fire. She rushed out of the front door and with great presence of mind began rolling on the lawn. Neighbors who witnessed the accident rushed to her assistance, and, after the flames had been smothered the unfortunate victim was carried into the house. Dr. L. D Hamilton was hastily summoned The attending surgeon dressed the burns and stated that they were not of a very serious nature, but that the victim was suffering considerable of shock. The burns were located on the legs about the knees, on the shoulders and neck.

During her short visit in this city the deceased made a number of warm friends. Five children survive her. They are Mrs. M. L. Rice, of Detroit; Mrs. J D. Haven, of Wyandot, Michigan; William and Harry Andrews, of Bay City, Michigan, and Mrs C. S. Scribner, of this city. The remains were taken to Detroit for burial.

A fault of your own would probably be a sin in others

The only way to deal with people who are impolite is to ignore them.

"MANHATTAN"—THE QUALITY STORE."

CORRECT CLOTHING

for the man who wants the best. "Manhattan" Suits and Top Coats are correctly fashioned, handsomely tailored, beautifully trimmed and rightly priced. Once you wear a "Manhattan" Suit you never get over the habit. See the new brown, green and tan shades at $10 to $25.

The Manhattan.

HORSE SALE

AT

Beavers' Barn, Prospect, Ohio,

Saturday, October 31, 1908,

On above date I will sell at Public Sale

20 IOWA HORSES 20

Consisting of Good Big Feeders, Farm Chunks and Brood Mares,

Ranging from 3 to 5 years old.

There will be in this load, one bay horse 4 years old, weight 2000; one brown horse 4 years old, weight 1870, and an extra good spotted draft horse, weight 1650. These are all country bought horses.

SEVERAL GOOD MILCH COWS FOR SALE.

Horses Wanted—Anyone having a fat horse to sell, phone or write to me.

Terms Same as Usual—Sale 1 P. M.

E. S. McNABB, Auctioneer. H. D. BEAVERS.

The Pride of the Provider

is a just pride in feeling that he is doing his duty to his family in providing them with the highest grade, best and cleanest coal that is procurable. When your bins are filled with coal from this yard you know that for furnace, stove or range it is always satisfactory.

We solicit your business.

Ohio Milling & Elevator Co

ROSCOE OBORN, Receiver.

Perfection in Shirt Ironing

Our treatment of Shirts is of the Superior Kind—as near perfection as i possible We employ the highest class of labor, best of material and mos modern methods.

The Anthony Laundry.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE STORY OF HER DOWNFALL

Degeneration of Mrs. Claudia Hains Is Explained.

HUSBAND'S BROTHER TELLS THE STORY

Gripping, Convincing Recital of Events of Her Life.

Tells How She Is Transformed by Some of the Women of the Army Post from an Innocent Bride to a Woman Who Is Shameless in Telling of Orgies She Attends to Her Husband.

New York, Oct. 28.—Blaming the women of the Fort Hamilton army post for the demoralization of Mrs. Claudia Hains, Major John P. Hains has come to the defense of his brother, Captain Peter C. Hains, slayer of William E. Annis. His story portrays Captain Hains as a devoted, trusting husband, driven mad by the confessions of his pretty young wife and unable to resist the temptation to kill the man responsible for his misery.

As told by Major Hains, the story is a gripping, convincing recital of events leading to the tragedy. In connection with the "diary-letter" of Mrs. Hains to her husband, in which she wrote jocularly of "bumming" expeditions and "booze" parties with the wives of army officers at Fort Hamilton, the major's accusations against these women of the post is expected to bring about some startling disclosures.

"All the time that Peter was away," says the major, "those women at the army post encouraged this misguided girl to do wrong. The whole story of this tragedy is told in Claudia's downfall. She became so depraved in a short time that she was shameless about writing to Peter, telling of her drinking and smoking."

Beginning with the time when Claudia Libby, innocent and beautiful, became his brother's wife, the major tells of the change that came over the girl after her husband's departure for the Philippines. Up to that time they had been a most devoted couple. Mrs. Hains never drank or smoked nor was indiscreet in any way. "But," says the major, "the girl began to change and her letters began to include references to drinking parties with men and women, cigaret smoking and scandal that brought Haines hastily back to Fort Hamilton last May.

"On his return, Captain Hains would not believe any of the rumors he heard about his wife and Annis. To quiet the talk he invited Annis to dinner that first evening, and went with him on the automobile ride which culminated in Annis' arrest for speeding and his being bailed out by the captain.

"Peter was only concerned then in his wife's good name," declared the major. "He was crazy about her and refused to believe anything wrong. The next day he saw the general and father and told him not to believe what was being said about Claudia.

"Later we discovered that she had been away for a week and had seen a doctor and that Annis had paid her hotel bills then. And that night Peter had another talk with Claudia. You know he was just a sort of home boy. He couldn't think of anything but his wife. So that night he asked if she loved him and she said: 'What a funny question.'

"Peter asked her then if she had ever kissed Billy Annis, and she said: 'Sure, I told you all about that.'

"'Why,' he said, 'you never told me that.'

"Then he began to ask her about that trip of hers, and she finally broke down and told everything. She said she loved Billy Annis. She told Peter that she did not love him any longer.

"Even then Peter could hardly believe her. He kept walking up and down and pleading with her. 'Little girl,' he would say, 'you don't mean those things. Tell me you're only fooling.'

"But she just lay there and grew bored and yawned. She didn't seem to care about Peter at all. It finally dawned on Peter that Claudia meant what she had said and he sat there in that room wide awake all night while she slept peacefully, like a child.

"The next day he went to the general. 'God, father,' he cried, 'Claudia admits everything.'

"From that moment he seemed to be gone. Thornton was a regular nurse to him from then on to the time of the killing of Annis. Thornton was another family sort. I'm a bachelor, you know. But Thornton and his wife were awfully devoted. He nearly went crazy when she died. Peter's trouble went right to Thornton's heart and a brother was never a truer brother than Thornton to Peter all the time since May.

"And it all goes back to those days at the post when those women led Claudia on. She was weak and foolish and selfish, that's all."

ENGINE BLOWN UP BUT TRAIN GOES ON

Elyria, Oct. 28.—The engine of a westbound Lake Shore freight train blew up while the train was passing through the suburbs of Elyria today. The engine was demolished.

George P. Owen, the engineer of the train, is fatally injured. George H. Owen, the son, will probably recover. Both live at Sandusky.

The train, after the engine was demolished and blown off the tracks, ran half a mile before its speed could be checked.

Rally at Adelaide.

A big Republican rally was held at the town hall in Adelaide Wednesday night. The Adelaide band furnished music and made a big hit in the first appearance since organization. Charles Smithson presided at the meeting and addresses were made by Harry N. Quigley and Fred W. Warner. National and state issues were discussed and the meeting was a most enthusiastic one.

UNIONS APPROVE OF THE TAFT DECISION

Brotherhoods Find Judgment Is Just.

THE RIGHT OF FREE CONTRACT UPHELD

Sympathetic Strike Is Regarded an Infraction of the Interstate Commerce Law—The Decision Is Used in Making Contracts and Found Sound and Sensible.

New York, Oct. 29.—William S. Boate, of Pittsburg, a representative and legislative committeeman of Division 201, Order of Railway Conductors, has sent out a letter to members of his organization to remind them of how Chief Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Railway Engineers, agreed with the ruling made by Judge Taft in the so-called Ann Arbor case, and in accordance with it was instrumental in having one of the rules of the brotherhood abolished.

The case was heard April 3, 1893. The Brotherhoods of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen were on strike for higher wages on the Toledo and Ann Arbor railway. Acting under Rule 12 of their organization, an engineer on the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern refused to handle cars coming from the Ann Arbor road.

Right of Free Contract.

An injunction was asked for against Chief Arthur, ordering him to suspend rule 12, providing for such a sympathetic strike. Chief Arthur accordingly suspended it.

Judge Taft held that the rule violated the interstate commerce law. Judge Taft, however, also held that subordinates enjoyed the right of free contract, the service being terminable at the option of either party, and that the court could not compel the enforcement of personal service against the will of either employer or employe. He declared, on the other hand, that no man should leave his employment at a time or place where by so doing he would endanger life or property.

Chief Arthur's brotherhood cut rule 12 completely from its by-laws, and railroad men perceived that the court was right.

This is shown clearly by the "Locomotive Engineers' Monthly," in its issue of September, 1908, in an article from which the following is an extract:

Taft's Decision Approved.

"That rule 12 was in positive violation of section 10 of the interstate commerce law will hardly be questioned by anyone. The Ann Arbor case is not one that furnishes the objectionable features through which we may bias public opinion in securing the much desired regulation of injunctions in labor disputes."

Today the great railway brotherhoods discountenance the sympathetic strike, and today the principle laid down by Judge Taft is made a part of their own contracts or agreements without reference to possible disturbances on the part of other employes on the same or other lines.

THE PEOPLE'S COLUMN

WANTED--Old line life insurance policies; will pay cash. W. G. Haas, Caledonia, Ohio. 21-wk-8

C. H. KELLER—First class auctioneering for any and all occasions. Address Waldo, O., or Waldo phone 5803. 259-s-wk-8

GEORGE SELLS—Practical auctioneer for all public sales. Satisfaction guaranteed, prices reasonable. Residence 133 west Center street, phone 573. 271-s-1-wk-21-1

WANTED—Good girl to do housework. No washing or ironing. Apply to Mrs. J. E. Phillips, south Main street. 284-3-wk-1

FOR SALE—12½ acres, three miles from town, on pike. Well fenced, barn and shed. Short walk to interurban. Address X Y Z., care Star. 284-m-w-s-wk-1

SALARIED MEN ONLY ON STUMP

Working Under the Name of Labor Against Taft.

SO TODAY DECLARES SAMUEL B. DONNELLY

Secretary of Arbitration Board of Building Trades.

The Professional Democratic Labor Workers Who Have Been "On the Job" in All Recent Campaigns Are Running the Movement in the East—Taft Is Known by Him To Be Friend of Labor.

Washington, Oct. 28.—Declaring the charge against Judge Taft of antagonism to labor "is either an indication that Don Quixote is reincarnated, and has taken the form of certain Democratic labor leaders, or that certain minds have become morbid, as a result of long practice in drawing horrible imaginary pictures of suffering," Samuel B. Donnelly, secretary of the general arbitration board of the New York Building Trades, wrote the president today.

Donnelly maintained that inasmuch as President Roosevelt has been friendly to labor, his "opinions and conclusions should be accepted as a complete refutation of the charges made against Taft."

Donnelly says further that he speaks from personal knowledge of Judge Taft's treatment of labor in the Philippines and on the canal zone. In conclusion, Donnelly says:

"The professional Democratic labor workers who have been 'on the job' in all recent campaigns are running the movement in the East. There is no spontaneous movement against Judge Taft among the workers and none but salaried officers are on the stump against him."

The White House today declined to pay any attention to alleged labor record of Judge Taft, purporting to have come from H. H. Fuller, national legislative representative of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, Firemen, Enginemen and Trainmen.

ROBERT MILLER THE VICTIM OF ACCIDENT

Face Is Burned by Flames of a Peanut Roaster.

AID SOCIETY MEETS AT THE BURT HOME

Henry Lindsay Owns a Valuable Dog, The Animal Is Very Intelligent, but Makes a Mistake as to Milking Time—A Play Is Given at Caledonia—Notes of the Week.

Caledonia, Oct. 30.—[Special.]—Robert Miller, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Miller of north Water street, had his face badly burned, Saturday evening. He was running the peanut roaster at Iden's store and when he opened the fireplace, the flames scorched his face.

The Ladies' Aid society were entertained, Thursday afternoon, by Mrs. Robert Burt. The attendance was good. A short literary program was rendered at the close of the business. The hostess served a two-course supper.

A large audience greeted the play, "Union Depot," which was given by home talent for the benefit of the band, last Friday evening. The play was well given and the sum of sixty-five dollars was realized.

Henry Lindsay, of northwest of town recently purchased a shepherd dog for five dollars which he would not sell for five times that amount now. He has taught the dog to drive the cows from the pasture to the house at milking time. Late one night last week he was ill and arose to get a dose of medicine. A short time after retiring he heard the dog barking furiously at the door and on going to learn the cause found the dog had heard him in the house and had rounded the cows up in the dooryard, supposing it was time to milk.

The rank of page was conferred on two candidates by the Knights of Pythias at their regular convention Monday evening. A large membership was present. The rank of esquire will be given next Monday evening.

The ladies of the Universalist church will serve dinner and supper at the town hall election day.

Mrs. H. A. Mason and son, Marion, and Mrs. Eliza Clutter, of north of town, drove to Knox county, Monday, where they will spend the week visiting with relatives.

Clarence Lyon is ill at his home, north of here, threatened by typhoid fever.

L. C. Donnenwirth, cashier of the Deposit bank, has a cotton plant in the bank with two large pods fully opened. Mr. Donnenwirth planted the seed and raised the plants in his garden, but took them up before the first frost this fall.

Mrs. Levi Cornwell, of Marion, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. C. A. Highly, Monday and Tuesday.

Little Mabel Rogers, who spent last summer with her grandmother, Mrs. R. G. Burt, has been seriously ill of diphtheira at her home in Cleveland for the past three weeks.

Mrs. Gail Beck and son, Wallace, of Marion, were called to this place, Tuesday, by the serious illness of the former's father, John Witcraft.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Stafford and son, Clarence, attended the marriage of their niece, Miss Flora Clark and George Keckler, which occurred at the bride's home, northwest of Monnette, Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Christ Assenheimer, of Bucyrus, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Marggraff several days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. August Zimmerman, of Delaware, spent the first of the week with the former's uncle, F. W. Albright and family.

Mr. and Mrs. John Ryan were the guests of relatives in Kenton, Saturday and Sunday.

Henry Nufer and daughter, Ethel, departed, Monday evening, for an extensive trip through California and Oregon. During their sojourn they will also visit New Orleans, El Paso, Texas, and other western points.

Travis Mathison, of DeGraff, is the guest of his brother, Frank Mathison and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Anderson, of Bellefontaine, and Mrs. John Thomas and son, John, of Columbus, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Anderson from Friday until Monday.

Miss Mae Jeffrey, of Marion, was the guest of her mother, Mrs. H. A. Hipsher, the first of the week.

Miss Grace Fell was in Columbus, Wednesday to replenish her stock of millinery goods.

The W. C. T. U. members will meet at the home of Mrs. Belle Underwood next Monday evening at 7 o'clock. All members are requested to be present.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Brown, of Mt. Gilead, visited last Sunday with Frank Rinker and family.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Gruber and little daughter were guests of friends at Edison, Sunday.

Mrs. George Ault was called to Dayton, Tuesday morning, by a message announcing that her sister, Mrs. George Shumaker, was near death at a hospital in that city, suffering of rheumatism and a complication of diseases.

Mr. and Mrs. William Scott and two sons left, Wednesday afternoon, for Roy, New Mexico, where they expect to make their future home. Mr. Scott will purchase a tract of land and engage in farming.

Miss Mabel Fell entertained her Sunday-school class at her home, Tuesday evening, with games and music. A nice lunch was served, and a pleasant evening passed.

The Woman's Foreign missionary society will meet at the home of Mrs. Charles Harrison next Wednesday afternoon. The regular election of officers will be held at this meeting.

Election returns will be received at Staffords restaurant, Tuesday night, arrangements having been made with the Western Union Telegraph company to furnish the same. The returns will be posted on a bulletin board where all can inspect.

A Republican rally will be held here Monday evening in the town hall. Several prominent speakers will be present.

LIVE STOCK AND GRAIN.

EAST BUFFALO—Cattle: Export cattle, $5 50@6 25; shipping steers, $5 00@5 50, butcher cattle, $5 00@5 75, heifers, $3 50@4 75, cows, $2 50@4 00; bulls, $2 50@4 00; milkers and springers, $30 00@60 00 Calves—Best, $8 00@8 50. Sheep and Lambs—Mixed sheep, $3 75@4 10; wethers, $4 25@4 40; ewes, $3 50@4 00; lambs, $5 65@6 00; yearlings, $4 25@4 50. Hogs—Heavies, $6 10@6 15; mediums, $6 10; Yorkers, $5 25@6 00; pigs, $4 50; roughs $5 10@5 20; stags, $4 00@4 50.

CHICAGO—Cattle: Steers, $4 10@7 60; cows, $3 00@5 00; heifers, $2 50@4 25; bulls, $2 50@4 50; stockers and feeders $2 60@4 65 Calves—$3 00@8 00. Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, $4 20@5 00; lambs, $4 75@6 35; yearlings, $3 85@5 15. Hogs—Choice heavy shipping, $6 00@6 20, butchers', $5 95@6 10; light mixed, $5 25@5 50; choice light, $5 50@5 80, packing, $5 50@5 90; pigs, $3 50@4 85. Wheat—No 2 red, $1 01½@1 02½. Corn—No. 2, 67½@70c. Oats—No 3, 45½@49½c.

PITTSBURG—Cattle: Choice, $5 75@6 00, prime, $5 40@5 70; tidy butchers', $4 40@4 90, heifers, $2 50@4 75; cows, bulls and stags, $2 00@4 00, fresh cows, $25 00@55 00. Calves—Veal, $6 00@8 25. Sheep and Lambs—Prime wethers, $4 10@4 25; good mixed, $3 60@4 00; lambs, $4 00@5 85 Hogs—Heavy hogs, $6 10@6 20; mediums, $5 85@5 95; heavy Yorkers, $5 60@5 80; light Yorkers, $5 00@5 35; pigs, $4 65@4 75.

CLEVELAND—Cattle: Prime dry-fed cattle, $5 25@5 75, fat steers, $5 25@5 50, heifers, $3 50@4 25; cows, $2 75@3 75, bulls, $2 25@3 50, milkers and springers, $25 00@60 00. Calves—$8 00 down Sheep and Lambs—Mixed sheep, $3 50@3 75; wethers, $4 00@4 25; ewes, $3 50@3 75, lambs, $4 00@5 75 Hogs—Mediums and heavies, $6 00; mixed, $5 75@5 85, Yorkers, $5 15@5 50; pigs, $4 00@4 25, roughs, $5 00; stags, $4 00@4 25.

CINCINNATI — Wheat, No. 2 red, $1 03@1 03½ Corn—No. 2, 63½@65c Oats—No. 2, 48½@49c. Rye—No 2, 78@79c. Lard—$9 40@9 50. Bulk Meats—$10 50. Bacon—$11 25. Hogs—$5 50@6 10. Cattle—$2 60@5 25. Sheep—$1 25@3 75. Lambs—$3 75@5 50.

TOLEDO—Wheat, $1 02¾; corn, 72c; oats, 50c, rye, 75c, cloverseed, $5 07½.

CHICAGO PRODUCE.

Chicago, Oct. 29.—Eggs—Extras 28; prime firsts 26; firsts 25; seconds 12@15.

Butter—Extras in creamery 26½; firsts 22; seconds 20; dairies 23.

Live poultry—Turkeys 16; chickens 10; springs 12½; geese, per dozen; $5@$7; ducks 9.

BIG CROWDS GO WILD OVER TAFT

Cheer Republican Candidate for Nineteen Minutes.

THE ENTHUSIASTS PARADE STREETS

Madison Square Garden Filled to Overflowing.

Great Demonstration To Close the Campaign in Gotham—Governor Hughes Comes in for His Share of Noisy Demonstration—Judge Explains Refusal To Order Receiver To Retain Wage Scale.

New York, Oct. 29.—Presidential Candidate William H. Taft and Charles E. Hughes, candidate for governor, spoke from the same platform in Madison Square Garden to an audience that filled the enormous amphitheater, the meeting being the climax of the Republican campaign in this city.

Their joint appearance at Madison Square Garden came at the end of a day which, from a political viewpoint, was most remarkable. During the day Mr. Taft spoke at 14 meetings and Governor Hughes spoke 15 times. Then, while the Madison Square meeting was in progress, a giant parade was wending its way in a downpour of rain down through the heart of the city. These were only the main features of the day.

Hours before the doors of the garden were thrown open long lines of ticket holders had formed. There is no other structure in New York which can hold such a big audience as Madison Square Garden, but it soon became apparent to the police that it would not have space enough for the hundreds gathered outside.

At 7 o'clock a heavy rain set in and it was thought the crowd would dwindle, but this was a mistake. The streets for blocks around were alive with umbrellas, and few persons deserted the waiting throngs. Excellent police regulations prevented any unseemly crowding when the doors were opened, shortly after the rain began to fall.

Other Speakers Hold Crowd.

While waiting for the arrival of Judge Taft, speeches were made by General Porter, chairman of the meeting; Senator Lodge, Secretary Straus and Governor Hughes.

The Republican presidential candidate reached the garden at 11:02 and instantly the audience was on its feet cheering. The band played the "Star Spangled Banner" and hundreds of flags waved. At the end of 10 minutes the cheering changed to shouts of "Taft, Taft, Big Bill Taft." A corps of ushers entered the hall from under the platform bearing huge portraits of Taft, Sherman and Hughes. At the expiration of 15 minutes the band began playing "What you goin' to do when the rent comes 'round," but the shouting of "Taft, Taft, Big Bill Taft," drowned the music. At the end of 19 minutes of tumult General Porter made himself heard and introduced Judge Taft.

The candidate was very hoarse and he made his speech brief. His first words produced a general laugh over his huskiness. When it subsided he continued with much impressiveness.

"The inspiration of this presence, no matter what happens on Nov. 3, will always be the sweetest memory of my life," said Mr. Taft.

Sentence Wins Audience.

This sentence won the audience at once. He added: "The spirit of loyal Republicanism that is instinctive in this audience makes me rejoice that I have always been a Republican."

A moment later the candidate commended the Roosevelt policies, and another mighty shout of approval went up. When he said "Bryan claims to be the heir to these policies," a voice piped up, "Yes, hot air," and another big laugh was indulged in. Mr. Taft spoke for less than 10 minutes because of the huskiness of his voice.

He stood for a few minutes on the platform before leaving the hall, smiling broadly as the thousands cheered him and shouted that he would win.

Before going to Madison Square Garden Mr. Taft spoke at Cooper Union. There he discussed the labor question in greater detail than he has heretofore. He explained the labor decisions he rendered while on the bench which have been made the basis of political arguments, and he answered some of the fresher charges against him which he has heretofore ignored. Judge Taft then took up the recent charge of Mr. Bryan that during the hard times of 1894-96 he had declined to modify an order of a receiver appointed by him as judge, reducing the wages of the employes of a certain railway 10 per cent. Judge Taft asserted that this order was the last extremity which could be resorted to to save the railroad to the city of Cincinnati, the owner, and thus make it possible for these same employes to obtain any wages at all.

A dose of the Bitters before each meal will keep the stomach sweet and the digestive organs normal. For 55 years it has proven its merit in cases of

Sick Headache
Indigestion,
Dyspepsia,
Colds & Grippe

Polish Private Schools Closed.

Warsaw, Oct. 29.—All the private Polish schools have been closed by the governors, in retaliation for the almost daily attacks made upon Russian university students in the streets for several weeks past. The Poles have appealed to the duma.

REAL ESTATE.

Mary L. Bates and others to A. W. Monroe, sixty-three acres in Tully township, $1,500.

Irene L. Beerbower and others to W. W. Woodruff, one lot in Marion, $1,900.

John Baldauf to Joseph Miller, two lots in Marion, $500.

Standard Real Estate company to Julia Miller, one lot in Marion, $3,500.

John M. Drake to Benjamin Waddel, forty acres in Waldo township, $1,000.

Mary S. Davis to Thomas J. McNeal, one lot in Green Camp, $100.

M. L. Dumble to E. S. Hockman, one lot in Marion, one dollar.

Mayme E. Felty to J. G. Ralston, part of one lot in Marion, $2,900.

Anda Fausnaugh to Grace J. Fausnaugh, one lot in Marion, $700.

C. C. Fisher to Julia Miller, one lot in Marion, one dollar.

J. B. Guthery to Joseph Prettyman, sixty-three acres in Montgomery township, $2,000.

Emery Hoit to R. E. Burton, one lot in La Rue, $125.

Minerva Hedges to J. W. Jacoby, one lot in Marion, $1,200.

E. S. Hockman to J. J. Schoenlaub, part of two lots in Marion, $1,650.

Mary E. Irey, by administratrix, to J. J. Schoenlaub, undivided half interest in part of one lot in Marion, $683.33.

John F. Irey to J. J. Schoenlaub, undivided half interest in part of one lot in Marion, $683.33.

W. P. Jones to J. V Wilson, one lot in Marion, one dollar.

Martha Kinnamon to Sylvester Ellis, one lot in La Rue, $100.

John G. Kunz to Michael Fetter, one lot in Marion, $400.

C. M. Long to Clarence A. Keil, one lot in Marion, $250.

Jacob Myers, Sr., to Jacob Myers, Jr., one lot in Marion, $150.

Isadore Miller to the Standard Real Estate company, one lot in Marion, $3,000.

Maggie A. Postell to A. G. Moss, one lot in Marion, $85.

R. O. Richards to D. S. Bretz, one lot in Morral, $1,600.

J. J. Schoenlaub to John Schmidt, eight acres in Big Island township, $400.

J. J. Schoenlaub to E. S. Hockman, one lot in Marion, one dollar.

Mary E. Wilson to Sarah J. Cramer, one lot in Marion, $1,500.

L. J. White to E. S. Moon, one lot in Marion, $1,750.

Benjamin Waddel to John M. Drake, thirty-one acres in Waldo township, $3,200.

OBITUARIES.

Stephen Morris died Wednesday evening, September 23, at 11 o'clock, after an illness of about four weeks. His wife died just eight days before. Another coincidence in the life of Mr. Morris was that his parents died within a few hours of each other after a long life together. The funeral services were held Friday afternoon, September 25, at 2 o'clock, at the M. E. church. Deceased was born September 23, 1826, in Marion county, Ohio, and died on the anniversary of his eighty-second birthday. He was married November 23, 1848, to Miss Mary J. Stevenson and came to Nebraska in 1872, locating on a farm in Colfax county. After farming for about four years he moved to Schuyler and in 1881 removed to North Bend, where he continued to reside until his death. Mr. and Mrs. Morris were the parents of four children, one of whom died in infancy. The others are Wallace Morris, Mrs. E. M. Thew and Mrs. Mabel Crites, all of whom were with their parents during their last days. During their residence in North Bend, Mr. and Mrs. Morris lived quietly in their home on east Seventh street and mingled little in society. Their last days were made as comfortable as possible by their children and their friends.—North Bend, Nebraska, Exchange.

Mary Jane Stevenson was born September 2, 1827 in the state of Maryland and was married to Stephen Morris November 23, 1848, died September 15, 1908, aged eighty-one years, thirteen days. Four children were born to the union, one of which died in infancy and the others have been present with her in her last sickness, a son and two daughters. She leaves also seven grandchildren and five great grandchildren. Sister Morris has been an active christian from early girlhood, and many speak of her faithfulness, and the clearness of her christian testimony in prayer and class meetings when her health permitted her to be present. With her husband they emigrated to Nebraska in March 1872 settling in Colfax county residing there for ten years when they moved to North Bend. For the last few years she has been feeble and much confined to her home but was ever of a pleasant and cheerful spirit of christian resignation.—North Bend Exchange.

IS NOT TAKING LONG CHANCES

Castro Plays for Time and Prepares for War.

WANTS HOLLAND TO ARBITRATE MATTER

Suggests That Representative Be Sent to Brazil

With Power To Act with Venezuela for Settlement of Differences. Presence of Dutch Warships Makes Him Suspicious and He Orders Ammunition for Coast Defense Guns Sent to His Ports.

Caracas, Oct. 29.—President Castro on Oct. 12, it being the day of his patron saint, Cipriano, while on his sickbed, answered the second note from the Netherlands government, which fixes Nov. 1 as the date for the revocation of the trans-shipment decree of May 14, and on Oct. 13 the document was placed in the hands of Baron Von Seckendorff, the German minister, who is in charge of Holland's interests.

Dr. Paul, minister for foreign affairs, closes his answer to Holland by saying that, as an interruption of diplomatic relations exists between the Netherlands government and Venezuela, and as the Venezuelan government desires to arrive at an amicable arrangement, he asks the government of Holland to send to Caracas a confidential agent with powers and instructions to settle all the difficulties now existing.

The point of view of Venezuela, as expressed in this answer, is that, notwithstanding that the government of the Netherlands in last note admits the good grounds for the grievances presented by the Venezuelan government, it has not given the requested satisfaction which is necessary for the forgiveness of the offenses. The Dutch government, in its note, limited itself merely to an offer to pay the material value of the consular shield destroyed by the Curacao mob.

Venezuela Expresses Surprise.

Venezuela's answer expresses surprise at, and calls inexplicable, the fact that the government of Holland, after having admitted in its note the perfect right of Venezuela to issue the trans-shipment decree, at the same time asks for its revocation and simultaneously makes the threat that it will no longer consider to be in force the protocol of 1894 unless said decree is revoked by Nov. 1.

The protocol signed at The Hague on Aug. 20, 1904, by the special commissioner of Venezuela, General Garcia, and the Dutch government, was for the purpose of re-establishing the relations of friendship between the two nations, which had been severed for 19 years. By it Venezuela agreed to drop all claims against Holland and Holland agreed to prevent conspiracy and filibustering expeditions.

Holland makes no further threat in her note, but the fact that two Dutch warships left Holland at the same time as the note and are now lying in the harbor of Curacao has been interpreted here by the government and by the people to be a direct though mute threat that force will be used on Nov. 1 to compel the revocation of the decree of May 14.

President Castro has answered this threat by making all necessary naval and military preparations to meet any reasonable contingency, and shells for the large coast defense guns on the La Guaira mountains were carried up to the guns last week. Now everything is in readiness in case Holland prefers to send the warships instead of the confidential agent asked for by Venezuela.

TWO SAFES BLOWN AT GALLIPOLIS

Uncle Sam Is Touched for $1,600 in Money and Stamps.

Gallipolis, O., Oct. 28.—Safe-blowers pried the iron screen off the postoffice window, entered and blew both safes with nitroglycerin and escaped with $1,600 in stamps and money, part of which belonged to Postmaster Eagle. A horse and buggy was stolen from Captain Charles Clendenin, which the robbers are supposed to have taken.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

BUYS THE FIRST AND LAST DRINK AT BAR

The Drinks Are Separated by Thirty-Three Years.

INCIDENT OF THE CLOSING OF SALOON

Farmer Buys the First Drink Sold at a Local Bar—Puts in Appearance with a Request for the Last Drink and Gets It—A Surprise for the Saloonist.

Thirty-three years ago a young man, now one of Marion county's prominent farmers dropped into a local liquor venders place of business and took a drink. This was the first sale that this proprietor had made, he having just opened his bar. Tuesday, this same man dropped into the place as was his custom, when in the city oftimes, and asked the proprietor when he was going to close up. He was answered "In a very short time, as I am about out of goods." The visitor said nothing but sat around a while, when he asked about how much there was left. The proprietor answered this time, "Just a few drinks.", Finally the customer said that he wanted the last drink, but would give no reason for his making the request. However, the genial proprietor told him, he would respect the request. When it came to the last draught, the man was given the desired drink. He then stated that he was the man who purchased the first drink in the bar and wanted to be the last one.

HOSTETTER SAYS HE IS NOT GUILTY

Claims That the Other Fellow Is the One in Wrong.

Editor Star:—I desire to refute the statement in the issue of your paper of the 27th inst. relative to the difficulty between Detective E. C. Curry and myself on last Saturday evening. It is not true that I drew and used a black-jack upon Mr. Curry until after he had assaulted me without provocation and drew his gun This statement can be verified by Detective Flynn of Dayton, City Officer James Cusic, Conductor Drake of the Erie passenger service and number of other persons present; they will further state that Mr. Curry was drunk to an extreme degree, that after the difficulty with *myself* he proceeded to the Nordica *hotel*, where he proceeded to create a disturbance to such an extent that it became necessary to eject him. This statement can be verified by the bartender and restaurant keeper in charge; that after being ejected from this latter place he created another disturbance on the street and in front of the Nordica hotel with one, Joseph Murphy, a contractor.

I simply make these statements in justice to myself and my friends as there has been an attempt to fasten the responsibility of this disgraceful affair upon myself and to shield the party who is really guilty and who was the starter and aggressor throughout.

I desire also to deny the statement that I was under the influence of liquor at the time of this occurrence and I freely challenge Mr. Curry or any one else interested to find a bartender or saloon-keeper in the city of Marion who ever sold me a drink of liquor or ever saw me take one at any time.

J. E. Hostetter.

LOCAL FRIENDS ARE GIVEN A SURPRISE

Miss Gail Robinson and Mr. L. L. Patterson Married.

The many friends in this city will be pleased to learn of the marriage of Miss Gail Robinson, of Carey, to Mr. Leslie L. Paterson, of that place, which was celebrated, Tuesday morning, at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Edward Robinson. Mrs. Patterson is the youngest daughter of Mrs Robinson and is a favorite in the younger social set of Carey. Mrs. Robinson and family were former residents of this city and moved to Carey a number of years ago, where Mrs. Patterson is engaged in the millinery business with her mother. Mr. Patterson is associated with his father in the undertaking and furniture business in that city.

Contract Awarded.

At a meeting of Chairman J. Wilbur Jacoby and M. B. Dickerson, of the board of education text-book committee, at the High school building, Tuesday afternoon, at which Superintendent H. L. Frank was present, the award for fifteen one-foot globes, eight United States maps, eight Ohio maps and one map each of Rome, Ancient Greece and Ancient Italy was given to the Ohio Valley School Supply company, of Cincinnati. The company's bid was $173.75.

St. Agnes' Guild.

St. Agnes' guild of St. Paul's Episcopal church held a meeting at the home of the Misses Salter, of south Main street, Tuesday evening, for business and social purposes. After the business session refreshments were served by the hostesses. Arrangements were made for a rummage sale to be held at the parish house November 6 and 7.

FORMER MARION BOY DIES IN CALIFORNIA

W. W. Essex Dies After a Long Illness.

W. W. Essex, son of Mrs. John P. Essex, of Park street, died of tuberculosis at Los Angeles, California, Monday night. The remains will be brought here for interment.

Mr. Essex, who was formerly employed by the Erie, left Marion about four years ago, going to Tucson, Arizona. He went to Los Angeles about two months ago. A brother will accompany the body to this city.

The deceased was thirty-one years old. Before his sickness compelled him to resign, he was cashier and chief clerk for the Southern Pacific railroad at Tuscon. He was a member of Marion Lodge, No. 402, Knights of Pythias, and that lodge will have charge of the funeral, arrangements for which will not be made until the arrival of the body.

Besides his mother, the deceased is survived by the following brothers and sisters: John P. Essex, of Indianapolis, who is now in California; Jamaes A. Essex, of Glen's Ferry, Idaho; Charles Essex, who is in the navy; G. H. and Fred Essex, of this city; Mrs. William Snellgrove, of Dayton, and Mrs. Walter McLain, of this city.

Beatty & Longs two and three soled honestly made solid work shoes are the best values in Marion. Fri-wky

RECORD OF ELECTRIC ROADS FOR THE YEAR

Eighty-Seven Persons Are Killed in Year.

FACTS OF INTEREST SHOWN IN REPORT

The Number of Miles of Traction Lines in the State—The Amount Invested in Electric Roads and What They Earn During the Year. Number of Passengers.

Columbus, O., Oct. 29.—During the year ending June 30, according to the report of the state railroad commission, from a compilation of statistics furnished by the electric roads operating in the state, eighty-seven persons were killed on the various lines during the year, while 1,143 were injured. Last year eighty-three were killed and 1,146 were injured.

There are 2,479.71 miles of main track operated this year against 2,406.12 miles last year, and a total of all track amounting to 2,794.18 miles against 2,646.11 miles last year.

The capital stock common this year is $108,741,523, an increase of $10,378,845; preferred $27,720,169 an increase of $11,755,944. The percentage of capital stock for Ohio is 91.66 per cent. The dividends for the year were $808,465 55, and increase of $179,895 55. The percentage of bonded indebtedness for Ohio is 94.66 per cent.

The net income for Ohio, after deducting interest, taxes, etc., was $1,167,257.40, an increase of $45,035.98. There are 7,735 employes, an increase of 783, to whom salaries amounting to $4,593,636.65 are paid.

The total earnings from operation reached $12,982,456.65, an increase of $725,796.80. Operating expenses totaled $8,550,670.21, an increase of $120,237.30.

There were 97,076,387 passangers carried, with one death for every 5,109,283 carried. Number of passengers injured not resulting in death, 718, or one in every 135,203 carried.

INJURED MAN CALLS FOR HIS SWEETHEART

Bracht Is To Be Married to Miss Margaret Bristol.

The following from the Toledo Blade of Wednesday refers to the brakeman injured in the Pennsylvania wreck who is at the Central Emergency hospital:

Semi-conscious from a serious wound received in a wreck, Lawrence Bracht, a Pennsylvania brakeman, lies at a hospital in Marion, calling for his fiancee, Margaret Bristol, of this city, to whom he was to be married November 18.

Bracht had been working for the Pennsylvania lines out of Toledo until a few days ago, when he was transferred to Columbus. This morning when his train was near Marion and the engineer endeavored to lessen the speed it was seen that the air was not working. Bracht attempted to set some hand-brakes when the train collided with a southbound double-header. The force of the collision threw the brakeman against a switch stand, cutting an ugly hole in the top of his head. He was immediately taken to the hospital at Marion and there, in his semi-conscious condition he calls for "Maggie," the name of the girl who was to become his wife next month. The parents of the injured man live at 874 Colburn street. When working here Mr. Bracht lived at the home of Mrs. A. F. Jennings, 1652 Poole street.

Have you seen Beatty & Long's perfect fitting $2.45 and $2.95 patent colt button and bluchers for women? Fri-wky

TWENTIETH CENTURY CLUB HOLDS MEETING

Mrs. George Raub Is Hostess to the Members.

THE TIME IS GIVEN TO VARIOUS PAPERS

Plans Are Made for a Halloween Social—Members of Chapter of Eastern Star Attend Meeting of Grand Lodge in Columbus—Some Notes of the Week at LaRue.

LaRue, Oct. 29.—[Special.]—The members of the Twentieth Century club were entertained at the home of Mrs. George Raub, south of LaRue, Tuesday afternoon. Roll call responses were "Ohio Generals.' Mrs. S. A. Raub read an interesting paper on "Morgan's Raid." Mrs. B. M. Morris gave a reading, "The Story of a City Club." After a discussion of current topics the club members read from "Hiawatha." The attendance was good. Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Guthery will entertain the club members and their husbands at a Halloween party, Friday evening. Mrs. J. H. Raub will be hostess to the club November 10.

Mrs. C. W. Rodgers spent Tuesday in Marion.

Mrs. N. Sifritt, Mrs J. S. Bonner, Mrs. C. H. Topliff, Mrs. W. E. Thew, Mrs. William Drake, Mrs. J. W. Hoagland, of LaRue, are in Columbus attending the Ohio Grand chapter of the Eastern Star.

Mrs. James Owens, of Marion, has been the guest of relatives at LaRue and vicinity the past week.

John and Alonzo Drake returned, Friday, from a visit with relatives in various parts of Indiana.

J. H. Clark, of Marion, was a business visitor in LaRue Saturday.

Mrs. Henry Tobias, of Agosta, visited Saturday with Mr. and Mrs. William Clark of Union street.

Master Leo Delauder and sister, Elida, of Marion spent Saturday and Sunday with their grandparents of this place.

Mrs. Ida Layton, of this place, spent the past few days with her parents in Marion.

A. H. Arnold, a student at Ada visited, Saturday and Sunday, at the I Shuster home west of LaRue.

A. N. LaRue, of Richwood, was a business visitor at LaRue Wednesday.

Mrs. J. B. Mapes and Mrs. Georgia Cluff, of Marion, spent Thursday with LaRue relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Milo Severn, of Marion, visited at the R. B. Cleveland home over Sunday.

Mrs. J. W. Campbell and children have returned from a visit with relatives near Monral.

J. H. Leonard, L. G. Copeland, A. E. Wise and N. H. Davis were business visitors in Marion Monday afternoon.

Mrs. C. H. Drybread, of Franklin, Indiana, is visiting LaRue relatives this week.

Mrs. James Long is visiting her son, M. C. Long, and family, of Richwood.

M. Morral and J. H. Raub have returned from Chicago, where they purchased several carloads of stock.

The remains of Henry A. Roderick who died at his late home in Marion, Thursday evening, were brought to LaRue, Friday evening, and the funeral was held at the residence of M. S. Burdge, Sunday afternoon, by Rev. J. A. Sutton, assisted by Rev. E. N. Long. Interment was made in LaRue cemetery. Relatives from a distance in attendance at the funeral were Mr. and Mrs. Edward Roderick and daughter, of Raymond; Thomas Roderick, of Buffalo; Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Stone, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Roderick and children, Howard Roderick, Mrs. Anna Cahill, and Miss Addie Burdge, of Columbus.

Mrs. Frank Holland, of Frankfort, Indiana, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Kniffin of east Vine street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Spaulding, of Marion, visited Mr. and Mrs. John Alt from Saturday until Monday.

Ferd Layton, who has been at LaRue for the past few weeks, left for Columbus, Thursday evening, where he has secured employment.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Henkle, of Front street, went to Marion, Thursday evening, where they will remain for the winter with their daughter, Mrs. Loa Thomas, of Uncapher avenue.

Mrs. F. Vanosdall and daughters, Helen and Nellie Margaret, returned home, Thursday evening, from a visit with relatives in Marion, Indiana.

U. O. Gerlach, of Kenton, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Gerlach of this place Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. R Bell spent Friday with relatives at Forest.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Thomas of Marion visited relatives at LaRue Thursday.

J. K. Peters visited his mother in Marion Monday evening.

Mrs. J. K. Peters and Miss Edna Noyes left, Monday, for Columbus, where the latter passed through an operation, Wednesday, at the Protestant hospital.

Mrs. Fise Chance, of Kalispell, Montana, who visited relatives at LaRue and vicinity returned home Thursday.

The ladies of the Methodist church will serve a chicken dinner and supper at the Knights of Pythias hall election day.

Mrs. M. Morral received word, Thursday morning, of the death of her mother in Oklahoma City. Her remains were taken to Leon, Iowa, for burial. Mrs. Morral left, Friday morning, for that place to attend the funeral.

Riley Kinnear, little son of Rev. Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Kinnear met with quite a serious accident, at his home on north High street, Tuesday evening, about 5 o'clock. He was in a spring wagon, and, in backing it over a sidewalk, he was thrown from the seat, falling in such a manner as to striks the sidewalk and cut a gash over one eye. A surgeon was called. It required three stitches to close the wound.

Herbert, son of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Hannegan, who fell from a wagon one day last week and dislocated his right arm, is getting along as well as could be expected.

Miss Carrie Elder, of Cleveland, is visiting relatives at LaRue this week.

Mrs. D. K. Drake was a Marion visitor Wednesday.

Miss Nell Kent returned to her home in Petoskey, Michigan, Tuesday, after a week's visit with relatives at LaRue and Marysville.

Mrs. John Bonner passed through a successful operation at her home on High street Wednesday morning.

Mrs. J. A. Slanser visited relatives in Marion, Tuesday and Wednesday.

Mrs. John Alt and Mrs. Burle Hune spent Saturday with relatives near Pfeiffer.

AMATEUR DETECTIVE FINED BY THE MAYOR

He Impersonates an Officer and Is Arrested.

LESTER C. TUTTLE MAKES AN ARREST

Secures Tin Badge and a Pair of Handcuffs from a Concern at Elkhart, Indiana—Complaint Is Made by George Hofstetter—Some Notes Gathered in Police Circles.

His desire to become a detective led to the arrest of Lester C. Tuttle, Wednesday evening, on a charge of impersonating an officer. Tuttle is a driver employed by the Marion Pure Milk company, and having an idea that he could run down a number of thieves, he decided to become a detective and secure clues while on his milk route.

Last week Tuttle sent to Elkhart, Indiana, to a supply house and secured a pair of handcuffs and an officer's badge made of tin. Sunday evening about 5 o'clock he put the badge and handcuffs to use by arresting the fifteen-year-old nephew of George Hofstetter, who resides south of Walnut street. Tuttle claimed that the boy had been in mischief, but had no special charge against the lad. The lad is small for his age and was badly frightened when Tuttle placed the handcuffs on his wrists and started to escort him to the city prison. For some reason, Tuttle released the boy near the Dr. C. E. Sawyer sanatorium and the boy later informed his uncle of the circumstances.

Hofstetter, who has heared the boy, became angered and filed an affidavit against Tuttle, Wednesday afternoon. It was not the intention to punish Tuttle severely, but the affidavit was drawn from a section which fixed the minimum fine at $25. Tuttle was fined this amount on pleading guilty and then turned over the handcuffs and badge because they were the cause of the trouble. Later he picked them up and said he would return them and get his money back. His employer went security for the fine and Tuttle was released.

John Martin filed an affidavit in the mayor's court, Wednesday morning, charging James Degarno with assault. The two are relatives and the filing of the affidavit was the outcome of a family quarrel. Degarno was arrested and taken to the mayor's office where he met Martin. The men discussed matters and the trouble ended by Martin withdrawing the charge.

The mayor and chief of police received a number of complaints from citizens in various parts of the city who claimed that boys celebrating Halloween were going beyond the limit and destroying walks and fences. A number of special men will be employed through the outskirts of the city to arrest all offenders and the mayor intends teaching the boys a lesson.

Solomon Fling was arrested at the armory of D company, Wednesday night, by Officers Slagle and Thompson and taken to the city prison where he was locked up to answer to a charge of intoxication and disorderly conduct. Fling is a member of the local company but was not in shape to drill. When arraigned before the mayor, Thursday, he pleaded guilty to the intoxication charge, but not to the disorderly conduct charge. He was fined five dollars and sentenced to stand committed until the amount is paid.

Men's extra high cut shoes at low cut prices—solid as a rock—sold by Beatty & Long. Fri-wky

PROCEEDING BEGUN IN COMMON PLEAS COURT

S. E. Hain Wants Court To Construe a Will.

DEATH OF BROTHERS CAUSE OF TROUBLE

Adam Free Is a Beneficiary in the Will of John Free, but Dies Before the Execution of the Will of His Brother—Question as to Heirs. Other Court Notes.

The death of brothers makes the will of one of them vague in the eyes of the executor, and the court must determine whether the widow or a grandson is to be a beneficiary.

S. E. Hain, as executor of the estate of John Free, through his attorney, W. P. Moloney, filed a petition in the common pleas court, Thursday alleging that he is in doubt as to the true construction of the last will and testament of the testator and says he cannot safely proceed without the court's direction.

The plaintiff sets up that after the execution of the will and before the death of John Free, a brother, Adam Free, died. Adam Free was a beneficiary of the will. In item No. 2 of the will of John Free he was bequeathed $2,000, and in item No. 10 one-eighth of the testator's estate in addition to the first bequest.

Adam Free left a widow, Parmellia Free, and a grandson, Myron Cromer. The widow and others are made defendants in the executor's action. By reason of Adam Free's death, the plaintiff avers that he can not decide justly as to whether Adam Free's widow or his grandson is entitled to the bequests.

The answer and cross-petition and reply of William Weber and Charles Gompf, through Attorneys Crissinger & Guthery, were filed in the common pleas court, Thursday, in the suit of the Marion National bank against the City of Marion, and others. They set up that on January 12, 1907, they filed in the court of Justice H. C. Thompson an action upon an account then due and payable against the Clinton Foundry & Machine company and obtained a writ of attachment and garnishment against the Marion National bank after securing judgment for $30.89.

The answering defendants ask that their claims be paid out of funds belonging to the Clinton Foundry & Machine company now in the hands of the bank.

In the suit of C. R. Leftquich and others against the Gebhardt Piano company and others, Henry Ackerman, receiver for the Gebhardt company, through his attorneys, Copeland & Bartram, filed a motion in the common pleas court, Thursday, asking that three suitable disinterested persons be appointed to appraise the property and assets, real and personal of the defendant company. A. C. Moon, Homer Carleton and Samuel B. Lippincott were named as appraisers by the court.

Sarah E. Hipsher, a defendant in the suit of Loren M. Hipsher against Loella A. Hurr and others, through her attorneys, Crissinger & Guthery, filed her answer in the common pleas court, Thursday. She sets up that she is forty-two years of age, and as the widow of Hiram A. Hipsher she is entitled to dower in all of his estate; that the decendent's real estate is of such a character that to assign her rightful realty in metes and bounds would impair the value of the remaining portion of the estate and would be of no value or support to herself. She therefore asks that her reasonable dower be set off in money.

Alleging that a temporary injunction was issued without notice, that it was allowed without evidence, contrary to law, and that there are no facts stated in the petition to warrant its issuance, John Amicon Brother & Company, of Columbus, filed a motion in the common pleas court, Thursday, to dissolve the restraining order in the suit of Caroline C. Court against Alexander C. Court and others. The plaintiff seeks a divorce and the Columbus firm was made a defendant in order to prevent the payment of money to Alexander C. Court, the defendant in the divorce action.

The answer and cross-petition and reply of the Nazareth National bank, of Nazareth, Pennsylvania, in the suit of the Marion National bank against the City of Marion, and others, were filed in the common pleas court by Attorneys Crissinger & Guthery, Tuesday afternoon. For its answer and cross-petition, it sets up that on January 14, 1907, a petition was filed in the common pleas court against the Clinton Foundry & Machine company upon a note, and that it procured a writ of attachment and garnishment against the Clinton company; that the Marion National bank, garnishee, answered that it had no money or property or anything of value belonging to the Clinton Foundry & Machine company, and that on May 27, 1908, by confession of the latter company, the answering defendant recovered judgment for $1,773.08, including costs.

At the time the action was brought and the writ of attachment and garnishment was issued, it is alleged that the Marion National bank, the plaintiff, notwithstanding its answer in the cause, as garnishee, held in its possession the sum of $2,700, the property of the Clinton Foundry & Machine company. That by reason of the issuance and service of the process of attachment and garnishment, the answering defendant avers its claim became a lien from the date of the serving of the notice on the bank, and that it is a prior lien to any of the other defendants, excepting that of William Weber and Charles E. Gompf and the Casparis Stone company.

In its reply to the answer of the city of Marion and the answer and cross-petition of the auditor of state, the replying defendant makes a general denial, and asks that an account be taken by the court of its lien and claim.

The answers and cross-petitions and replies of the Casparis Stone company and the Nazareth Foundry & Machinery company, each embodying practically the same subject matter, are filed in the same action.

In the suits of the Rock Island Plow company against Fred W. Cranston, Joel T. Shaw and the H Kaiser Buggy company, Attorney Phil M. Crow, of Kenton, filed motions in the common pleas court, Wednesday, to set aside judgments of $300 in each cause, rendered, October 29, 1906. It is set up that the judgments were obtained through irregular proceedings.

BAGPIPE PLAYER IS BEFORE THE MAYOR

Daniel Partridge Is Arrested for Drunkenness.

INSTRUMENT LEFT TO SECURE A FINE

Charles Bennett Is Arrested and with Other Boys Pleads Guilty to a Charge of Assault and Battery. Lads Are Given Light Fines. Notes of the Police Court.

Daniel Patridge, a bagpipe player, was arrested at the Pennsylvania crossing on Silver street, Tuesday, by Edward Masterson, detective of the Pennsylvania, and locked in the city prison to answer to a charge of drunkenness. Patridge entertained the other prisoners and officers with music from the time of his arrest until his hearing, Wednesday, he pleaded guilty to the charge and was fined five dollars. He left his instrument for security for the fine and was released.

As the result of information which came to Chief Cornwell in a round-about-way from a girl residing in Galion, Jack Farley, the piano salesman who until a few months ago was employed by G. W. Baker, has been located. Farley is a prisoner in the Xenia workhouse, having been sent from Springfield to serve a sentence of thirty days and work out a fine of $15 and the costs on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. It is stated that Farley forged checks on two prominent business men of Springfield, but his story aroused sympathy and a forgery charge was not placed against him.

The girl responsible for the location of Farley by the local police was on a visit in Springfield when Farley was arrested. Having met him in Galion she stated the circumstances when she returned to that place. The news came to the local police and the chief sent for a description of Farley. When arrested in Springfield, Farley was traveling under the name of John F. Miller The chief received a picture of the prisoner, Wednesday. His sentence will expire in December and he will then be brought to Marion to answer to a charge of forgery placed against him by G. W. Baker.

Charles Bennett was arrested, Tuesday afternoon, on a charge of being implicated in the assault and robbery of Clark Williams Monday night. Williams claimed that he had been robbed of a dollar, but being unable to identify the boy he says secured the money, the charges against Dale Bain, Roscoe Worthington, Charles Bennett and Patrick Fergus were changed to assault and battery.

The boys had all pleaded not guilty to the charge of the robbery. They were acquitted and arraigned on the charge of assault. To this charge, all pleaded guilty and were fined one dollar each while the costs were divided. They secured the amounts necessary and were released.

Charles A. Gouf secured an overload of intoxicants, Tuesday night, and strolled into the patrol house at the city prison, where he occupied a chair. Officer Slagle gave the man a cell in the prison and, Wednesday, he was taken before the mayor to answer to a charge of drunkenness. He pleaded guilty to the charge and was fined five dollars. Having no money he left his watch as security for the amount.

W. M. Skenyon, a detective of the Hocking Valley Railroad company, filed an affidavit in the mayor's court, last week, charging James Hemmiger with stealing onions from the company to the value of fifty cents. Hemmiger was ordered to appear before the mayor and, Wednesday, he fulfilled his promise. He pleaded guilty to the charge against him and was fined one dollar and the costs in the case, amounting to $2.50.

BAKES WELL COOKS WELL LOOKS WELL LASTS WELL

The acme of perfection in Gas Range construction.

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AMMANN'S.

SALOONS OF MARION COUNTY ARE CLOSED

Local-Option Law in the County Is Effective.

MANY SALOONS OPEN UNTIL LAST HOUR

Some Saloonists Close Their Places Early for Various Reasons—No Trouble Is Caused by Those Inclined To Be Boisterous—Near-Beer Is Now Offered Patrons.

"Taps" were sounded for the saloons in Marion county, Wednesday night, at 11 o'clock, when the dry enforcement under the Rose county local-option law became effective.

Marion county is now saloonless, but near-beer is foaming and, so far as appearances are concerned, the stranger would not know that he was in dry territory by simply walking into any one of the numerous temperance barrooms and not asking for a drink.

By agreement several of the liquor dealers closed their places of business, Wednesday evening at 6 o'clock. They closed at this hour, they said, to avoid any trouble that might result from the "riff-raff." Among those who closed at 6 o'clock was Charles Bausinger at No. 116 south Main street. He first visited an undertaking store and procured a black door-crepe, which he hung on the front door. Afterward, Bausinger was kept busy answering the telephone, as many people who saw the crepe naturally presumed some one of the saloon proprietor's relatives were dead. They called up to learn who was dead and to offer their condolences.

The majority of the saloonkeepers in the city remained open until the regular closing hour. Nearly all of them had sold all of their liquors long before that time.

The end of the saloons in Marion county was marked with no unusual boisterousness, as had been feared by the police. There were a few ordinary drunks, but no disturbances. When the bell in the court-house belfry tolled the hour of eleven no exciting climax had been furnished.

A Small Blaze.

While the members of the family were at supper, fire started in a bed in the front room of the flat occupied by Lima brothers, on north Main street, about 6 o'clock Tuesday evening. The fire department was called, but on arrival the flames had almost been extinguished by use of a garden hose. The origin of the fire is unknown. The damage was very slight.

No truth is learned until it is lived.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of Isaac Smith, deceased
The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as Executor of the estate of Isaac Smith, late of Marion county, deceased.
Dated at Marion, Ohio, this 26th day of October A. D. 1908.

24-wk-f-3 F. W. WARNER, Marion, Ohio.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

MARION WEEKLY STAR.

..., $1.00 Per Year, in Advance.

BY W. G. HARDING.

SIXTEEN PAGES.

SATURDAY - - - OCTOBER 31

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATES.

National Ticket.

For President—William H. Taft.
For Vice President—James S. Sherman.

Congresional Ticket.

For Member of Congress—Grant E. Mouser.

State Ticket.

For Governor—Andrew L. Harris.
For Lieutenant Governor—Francis C. Treadway.
For Secretary of State—Carmi A. Thompson.
For Auditor of State—Edward M. Fullington.
For Treasurer—Charles C. Green.
For Attorney General—U. G. Denman.
For Board of Public Works—Bernard W. Baldwin and William Kirtley, Jr.
For Dairy and Food Commissioner—Renick W. Dunlap.
For Commissioner of Schools—John W. Zeller.
For Justices of Supreme Court—John A. Shauck and James L. Price.
For Clerk of Supreme Court—John S. McNutt.

Judicial Ticket.

For Circuit Court Judge—George E. Crane.

Senatorial Ticket.

For State Senator for the 13th District—Richard L. Cameron.

County Ticket.

For Representative—H. E. Hill.
For Probate Judge—L. B. McNeal.
For Auditor—C. L. Allen.
For Treasurer—J. B. Patton.
For Prosecuting Attorney—John H. Clark.
For Sheriff—E. E. Drown.
For Clerk of Courts—W. W. Klinefelter.
For Recorder—R. M. Shute.
For Commissioners—W. H. Holverstott, Daniel Seiter and L. M. Thompson.
For Infirmary Directors—H. H. Irey, James McKinstry and Felix Kiger.
For Surveyor—E. S. Ault.
For Coroner—Dr. D. O. Weeks.

That $10,000 campaign contribution limit put on by Colonel Bryan is something of a joke. For instance his treasurer, or the treasurer of the national Democratic committee, Herman Ridder, subscribed $10,000 yesterday. And Mr. Ridder's son, Victor F., subscribed $9,000; and his son, Bernard H., $9,000; and his son, Joseph L., $9,000. Colonel Bryan must feel regret that the Ridder family was not modeled on the Rooseveltian anti-race-suicide plan. Had there been half a dozen more young Ridders, Pa Ridder could have donated something like $100,000 and never fractured the $10,000 limit.

One can't help feeling that the reception to our fleet in Japan has a tendency to knock a hole or two in the president's four-battleship program.

Noting how the odds are going up on Hughes' election, the people of New York state naturally go up in popular esteem.

If Rollin M. Shute is elected the people of Marion county may rest assured that they will have a careful, competent and courteous county recorder.

The voters of Marion county should be interested in the election of H. Edmund Hill to our state legislature. He represents the sentiment expressed by the vote of the people at the recent county local-option contest. Temperance laws and temperance legislation, together with all other needed legislation, will receive his consideration. Aside from this, his experience as a lawyer naturally fits him for this office. W. T. Smith, the Democratic candidate, voted against the best temperance measure ever introduced in the Ohio legislature. With the wave of temperance reform, Mr. Voter, will W. T. Smith be of any benefit to you in our next legislature? Vote for H. Edmund Hill, and vote right.

H. Edmund Hill, the Republican candidate for representative, is one of the most competent candidates Marion county has had for years. He is a good lawyer and would know some of the needs of legislation. He is a strong temperance man, and an ideal candidate for this most important office.

Matters must be going badly for Judge Harmon. Early in the week he reached the stage where he so far forgot himself as to call his opponent a liar.

We don't take any stock in Colonel Bryan's story that the Republican party will spend a million to buy up Democracy. What the colonel has left of Democracy isn't worth one-tenth that amount.

VOTING FOR COMMISSIONER AND INFIRMARY DIRECTOR

In presenting to the voter for his consideration the names of the three Republican candidates for the office of infirmary director—Harrison H. Irey, Felix Kiger and James McKinstry—the Star wishes to impress upon his mind the necessity for the utmost caution upon his part in marking his ballot.

With three such candidates, it is hard to understand how any voter—any Republican voter at least—should not be glad to vote for all of them. But if for any reason he is not content to place an X in the party emblem at the head of his ticket and let it go at that, and must needs scratch one or more of them, he should be careful that he does not lose his vote on all three. This year, for the first time, there are three candidates on each old party ticket for infirmary directors, and the only safe way to cast a scratched ticket is to place an X before the name of each candidate for whom he wishes to vote. It won't do to place an X in the circle under the eagle say, and then mark an X before the name of some candidate on the Democratic ticket, or vice versa. That course will result in the casting of a vote for the one candidate marked only. The voter will lose his vote on the other two.

And when voting for the three nominees of each of the two old parties for commissioners, the same rule holds good. If the voter for any reason concludes to vote for some other candidate for commissioner than one of the three named on his party ticket, he should place an X before the name of each of the three men he hopes to see constitute the board of county commissioners. The Republican nominees for this board are W. H. Holverstott, Daniel Seiter and L. M. Thompson—a splendid trio.

As may be said of the three nominees for the office of infirmary directors, so it may be said of the three men nominated by the Republicans of Marion county for commissioners—better candidates could not be found.

Messrs. Irey, McKinstry and Kiger are good, honest, upright men, who will faithfully and well transact the duties of the office of infirmary director. To know them is to esteem them.

Messrs. Holverstott, Seiter and Thompson are worthy in the utmost the suffrage of the voter and deserve his support.

RUN WITHOUT DIRECT COST TO THE TAXPAYER

Charles L. Allen, the Republican nominee for county auditor, has a record of which he, his party and the people of Marion county alike may well be proud. Marion county has had in years past many faithful servants in the county auditor's office, but it is no disparagement to say that he has proven the superior of any of them. He went into the office thoroughly equipped to handle the manifold duties which it carries. A splendid accountant, an honorable, upright man, bright and intelligent—he was superbly fitted for the place.

When a candidate for election for his first term he promised those, whose votes he sought—and that came mighty near including every voter of the county—that, if elected, he would not do the county any harm and might do it some good. That was about the sum total of his promises. But though he promised little he has accomplished much, among his achievements during his incumbency being the increasing of the valuation of the railroad property in the county $251,388. What this means to the voters of Marion county may be better understood when it is stated that the taxes collected as a result of this increased valuation alone have more than paid the entire expenses of the county auditor's office, including the auditor's salary, clerk hire, records, tax duplicate and stationery. In a word, under the administration of Charles L. Allen, the county auditor's office is run without direct cost to the taxpayer.

But Mr. Allen's accomplishment along this line is far from the sum total. Under him there has been a radical change in the manner of conducting the office. He recognized the fact that he was elected to serve the people, that a careless or indifferent servant was little better than no servant at all. Under him, courtesy has been the rule. The office is not his, but the people's, and when business brings them to it they are served in such a manner, as to impress upon them the fact that their rights therein are willingly, gladly recognized and served. It has been his aim and that of his assistants to make all the transactions of his office plain, to throw light and all the light possible on any matter concerning which information was desired. As he says in a circular letter addressed to voters—"We have no secrets in the county auditor's office." If the voter will think this one sentence over he will recognize the fact that it is worthy of his consideration. The people of Marion county are best served when they place in office servants who have no secrets in their office from them.

Charles L. Allen is worthy of the support of the voters of Marion county and should be given a second term.

EVERYBODY IS FRIENDLY TO BILLY KLINEFELTER

If Marion county has one servant, who, more than any other, has the good will and esteem of all the people of the county, William Klinefelter is that one.

Three years ago, when Billy Klinefelter made his campaign for what was his first term in office, he was assailed with all manner of personal abuse, and it was openly urged that he was utterly incapable of transacting the business of the office—this, too, in the face of his years of service in a local railroad office. But despite the style of campaign waged against him, he remained serene. His sunny disposition raised him above the force of such attack, and he went quietly about his way, undisturbed by the opposition clamor, and made votes so effectively that he was chosen clerk of courts by one of the largest pluralities ever given a candidate in Marion county.

That the voters of Marion county chose wisely has long ago been demonstrated. He has made one of the finest clerks in the history of Marion county. His records and files are kept in perfect shape. He has ever been courteous and obliging. No matter how great the press of work, no matter what the circumstances, those having business in the county clerk's office have found him ever ready and willing to look after their wants. Billy Klinefelter actually goes out of his way to be accommodating, and hence it is easy to understand the great popularity he has attained as a county officer.

This is not a partisan campaign claim, but a solid fact. If there is the slightest doubt in the mind of any voter, let him go to any reputable attorney—for naturally attorneys are in position to better judge how the clerk's office should be run than one who is not acquainted with the practice of the law—and ask him who has been the best clerk Marion county has had in decades, and his answer will be "Billy Klinefelter." It matters not whether the attorney is Republican or Democrat, the answer will be the same.

Such is Billy Klinefelter's record as clerk of courts.

It is not news to the majority of Marion county voters that Billy Klinefelter ran for the office twice before he enjoyed the fruits thereof. The first time, it will be remembered, he was elected by one vote and had received his commission from the governor, when the matter was carried into the courts, where it was decided against him, entailing considerable expense upon his part. He thus has not made as much out of his office as ordinarily would have been the case, and hence has added reason for coming before the voters of Marion county with a request for a second term.

If deserved popularity amounts to aught, if merit, and honesty, and uprightness in office count, Billy Klinefelter will succeed himself as clerk of courts.

Judge Taft should not blame Colonel Bryan for taking offense at the statement that a business depression would surely follow his, the colonel's, election. The judge should remember that it's the truth which hurts

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Grant E. Mouser, for representative in congress grows in strength as the campaign progresses. He is a man with a record of faithful service. He is a man experienced in affairs and the voters of the Thirteenth district will exercise sound business judgment and decide to continue in office as their representative an official who has demonstrated his ability to represent the varied interests of his district with the intelligence and acumen in keeping with the importance of those interests. Let us not overlook the fact that Mr. Mouser has consistently voiced the sentiments of the people of the district; that he has stood for the great measures advocated by Theodore Roosevelt, and that, with William H. Taft, as president, he unqualifiedly stands for the continuation of the policies which mean the advancement of our country along all lines of honorable enterprise. As a business proposition, as a political proposition, and as a patriotic proposition, Mr. Mouser represents the things in which the people believe, and they are for him.

Mr Gompers denounces the United States supreme court As a rule, the man who denounces the courts is a pretty safe person to steer away from.

CLARK POINTS TO RECORD OF ACCOMPLISHMENT.

John H. Clark, is the Republican candidate to succeed himself as prosecutor. When Mr. Clark made his first campaign, it was necessarily one of promises. But such is not the case the present campaign when he comes up and asks the voters of Marion county for a second term. He is now able to point out that he has kept his promises. He is now able to point to a record of accomplishment as an earnest of what his course is to be if honored by the voters of Marion county with a second term. He points with pride to his accomplishment of driving the bridge trust out of Marion county. He can say to the voter—"I saved you $4,900 on the Newman bridge. It was during my first term that the practice of leting contracts for county work, privately, was abolished and the plan of awarding contracts to the lowest bidder was inaugurated." He is able to point out to the voter where the county was saved $600 on a mile and a half of pike repairing as a result of this change of system. He is able to show the voter where the sum of $5,900 a year is saved the county on the tax map matter as a result of his effort. He is in position to demonstrate that he saved the county $15,000 by preventing the building of a bridge at Prospect for the interurban people which would have cost the county that amount. During his one term in office he has secured sixty-three convictions, with only thirteen acquittals, and has saved the county great expense by handling its cases himself, the county not having paid out a cent to anybody for assisting him in his many prosecutions.

Prosecutor Clark has done his duty as he has seen it. He may have erred in some cases, but he has ever believed that he was doing that which was just and right. In a word—John H. Clark is honest, and his record as a public servant has been one of the utmost honesty. He has done what he considered was his duty without fear or favor of any man or any set of men. He has been the servant, not of party, but of all the people. And thus he is able to go to the voter and say: "If I have done my duty as prosecuting attorney this one term, I believe you will agree with me that I deserve another." And if the voter believes in a square deal for a square man, John H. Clark will next Tuesday get what he deserves.

MAKE CLEAN FINISH TO THIS CAMPAIGN.

The campaign in Marion county, and in the senatorial and congressional districts, has been clean and decent thus far, free from disagreeable personalities and abuse, and the Star hopes it will continue so during the few closing days of the contest. There has been some lying, of course, the inevitable political lying of extreme boosters and thoughtless partisans, but in the main the several contests have been decent and tolerable. Let the finish be without marring by fakes, roorbacks and indecencies. The things worth while at all were worth bringing out long ago. A story that has to wait till the last day or two of the campaign bears the stamp of dishonesty and indecency on its face. Bar out the mud-slinging and the mud-slingers. Bump the roorback and the roorback peddlers. It is a good time now to resolve to make the campaign finish so as to have a pleasant taste in one's mouth, whether he is candidate or citizen. It is a great time to be good. It is in harmony with the swelling tides or reformation.

Mr. Gompers' statement that he will not accept a cabinet portfolio, in the event of Mr. Bryan's election, is very liable to be construed as a sort of a half confession that one had been offered him upon the condition mentioned.

Of course, those friends invited by Colonel Bryan to be his guests at the White House after March 4 can't reasonably complain should the colonel be compelled by the exigencies of politics to take them around to a restaurant on some side street.

In view of all that has been printed to prejudice the people of America against the Japanese, the fact that the fleet has sailed away without the slightest unpleasant incident having marred the pleasures of the week, speaks volumes for the intelligence of the enlisted men of the fleet and their loyalty to their country and officers.

Upon his advent into politics Rollin M. Shute made a splendid race against a second-termer and was beaten out for county recorder by only a small margin. He's not running against a second termer for the same office this campaign. Catch the idea?

Colonel Bryan's "fear" that the Republicans are going to buy the election is hardly complimentary to the loyalty of his followers.

CONGRESSMAN MOUSER VOTES HIS CONSCIENCE.

Some of our Democratic friends are seeking to bring a curse upon Congressman Mouser in an allegation of the friendship of Speaker Cannon. It is not important except to reveal the poverty of the campaign material of the opposition. Mr. Cannon recognized Mr. Mouser's abilities at once, but never assumed guardianship or ownership. We can recall now, without having the official record for reference, that Mr. Mouser disagreed with Mr. Cannon and voted against him on the ship subsidy legislation, on the Philippine tariff bill and on the amendments to the immigration laws. Congressman Mouser's strongest claim to reelection is that he always voted his convictions. There are two or more sides to pending legislation, always. A man can't please everybody. The right course is to do just as Mr. Mouser has done, thresh out the questions understandingly and then vote honest convictions. That is the way to trusted representation.

Mr. Mouser's devotion to the varied industrial interests of his district has given him an increased hold on the osteem of the Thirteenth district. With the congressman it is a record of service and fidelity, and capable service, too. He has been able to do things because he has been in touch with the majority and the administration, and because he has the ability to do things. His is a record of which the district may be proud, of which Mr. Mouser himself may well be proud He has done things and done them well. Here in Marion we have come to a realization that this district has a representative in congress, and that it pays in a score of ways to have a recognized representative in the center of political thought and action, having something to say about federal affairs. This is why Marion people are going to vote for Mr. Mouser regardless of party, and give him an expression of confidence and esteem that will jar the outside political writers who have been penciling very erroneous predictions for the Thirteenth district.

DR. DANA O. WEEKS FOR COUNTY CORONER.

Dr. Dana O. Weeks, the Republican candidate for coroner, needs no introduction to the voters of Marion and Marion county. All the forty-two years of his life, Marion county has been "home" to him, and for the last thirty years he has been a resident of Marion. He received a common school education here, later receiving a literary education at Wooster university and perfecting himself for the practice of medicine in the Columbus Medical college, later taking a post-graduate course at the Chicago Post-Graduate school and hospital. He has practiced as a successful physician and surgeon in this city since 1892 and has been honored with membership in the American Medical, the Mississippi Valley Medical, the Ohio State Medical and the Marion County Medical societies. He is the author of medical papers which have achieved national reputation. Not only is he prominent in his profession, but also in church and civic-society, social and political life throughout the county and in the state. He is of a line of physicians and surgeons, his father and grandfather having been successful physicians and surgeons before him, from which it may easily be seen that Dr. Weeks is highly qualified for the responsible office of county coroner, and thus qualified is worthy and deserving of the support of the voters of Marion county.

Too bad, too bad! It looks as though Mr. Gompers' attack on Mr. Keefe had beaten Gompers out of all chance for a cabinet portfolio.

Colonel Bryan should bear in mind that no matter how Ohio has been tagged in presidential years it has always reached the same party.

Up to a late hour this afternoon Billy Klinefelter was unable to locate a single cloud upon the political sky under which his candidacy to succeed himself as county clerk is flourishing.

Bryan warns the workingmen that they are in danger of betrayal from within their own ranks. Can it be that the colonel's conscience is hurting him to such an extent that he deems it necessary to warn them against Gompers?

Anyway, it is evident that old General Apathy isn't going to have everything his own way this campaign.

No doubt Treasurer Sheldon would be glad to pay Colonel Bryan a reward of twenty-five per cent., or such a matter, for locating that $1,000,000 the colonel says the Republicans have raised for buying the election.

A NOTABLE TRIBUTE TO CANDIDATE TAFT

The Star invites the attention of its readers, Republicans and Democrats alike, and especially those of the two old parties who are in that vast army engaged in the field of labor, to the following editorial from last Sunday's Cincinnati Enquirer:

Taft's Stand at Terre Haute.

Mr. Taft's speech at Terre Haute on injunctions and judges was the clearest cut, the soundest, the bravest and the best he has made in the entire campaign.

It was delivered as political, but it was a legal brilliant, diffusing justice with every ray.

It was the stand of an upright judge expounding the law, regardless of clamor or opposition. No American citizen can read that speech, whether he be Republican, Democrat, Socialist or Independent, without admiration of its exposition of the equal rights of all classes before the law.

If Mr. Taft had made this same utterance in the same spirit two months ago Indiana would not have been so close as it seems today, and Ohio and New York would not need to be campaigned through.

Federal judges, as all other judges, must not be the representatives of classes of men or of special interests. The scales of justice must be kept in even balance, and the pauper's rights must be as secure as those of the millionaire. The revilings of lawless laboring men must be no more heeded than the antagonism of railway officials caught rebating or the groans of corporations under the punishment of a fine for illegal acts.

Eugene Debs, John D. Rockefeller, Paul Morton and Samuel Gompers are identical in personal rights in the clear sight of justice and before the majesty of the law.

The desires of any set of men banded with special selfish interests to control or interfere with the courts or the administration of justice will not be tolerated for a moment by the voters of the United States.

No presidential candidate should owe his election to cliques or bands or classes, to predatory interests of either those who have money or those who desire to possess the wealth others have earned.

The prostituting of law to serve the mob or the debauching of courts to shield the rich can have no existence in the United States.

Mr. Bryan by coming out as clearly as Mr. Taft on this important issue of impartial courts and judiciary can firmly bind both candidates to the cause of law and order, the preservation of personal rights and personal property.

Mr. Bryan's command of direct English speech is well known, and it is in his power in a few sentences to place himself right before the people.

The Democratic party has always stood firmly against mobs and classes. It has ever been the champion of even and exact justice to all men.

Were the foregoing sentiment uttered by a Republican paper it would be a notable tribute to Judge Taft, but coming from a Democratic paper it is doubly so.

SHOULD BE A PLEASURE TO VOTE FOR SHUTE

When the Republicans of Marion county nominated Rollin M. Shute for the office of county recorder they chose wisely and well. He is not only splendidly qualified for the position from his experience in the clerical department of one of our manufacturing institutions and a clerkship in the freight-office of one of the local railroads, but is by nature endowed with one of those pleasing personalities so essential to a man who has dealings with the public. He is not only a careful, capable accountant and one of the finest penmen in the county, but also one of the very best-hearted and obliging fellows in the entire community.

With Rollie Shute in the recorder's office, it would be a pleasure to do business there. Nothing that man could do to accommodate the people of Marion county and make easy any examination of the county records which their business might require would be left undone by him. He is one of the kind that takes pleasure in saying a good word or doing a kindly act for others, not with the hope of future recompense, but purely through love of doing the thing. A disposition like that is a rare treasure in a public official and smooths the ways of business life.

When Rollie Shute ran for recorder three years ago he was up against an opponent who was running for a second term, and, as is generally known, the second-term proposition is something of an institution in Marion county. He went down to defeat by a margin so narrow, that, the second-term handicap no longer obtaining, his friends naturally look for a victory this campaign.

No matter what the result, however, the voter may feel assured that a ballot cast for Rollie M. Shute for county recorder will never be regretted.

What a source of regret it must be to Colonel Bryan that Senator Tillman could not have remained away till after the election.

SHERIFF E. E. DROWN IS UP FOR REELECTION

Of the several aspirants for political honors in Marion county, none has conducted a more cleanly-cut, straightforward and open campaign that Easton E. Drown, the Republican candidate to succeed himself as sheriff.

Sheriff Drown, during his term of office, has demonstrated that he possesses all the qualities which go to make a capable officer. His administration of the sheriff's office has been beyond question. He has done his duty at all times, and been active and alert in doing it. He has been at the same time careful and painstaking in the clerical work of his office and made a record of which he and his friends are entitled to be proud.

Sheriff Drown was one of the big surprises of the campaign which preceded his election to office. He had made such a quiet, unobtrusive campaign—just such a campaign as might have been expected from the quiet unobtrusive fellow that he is—that some of his friends were doubtful of the result. Sheriff Drown, however, knew that, although he had done his work quietly, he had done it well; that his campaign was bound to be an effective one, and the result—the handsome plurality which the voters of Marion county gave him—justified his expectations.

Sheriff Drown has not gone about with a brass band this campaign. He has simply made the same honest, manly canvass that he made before, and his friends naturally anticipate a similar result.

If a true and faithful servant is entitled to recognition, Sheriff Easton E. Drown should be handsomely reelected by the voters of Marion county for a second term.

To the farmer there is no more important county officer than the county surveyor, and it has been many years since Marion county has had a surveyor the peer of Edward S. Ault, the Republican candidate to succeed himself in that office. It is to the surveyor that the farmer must look to see that he gets value received for the money he pays out for ditches and pikes and bridges. Under the administration of Edward S. Ault the farmers of Marion county have not only been satisfied with the manner of their ditch assessments, but also with the supervision which Surveyor Ault has given the ditches. He has not been content to take this or that contractor's word that a job has been correctly done, he has seen that it has been. Edward S. Ault has proven a valuable servant for the farmers. He is worthy of the farmer's support.

When Colonel Bryan held President Roosevelt and Mr. Taft responsible for the recent panic, in his speech Wednesday, he may have forgotten his address at Binghamton, New York, October 24, 1907, in which, speaking of the financial situation, he said:

"I notice that one of the officers of a bank that closed its doors yesterday attributed it to the president. That is not the reason. Don't blame the sheriff, but blame the horse thief. Don't blame the officials who make and enforce the laws, but blame the criminals who make the laws necessary. Blame the unscrupulous financiers who have piled up predatory wealth; they have exploited a whole nation."

Still, it is possible that he may have remembered. It is possible that he has only changed his mind. The colonel may look upon predatory wealth from a different viewpoint, now that it is giving him its almost solid support.

All this claiming, of course, is intended to catch the fellows who like to be on the winning side, but, happily, the fellows without minds of their own appear to be growing fewer each year.

Sink or swim, survive or perish, Governor Harris proposes to come out of the campaign as he went into it—for temperance—despite all attempts to mislead the voter by grapevines to the contrary.

A Philadelphia man has been arrested for flirting with his wife. It's simply remarkable how many people suffer from defective vision.

If we get Mr. Hearst's view, he never before in his life got so much amusement out of a $12,000 investment.

Governor Harris promises to veto any measure repealing the Rose local-option law, therefore a vote for Harris is just that much extra assurance that the Rose law will not be repealed.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Miss Lulu R. Imbody and Morris E. Berry, of Agosta; Miss Ada M. Fields and Lewis Uhl, and Miss Iscah Dell Gray and William H. Hunt.

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BRYAN IS REPUDIATED BY MANY DEMOCRATS

Influential Men Who Refuse To Vote for Bryan.

DEMOCRATIC RALLY FOR TAFT AND SANITY

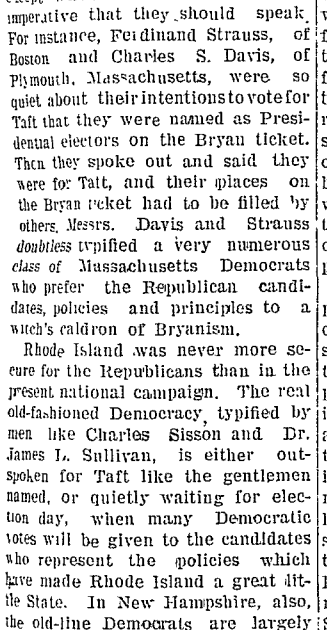
New England, New York, New Jersey, Maryland and the Southern States Furnish Evidence of a Sweeping Republican Victory—Examples for Consideration.

New York, Oct. 29.—That Taft and Sherman will have the votes of a very large number of Democrats on November 3 is not remarkable; it would be remarkable if the Democracy, including in its ranks many who are eminent in business, in the professions and in various branches of industry, were united behind Bryan, who represents a platform which aims to cripple business and industry, and to paralyze every form of legitimate enterprise. Bryan's past has been followed and studied by thoughtful, intelligent and conservative members of the party to which he claims to belong, and the result is not favorable to Bryan. In the view of many Democrats he has grown worse instead of better, and his free silver folly of twelve years ago has not been improved upon by his free trade, bank guarantee and fifty per cent. business limitations vagaries of more recent date. Bryan is not exactly like the person in the scripture who got rid of one evil spirit only to let seven more take its place. He has a warm corner yet for the first devil, besides the later arrivals, and there is no telling what new schemes for turning things topsy-turvy are being conjured in his volatile brain.

No wonder, therefore, that many sane Democrats are for Taft. All of them do not speak their feelings; most of them, probably, are silent, except when circumstances make it imperative that they should speak. For instance, Ferdinand Strauss, of Boston and Charles S. Davis, of Plymouth, Massachusetts, were so quiet about their intentions to vote for Taft that they were named as Presidential electors on the Bryan ticket. Then they spoke out and said they were for Taft, and their places on the Bryan ticket had to be filled by others. Messrs. Davis and Strauss doubtless typified a very numerous class of Massachusetts Democrats who prefer the Republican candidates, policies and principles to a witch's caldron of Bryanism.

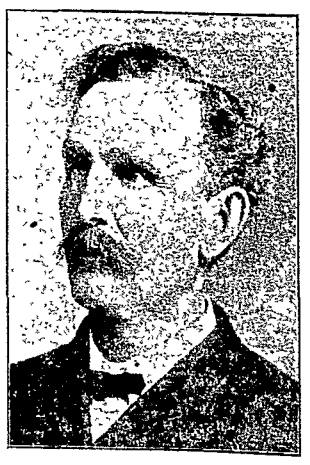
Rhode Island was never more secure for the Republicans than in the present national campaign. The real old-fashioned Democracy, typified by men like Charles Sisson and Dr. James L. Sullivan, is either outspoken for Taft like the gentlemen named, or quietly waiting for election day, when many Democratic votes will be given to the candidates who represent the policies which have made Rhode Island a great little State. In New Hampshire, also, the old-line Democrats are largely for Taft. Among the more prominent who will vote for the Republican candidate are Kirk S. Pierce, of Hillsboro, nephew and heir of President Franklin Pierce, and Alvah W. Sulloway, of Franklin, formerly Democratic national committeeman.

In New York City and state the number of Democrats who refuse to accept Bryan and Gompers is very large, as the vote on election day will prove. They are not, as a rule, doing much talking, but they are talking enough for it to be an open secret that they want Taft, and will vote for him. Many of the leading merchants are Democrats, but it is said on good authority that ninety-nine in one hundred are for Taft, because they regard his election as necessary to business interests. Among New York Democrats who have come out resolutely and actively for Taft, Mr. John Miles deserves



HARRISON H. IREY.

Harrison Irey is the Republican candidate to succeed himself, as infirmary director, in which office he has made a splendid record during his first term.



EASTON E. DROWN.

No better man than Sheriff Drown has held the office in years. He is the Republican nominee to succeed himself in office.

honorable mention. Mr. Miles has sent out many thousands of circulars, to all parts of the United States, favorable to Taft, with excellent results. Nearly all replies have been most encouraging. Mr. Frederick R. Coudert, the noted New York lawyer, is also for Taft, and Major-General Daniel E. Sickles, one of the heroes of Gettysburg, and heretofore a stanch Democrat, has come out for Taft. Among other prominent New York Democrats who put principle above party in national affairs is William B. Davenport, formerly public administrator, a noted lawyer of Brooklyn, New York; Edmund Wetmore, ex-president of the Harvard Club; John R. Dos Passos, a noted lawyer, who voted for Allon B. Parker; and Edward J. Maxwell, a leading member of the bar, formerly captain in the Irish Brigade of the Army of the Potomac, counsel for General Wade Hampton in his contest for the governorship of South Carolina, district attorney and Democratic chairman in Colorado, and later city attorney at Amsterdam, New York, and chairman of the Democratic city committee. Many others might be named who have spoken out for Taft, and very many who speak only to their intimate friends. It is a shameful truth also that many Democrats intend to vote for Bryan who would be appalled at the thought of his election, and who regard the very suggestion of Bryan's success as a nightmare to be shaken off as quickly as possible. It is to be hoped that all in this category will conclude to support Taft, and thereby help in averting the danger of Bryanism, which is so clearly apparent to their intelligence.

In Maryland Taft sentiment appears predominant among the better class of Democrats, those who are sufficiently well informed to grasp the issues of the campaign, and to perceive what Bryanism would mean in its destructive, obstructive and reactionary effects to the commerce, the agricultural and the manufacturing industries of that thriving commonwealth. Among leading Maryland Democrats who have decided to support Taft and Sherman against the Bryan-Gompers combine are Leigh Bonsal, who has declined to make speeches for Bryan; John E. Semmes, president of the Board of Trade of Baltimore; Waldo Newcomer, president of the National Exchange bank; Y. A. Garrett, chief executive of the receivers of the Seaboard Air Line Railway; George R. Willis, formerly president of the police board, and William Weems, a well-known lawyer and life-long Democrat of Frederick, Maryland. The Taft-Democratic club of Baltimore includes a number of prominent Democrats of large influence in the party, and the effect of its work is evident everywhere in Baltimore and beyond the bounds of that great commercial and industrial center. Maryland, from present indications, will give Taft a handsome majority largely composed of Democrats who cannot stand for Bryanism and the four lean and wretched years that a Bryan victory would entail.

Delaware, where Victor du Pont and H. M. Barksdale, both of Wilmington, are conspicuous among the Democrats who are for Taft and national sanity, is assured to the Republican column, and as election day approaches the number of "Taft Democrats" more rapidly increases. In New Jersey also the Republican majority will be swelled by Democratic accessions.

It is not surprising that the Southern States, although in all estimates their votes are counted for Bryan, should include a large proportion of influential Democrats who have declared themselves for Taft; for the South, with its comparatively new and flourishing industries, would be hard hit by the "tariff for revenue only," of which Bryan is sponsor. Among prominent Democrats of Atlanta, Georgia, who have come out for Taft, are W. M. Crumley, of Atlanta, head of the Confederate Veterans of the South, ex-president of the Jobbers' Association of the South, and vice-president of the Beck & Gregg Hardware Company; Frank S. Ellis, head of Keely Company, a large dry goods house; Thomas Egleston and W. E. Chapin, leading insurance men; F. J. Paxon, of a leading dry goods house, and Alexander A. Smith and Victor Smith, prominent attorneys, members of Smith, Hammond & Smith. Wilkinson Call, of Florida, former Democratic United States senator from that state, and George W. Garland, of Salisbury, North Carolina, are accessions to the Taft ranks that have attracted attention, and have led many others to shake off blind adherence to the Denver nominations, and to study without prejudice the Republican candidates and platform. These changes by men of prominence and influence are encouraging as to the immediate outlook and full of promise for the future.

Colonel John McAnerney, of New York, a Democrat who was president of the New Jersey electoral college in 1888 and who was an ardent supporter of Alton B. Parker four years ago, has come out for Taft. "I am a Democrat," he declares, "but not of the Bryan variety. There are many able Democrats throughout the country, but they have no influence while these agitators and demagogues are in control. The laborer, the mechanic, the manufacturer and the merchant want a restoration of confidence, which would be wholly impossible with Bryan and a bunch of his Oklahoma advisers in control of the government and the court appointments."

HARMON'S TRIBUTE TO TAFT.

The following tribute was paid to Judge Taft, the Republican candidate for president, February 22, 1904, by Judson Harmon, the Democratic candidate for governor of Ohio:

"From the time William H. Taft succeeded me on the supreme court bench, I have felt toward him like an elder brother. But really our young man had hardly time to show the stuff he was made of, when along came the government and carried him off. It has held on to him ever since, and it is doubtful whether we shall ever get him back. His later honors have all come to him much as the first one did. He has been more a ruler of men than any American ever was before. He has dealt with princes and potentates and now holds one of the highest places in the nation, but I know he still keeps the innermost corner of his heart for the old friends at home who put their faith in him all untried, and that the full splendor of his reputation has not made him forget its dawn. And at the risk of his health, which for a time was grave, and the at least temporary sacrifice of his cherished public ambition, he has devoted the past four years in the Philippine islands to the most difficult and delicate task which has fallen to any citizen since the civil war. And now that he has finished his task, I say "well done, good and faithful servant," welcome home. Under the conditions nobody could have done better, if so well. If it is true that his departure from the Philippines has caused rejoicing among certain classes of Americans who have use for the Philippines, but none for the Filipinos, then he has gained a new title to our affections. We love him for the enemies he has made. Men often wonder why it is that honors crowd upon Judge Taft, and that wherever he goes he finds distinction in his path. No doubt he often wonders himself, for true merit is commonly not self conscious, or is but dimly so, and is not self assertive.

H. EDMUND HILL.

A member of the Marion county bar and the Republican candidate for representative.

ROOSEVELT AND BRYAN.

It is possible Mr. Bryan has not heard of the question propounded him by President Roosevelt as to what he thinks of the assault Mr. Gompers made upon the federal judiciary, and it is certain that he has ignored the question if it has come to his knowledge. It was a somewhat embarrassing interrogation, but it can be answered by a single yes or no, and the public has a right to an affirmative or negative response from Mr. Bryan before the vote is taken November 3.

But if Mr. Bryan leaves the country to speculate as to his position on the question raised by Mr. Gompers in his philippic against the courts, he is entirely frank in the declaration that "labor" should be exempt from the operations of the Sherman anti-trust law. That is a special privilege he would grant labor. Is it possible that a man of his prominence, his abilities, and his eloquence thinks that labor would be benefited by such a policy as that?

Citizenship, for the purpose of our discussion, is divided into two classes—capital and labor. Each of these has rights, and on each are imposed duties. When they are absolutely equal, meeting on the level and parting on the square, there can be no quarrel between them. If labor gets too high a wage, or too low a wage; if capital gets too big a dividend or too small a dividend—in any one of these conditions that establishment will inevitably shut down and go into liquidation. We hold that proposition to be fundamental.

Then what a folly it is to propose that either capital or labor shall have special advantage. Neither of them can get along without the other. Labor is as necessary to capital as the legs and the arms are to the stomach and the liver of the human body. The stomach does the office of capital, the limbs do the office of labor. That was the fable that old Roman related to the plebians more than twenty centuries ago.

It is perennially true, and never more so than now, when demagogy is plaguing both capital and labor in our time.

But Mr. Bryan ought to give Mr. Roosevelt a categorical answer.—Washington Post.

DR. DANA O. WEEKS.

Dr. Weeks is the Republican candidate for the office of coroner. He stands high in his profession and is well qualified for the place.

A Small Fire.

Some baled straw near the DeWolfe elevator on Quarry street, caught fire after 1 o'clock, Thursday morning, and an alarm of fire was sent in to the Central department. On the arrival of the department the blaze was running over the straw and promised to do some little damage. The straw was the property of William McNally and was of an inferior grade. The damage will amount to about $15.

Shower for Miss Leffler.

Mrs. H. R. Stoll was hostess to a company of twenty-five at her home on east Center street. Wednesday evening, at a shower given for Miss Mildred Leffler whose marriage to Mr. Eugene Godden will take place in November. The out-of-town guests were Miss Hortense Joannes, of Green Bay, Wisconsin, Miss Bertha Ball, of Philadelphia, and Miss Mary Stockwell, of Toledo.

Pleasant Surprise.

About twenty-five of the friends of Miss Bertha Woods gave her a pleasant surprise at her home eight miles northwest of the city, Wednesday evening, in honor of the twenty-first anniversary of her birth. The evening was passed with games and music, after which lunch was served. Miss Woods received a number of nice presents from her guests.

STATEMENT GIVEN BY THE INVESTORS

Investors Satisfied with Merits of Enterprise.

UNWARRANTED ATTACK IS MADE ON MOUSER

Supporters of Opponent of Congressman Mouser Try To Make Political Capital Out of a Legitimate Business Enterprise—A Rebuke for Those Who Use Such Tactics.

The insincerity of certain supporters of Congressman Mouser's opponent is effectively proved by the appended statement signed by all the Marion county investors in the Northern California Gold Mines company. Mr. Mouser's opponents have endeavored to make political capital out of a legitimate business enterprise. It will appear from the statement of those interested that this attack is cowardly and pusillanimous. Those who invested in this matter are entirely satisfied, and, if they have no complaint, Mr. Anderson's followers are not in a position to make any comment, in view of the connection of their candidate with a certain proposition at McComb, Ohio.

Mr. Mouser's well-known integrity is not assailable and the desperation of the opposition is apparent in the light of an absolutely unwarranted attack. The voters will not allow themselves to be deceived by such infamous methods but will rebuke any candidate who stands for such contemptible tactics. The statement follows:

Statement of Investors.

Marion, O., Oct. 16, 1908.

To Whom It May Concern:—

We, the undersigned, being all of the persons residing in Marion county, Ohio, who are holders of the bonds and stock of the Northern California Gold Mines company, hereby represent and say that we acquired our respective interests in that company, relying upon our own judgment and in the exercise of our own business discretion after satisfying ourselves as to the merits of said company and its property.

Our investment has yielded us six per centum net income annually, while extensive improvements were at the same time being made in the way of further development and erection of a mill of extensive capacity, said improvements now being practically completed, when the revenue devoted to payment for the improvements will be available for application to the payment of dividends.

We have to state further that our property is not a prospect but an actually-developed, working and legitimate enterprise, with which and with the management whereof as well as the assured future of the investment we are well satisfied in every particular.

Very truly,
G. W. Black,
G. W. Walters,
H. H. Beavers,
D. C. Ridgeway,
J. M. Hamilton,
Mrs. J. W. Anselment and heirs,
David Hughes,
E. W. Mapes.

MOUSER HAS MADE GOOD.

Whenever you talk to a congressman or a man in public life who has witnessed Mr. Mouser's work he will tell you emphatically that Grant Mouser has made good! He has represented the district with credit to his constituents and has taken care of the interests of these six counties, as no previous congressman has done. He is a member of the working majority in congress and is a part of the great house of law makers that can handle legislation. He has been recognized for his ability and will continue to be so recognized. From a purely selfish standpoint therefore the voters of the Thirteenth district should vote for Mouser. There are other reasons for this and the principal reason is his record. Mr. Mouser has done good work for his

LOUIS B. McNEAL.

A practicing attorney, the Republicans of Marion county have chosen him as their candidate for probate judge.

WILLIAM W. KLINEFELTER.

"Billy" Klinefelter is the Republican candidate for clerk of courts. He has served one term and made a grand record, and now seeks a second term.

constituents. He has helped in extending rural free delivery, he has been a working advocate of measures in the interest of laboring men, he has been active in the interests of the soldiers and he stands ready to use his own personal standing in congress for the benefit of the old Thirteenth Ohio district.

It is very important that Mr. Mouser be elected next week for the good work he has done in the past is only an indication of the good work he will do in the future and his services in Washington surely fit him for better services there than ever. Mr. Anderson may be a pleasant young fellow but he is not fitted for the great work to which the people of this district are entitled. Mr. Mouser is so fitted and he will exert his best efforts for the benefit of the entire district, the representative of all the people, doing all he can to make conditions better and seeing that the district is recognized for the best interests of his constituents. Vote for Mouser and you vote for a man who will be a benefit and credit to the district.—Bucyrus Telegram.

BRYAN HAS A VARIETY OF NOSTRUMS.

Governor Hughes in his Lincoln speech said:

"Mr. Bryan has announced himself in favor of the extermination of trusts.

"To exterminate them he offers a variety of remedies. He has a large assortment of remedies, so that if you do not like one you may try another, and so on until you find one that pleases your fancy.

"But, analyzing all of them, you find that he makes three proposals which he thinks suitable and practicable in limiting the power of corporations. In the first place, he says, 'Let us prohibit the duplication of directors in competing corporations—that is, make it unlawful for a director in one concern to be a director in another.' This is a very pretty theory. But is it workable?

"You know quite well if a man owned the majority of stock in a number of corporations he would have such directors as he wanted, and whether there was any duplication or not the effect would be the same. 'Well, if you don't like that,' says Mr. Bryan, 'here is another proposal.

"'Let us go through the tariff schedules and put on the free list the things that are being manufactured by the trusts. That will destroy them.' True enough, but would it not also destroy the weaker manufacturers in the same line who are fighting against the trusts and who, being small, have the least power to resist. 'Well, then,' says Mr. Bryan, 'here's another that's bound to win. Let's cut down the output of each monopoly to 50 per cent.'

"Another pretty but wholly fanciful theory. I say that an attempt to regulate manufactures by percentages would entail such a complicated system of bureaus that government would be obnoxiously bureaucratic. All these schemes are an attempt to bring about reform by magic.

"I recognize the oratorical powers and believe firmly in the sincerity of the Democratic candidate, but I believe just as firmly that an enforcement of his principles would end in disaster."

Exciting Runaway.

A team of horses hitched to one of the wagons of the Logan Transfer company ran away about 5 o'clock Wednesday evening. The driver was helping another driver unload some meat near the Big Four freight-house and left the team standing untied. The team took fright at the whistle of a passing freight on the Big Four tracks. It was headed to cross the tracks on which a fast-moving train was passing, and, but for one of the horses falling within ten feet of the tracks, the horses would have crashed into the train. The only damage was the breaking of a few straps on the harness.

COLORED MEN TALK TO THE REPUBLICANS

J. G. Robinson and A. W. Puller Visit the City.

BIG MEETING HELD AT LOCAL HEADQUARTERS

About 500 People Assemble To Hear the Colored Speakers on Issues of the Campaign and Matters of Vital Interest to the Race—A Banquet Follows.

More than 500 men and women crowded the Republican headquarters, on south Main street, Wednesday evening, occupying every available foot of space in the big room, to hear J. G. Robinson, D. D., L. L. D. of Dayton, and A. W. Puller, D. D., L. L. D. of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. The meeting was a big success and for more than three hours the crowd listened intently to the two eloquent colored men who spoke on the general issues of the campaign and on issues of vital interest to the colored people.

Rev. W. W. Grimes, pastor of the local A. M. E. church was chairman of the meeting. On being introduced he made a short address dealing particularly with the interests of the colored people as affected by legislation during the past sixty years.

The first speaker was Dr. Robinson, who spoke for one hour and forty minutes, and held the large audience which crowded the hall. He is regarded one of the most forcible and eloquent orators of America. His address was convincing and his audience showed approval by expressions of laughter and applause as he illustrated his arguments by a collection of cleverly told stories. Dr. Robinson was a resident of Georgia until twelve years ago. He has been a leader of his people during his entire life, and, that he is one of the foremost men of his race, was evidenced by his knowledge of conditions as illustrated during his address.

Following Dr. Robinson's address he was given a tremendous ovation, after which Dr. Puller made an address, referring particularly to the Brownsville affair, which has been discussed from every point of view by the colored people during the past few months. Dr. Puller reviewed the history of this affair and presented the evidence, which he had gone over in an investigation covering three months. His talk was convincing. He is an eloquent speaker and his address was frequently interrupted by applause.

Following the speeches, the colored residents of the city gave a banquet at the Colored Knights of Pythias hall on east Center street. Rev. W. W. Grimes presided as toastmaster and short talks were made by the visitors and a number of the local colored men. The affair proved a delightful climax to one of the most interesting meetings of colored men ever held in Marion.

Beatty & Long's specialty, is easy shoes for hurting feet—see them
Fri-wky

TWENTY HIPSHER TURNPIKE BONDS

Bonds Are Sold by the Prosecutor Thursday.

Twenty Hipsher free turnpike road bonds, amounting to $5,700, bearing five per cent. interest, with an average life of 5¾ years, were awarded to Hoehler & Cummings, of Toledo, at the office of Prosecuting Attorney J. H. Clark, Thursday afternoon, at their premium bid of $197.75. Albert Kleybolte & Company, of Cincinnati, bid accrued interest and $210.90 premium, but failed to deposit a certified check in a local bank.

The only other bidder was the Central Trust & Safe Deposit company, of Cincinnati, whose premium bid was $165.30.

A marriage license has been issued to Miss Martha Trickey and Milton Hopkins.

JAMES McKINSTRY.

Mr. McKinstry is one of the three Republican candidates for the office of infirmary director.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

MATTER OF LIGHTING STREETS OF RICHWOOD

Another Contract Will Be Made Soon.

BIDS RECEIVED ARE REJECTED BY COUNCIL

Richwood Board of Education Holds an Important Session and Introduces Manual Training in Schools. Mr. and Mrs. Edward Ledley Are Remarried—Richwood Notes.

Richwood, Oct. 29.—[Special.]—A new contract for lighting the streets of Richwood will soon be made, the ten-year contract held by the Richwood Light, Heat & Power company expiring at the end of October. During the past several months a junketing committee composed of Councilmen Edward McCombs, L. G. Peet and J. L. Horn has visited the light plants at Newark, Columbus and other cities, examining the arc lamps in use, ascertaining the price paid and other matters pertaining to the subject. An eastern firm recently sent a metallic flame direct current arc lamp here to be tested by the council, which was found to be far superior to the old style carbon lamps now in use, and costing only about half as much to operate. Bids have been advertised for and received and it is expected that the matter will be settled soon. At the meeting of the council, Monday evening, the bids of the Richwood Light, Heat & Power company and of the Columbus Equipment company were rejected, being considered too high. The majority of the citizens of Richwood want all night lights on the streets and in their homes, something the village has never yet had.

A Democratic rally was held in the opera-house, Wednesday evening, the speakers being Hon. George W. Birge, of Lincoln, Nebraska, and John H. Willis, Democratic candidate for prosecuting attorney of Union county. The attendance was large.

The Richwood board of education, at a recent meeting, adopted manual training for the seventh and eighth grades of the public schools. The Beardsley system of the American Manual Training company was decided upon and the equipment has arrived here. The work will be taken up at once, J. W. Davis, teacher in the eighth grade, having charge of the work of his pupils, and Miss Jessie Jones directing the work of the seventh grade pupils. It is thought that the new course will be the means of keeping the boys interested in their school work. The board of education is now considering the adoption of a course in domestic science for the girls.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Ledley, of Essex, were united in marriage, Tuesday afternoon, by Justice J. M. Kennedy. The ceremony was performed in the probate court-room at Marysville. The couple had been divorced not quite two weeks. Four months ago Mrs. Ledley filed a sensational suit for a divorce from her husband, which was granted, the affair being settled by the husband giving the plaintiff everything. Following the granting of the divorce Mrs. Ledley became anxious for a reconciliation, the marriage, Tuesday, being the result. The groom is a well-to-do blacksmith of Essex.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Robinson and daughter, Miss Hazel, entertained thirty-five members of the Knights of Pythias lodge and of the Pythian Sisters, Monday evening, at their home on east Ottawa street. The hours were very enjoyably spent with games and music. Luncheon was prepared and served by the following persons: Mrs. Benjamin Hodge, Mrs. Frederick Wright, Misses Daisy McGee, Alba Handley, Nellie Street, Hazel Robinson and Mrs. George W. Worden.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Sigler and little daughter, of Mechanicsburg, have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. O. G. Bolenbaugh, during the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Carmean were called to Sandusky, Tuesday, by the dangerous illness of a relative.

While making an excavation for a cistern on the lot of W. H. Lyons, on south Franklin street, Monday, workmen unearthed a skull and several small pieces of bone. The bones were buried under three feet of gravel. The happening at first caused considerable excitement as the skull was thought to have belonged to a human being, but as it was in a poor state of preservation it was impossible to decide whether it had belonged to a human or some other animal. Mrs. Mary Lyons, the aged mother of W. H. Lyons, has lived in the south Franklin street home for fifty-six years and is positive that the ground has not been disturbed during her long residence there.

Mr. and Mrs. V. F. Collier are both ill at their home on west Ottawa street, the former suffering a severe attack of asthma and the latter being ill of grip.

A teacher-training class was organized, Monday evening, at the Christian church, with an enrollment of seventy-five members. The class is composed of pastors, Sunday-school teachers and pupils of the Christian, the Methodist Episcopal, the Presbyterian and the Baptist churches. The following officers were elected: President, Miss Jessie Jones; vice president, Mr. Archer Olive; secretary, Mrs. W. E. Baker; treasurer, Mr. R. R. Gill. Meetings will be held each Monday evening in the Christian church and the Moninger course of training will be used. Rev. Charles V. Cramer will instruct the class, Rev. William B. Phillips will drill the review, and Rev. Leon Arpee will teach the international Sunday-school lesson each week.

Mrs. S. W. Van Winkle was hostess to the W. C. T. U., Tuesday afternoon, at her home on south Franklin street. No program was rendered and aside from the regular business of the union Mrs. W. H. Husted read a very interesting report of the state convention held recently at Akron, which she and Mrs. Van Winkle attended as delegates from the local union. At this meeting it was decided to hold regular meetings on the second Tuesday of each month, instead of on alternate Tuesdays, as heretofore. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Joseph Shipley, on east Ottawa street.

Mrs. F. M. Dicks and Mrs. Thomas Smith, of Pataskala, have been guests of Mrs. A. W. Robinson and other friends here, since Tuesday.

Dr. A. L. Moore has located at Claiborne, two miles west of Richwood, coming here from Meigs county.

Mrs. R. W. Lenox, at her home on north Franklin street, was hostess to the members of the Embroidery club, Wednesday afternoon, this being the first meeting of the season. Eighteen ladies enjoyed the hospitality of the hostess, the guests being young married women, of which the club is composed exclusively. The hours were spent with needlework and luncheon was served.

Miss Flavilla Harriman accompanied by her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. George Harriman, went to Marion, Monday, and visited until Tuesday with James S. Harriman and family. Tuesday Miss Harriman left for Los Angeles, California, where she will spend a year or more with her sister, Miss Donna Mae Harriman, who is employed as a teacher in the public schools of Alhambra, a suburb of Los Angeles.

Charles Marriott, of Columbus, spent Sunday and Monday with his mother, Mrs. Lovina Mariott, of west Bomford street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Edward Robinson and Mrs. Dall Robinson, of Marysville, were guests, Saturday and Sunday, of Mrs. Georgia Curry and of A. W. Robinson and family.

Mrs. J. B. Warner and daughters, of Broadway, were guests, Sunday, of Mrs. Ida E. Witbeck and Mrs. Leroy Taylor, of east Ottawa street.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Gill and little daughters spent Sunday with friends in Delaware.

Mr. Paul Furst, of Cleveland, was the guest, Sunday, of J. Miller and family, of Clinton street.

L. R. Houston, of Butler, Pennsylvania, was the guest, during the past week, of Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Gill.

Mrs. H. T. Brown, of Delaware, was the guest, Monday and Tuesday, of C. F. Gill and family.

L. M. Beebe is spending a few days with relatives in Mt. Victory.

Miss Opal Miller has been quite ill at her home on west Bomford street, during the past few days, being threatened by lung fever.

The work of repairing the Methodist Protestant parsonage, on east Bomford street, will be begun in a few days. It was decided, Sunday, at a congregational meeting at the church, that the church property would be thoroughly overhauled and improved.

Quarterly meeting was conducted, Sunday, at the M. E. church, by the pastor, Rev. Charles B. Cramer, and by the district superintendent, Rev. William McK. Brackney.

Dr. L. L. Roebuck has returned from Washington C. H., where he was called a few days ago, by the death of his step mother.

Mrs. James Enlow, of Beatty avenue, returned home, Monday evening, from several days' visit with relatives at Tuscola, Illinois.

Frank Bever, of York, and Miss Mary Carey, a school teacher, of Pharisburg, were married, a few days ago, by Rev. N. J. Kinney. The couple will reside on a farm west of Richwood.

A. G. Hall, of Ashland, visited his sister, Mrs. G. W. Kosht, during the past week. Mr. and Mrs. Kosht and Mr. Hall spent Monday as guests of Mrs. E. R. Hotsenpiller, of Magnetic Springs.

H. E. Wynegar, of Columbus, spent Sunday with his mother, Mrs. William Dyal.

Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Rodgers, of Salineville, were guests, during the past week, of Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Van Fossen.

Miss Harriett Butler, teacher of the sixth grade in the Richwood schools, visited her parents in Plain City, Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Howe spent Saturday in Marion.

Miss Leila Winter and Elmer Winter, who are attending school at Delaware, spent Saturday and Sunday here with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Winter.

The will of the late James Malone, who died at his home here, two weeks ago, was probated at Marysville, Monday. The testator leaves his property to his step daughter, Mrs. Mary Stacy, and to his stepson, James Stewart, the former to receive two-thirds of the full amount and the latter one-third. The estate consists of a house and lots in Richwood. The will was executed June 18, 1908.

Frank M. Cameron and family, who have lived on their farm northwest of Richwood, in Jackson township a number of years, are preparing to move to their new home near Marysville. Mr. Cameron purchased a ten-acre tract of land on the Oakland boulevard, just at the edge of Marysville, a few months ago, and has since remodeled the house and barn, making a pleasant home of the same.

Miss Anna Long, of Delaware, and Mr. Ralph Neidhardt, of Spencerville, were guests, Sunday, of Rev. Charles V. Cramer, at the M. E. parsonage.

Five suits for divorce have been filed in the common pleas court at Marysville by Richwood parties, during the past eight days. They are as follows: Mrs. Luella Hamilton against Albert Hamilton, charging extreme cruelty; Mrs. Cynthia Cottrell against Thomas J. Cottrell, willful absence for more than three years; Oliver D. Browning against Rebecca Browning, extreme cruelty; John C. Blair against Mary Ethel Blair, gross neglect of duty; Mrs. May Kelley against William Kelley, extreme cruelty and gross neglect of duty.

A number of Richwood people went to Delaware, Tuesday evening, on a special car on the C., M., S. & N. railroad to see a production of "The Devil" in that city.

A. E. Freshwater & Sons have an extra force of men at work on their paving contract on north Franklin street. Should the weather continue favorable the work will be completed in a few weeks. The paving is finished through the main business section of the village.

QUEEN ESTHER CIRCLE AT THE COURT HOME

Miss Princess Court Is Hostess to Members.

EVENING GIVEN TO MUSIC AND GAMES

Rev. L. H. Hurrelbrink and Frederick Augenstine Attend the English District Synod of the Lutheran Church at Lima—Some Notes of the Week at Prospect.

Prospect, Oct. 29.—[Special.]—The Queen Esther circle was delightfully entertained at the home of Miss Princess Court, Thursday evening. Music and contests furnished amusements for the evening. Nice refreshments were served.

Miss Martha Stiffler, of Marion, visited her aunt, Miss Maggie Stiffler, several days last week.

Mrs. V. W. McNeill was a Marion last Friday.

Mrs. Med Layman, of Marion, visited relatives here a few days last week.

Rev. L. H. Hurrelbrink and Frederick Augenstine, of Waldo, as delegate, attended the English district synod of the Lutheran church, in session at Lima the past week.

Claudie Paxton, of Marion, was a guest at the home of John Hughes last Sunday.

Earnest Cox is spending the week with relatives in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Smith, of Columbus, visited at the home of Miss Sarah Dildine last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Huffman, of Marion, were guests of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Barracks, Sunday.

Roland Hunter, of Columbus, visited his aunt, Mrs. H. D. Beavers, Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. William Finley, Mrs. Herman Kuebner, Mrs. Harvey Wolfley and Mrs. H. O. Toms attended the conference of the Ohio Congress of Mothers in Columbus Thursday.

Mrs. L. H. Hurrelbrink and Mrs. J. M. Gast attended the meeting of the Ladies' society of the Lutheran church, of Waldo, held at the home of Mrs. Charles Denzer, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Lust, Miss Priscilla Neimeyer, Mr. and Mrs. William Curl of Marion; Dr. and Mrs. Henry Feaster, of Delaware, attended the funeral of Mrs. J. B. Carpenter Thursday.

Frederick Sauer was a Columbus visitor Wednesday.

Mrs. Amos Stiffler and Mrs. Albert Johnson were entertained at the home of A. B. Coleman near Ashley Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Stockwell visited relatives at Agosta Friday.

Mr. and Mrs Homer Smith and daughter, Lavon, visited relatives in Columbus Sunday.

Mrs. William Lauer was a Marion visitor Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs E. S. McNabb and daughter, Marguerite, of Ashland, visited relatives here Sunday and Monday.

Roy Pace returned to his home in Cleveland, Thursday, after a week's visit with relatives.

M. Wilgamuth and family attended the funeral of the former's son-in-law, Truman Rickle, held at Carey Sunday.

The Odd Fellows and Rebekahs, with their families, spent a pleasant evening at the hall Friday night. About 100 were present, and a nice program of music and recitations was rendered. A splendid supper was also enjoyed.

Mrs. William Court visited relatives in Marion Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ned Howison and home of Mrs. J. Shultz near Delaware Sunday.

Frank Mohr, of Columbus, visited at the home of his father, A. Mohr, Sunday.

Mrs. Thomas Davids, of near Green Camp, spent Thursday with relatives here.

Mrs. John Stiffler, of Marion, visited several days last week with relatives here.

Miss Belva Fox, who teaches school near Martel, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Fox, Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Edgar Jones, of Radnor, Mississippi, Serena Randall, Mrs. Caldwell and Mrs. Henry Yates, of Delaware, were entertained at the home of Mrs Nettie Gilmore Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Drake were at Cardington, Monday attending the funeral of the latters mother, Mrs. Scofield.

Mrs. Maud Fox and Miss Carrie Decker visited the latter's parents at Warrensburg Sunday.

Mrs. H. F. Owen, of Delaware, and daughter, Mrs. Ila Russell, of Mt. Gilead, were entertained at the home of Frank Miller Friday.

Mrs. Albert Mohr, of Marion, was a guest at the home of M. M. Mohr Tuesday.

Mrs. A. L. Gast and daughter, Theo, were Marion visitors Monday.

Miss Carrie Schelling was the guest of her aunt, Mrs. C. Abel, in Marion several days this week.

Mrs. Sarah Thatcher returned home, Monday evening, from a two-weeks visit with friends in Youngstown.

Mrs. Elizabeth Drake went to Columbus, Sunday, where she expects to spend several months with her daughter, Mrs. Addie English.

The ladies of the Baptist church gave a chicken supper at the parsonage Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Hord were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Fritch in Marion Sunday.

The Missionary society of the M. E. church gave Mrs. Minerva Hedges a pleasant surprise at her home on North street, Tuesday evening. Mrs. Hedges has sold her property here and within a few days will locate in Marion.

Trustee Appointed.

Referee in Bankruptcy Carey came down from Upper Sandusky, Tuesday afternoon, and appointed J. Wilbur Jacoby trustee of C. C. Somerlot, Waldo bankrupt.

GOVERNOR HARRIS IN MARION FRIDAY

He Will Speak at the Interurban Station.

That Governor Harris will be welcomed in Marion, Friday afternoon, by a big crowd, there is no doubt. Everybody will want to hear the governor. According to his interurban schedule, he will be at the local interurban station but thirty minutes, from 3:40 to 4:10 o'clock.

Governor Harris will make an address and other speakers will be heard. The Buckeye Republican Glee club, of Columbus, is with the governor's party and Marionites will have the opportunity to hear them. About six weeks ago, a number of Marionites heard the glee club at the Marion union station.

Man Will Recover.

Dick Allen, of Parkersburg, West Virginia, who was stabbed by Frank Stewart, of Shreveport, Louisiana, last Thursday, at Cardington, will recover, although his condition is critical. He is in the St. Francis hospital, Columbus, suffering of an ugly wound just below the heart.

Stewart is in jail at Mt. Gilead, charged with stabbing with intent to kill.

Outfitters Opportunity this week.

No better time could be selected. Stocks are still complete and the bargains in every department are tempting indeed. That wonderfully complete Four Room Outfit is creating as much comment as the approachng election. You must see it to fully realize its mighty value. For those who wish to add to their home comforts this winter we quote below a few real bargains:

MORRIS CHAIR—Solid mahogany frame, genuine Chase leather, hair filled cushions $15.00

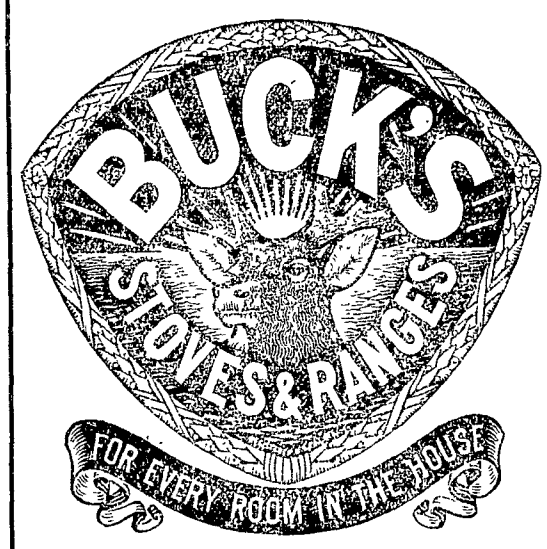
MISSION COUCH — Quartered oak frame, early English finish, Spanish Chase leather smooth upholstering over King springs..... $18.50

LEATHER ROCKER — Polished oak, guaranteed leather seat and back. Received this week from factory. A wonderful bargain at..... $11.75

BUFFET—Solid oak and one of the daintiest patterns ever shown. Special this week.... $17.75

KITCHEN CABINET—Full size, plenty of cupboard, drawers and bins, kneading and bread boards. A rich value..... $10.95

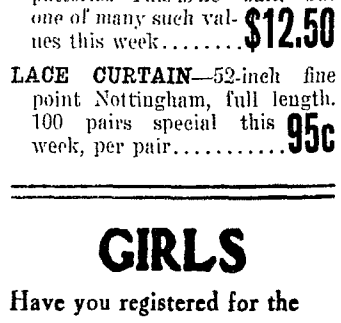
Your home comfort insured-one dollar each week buys a "Buck's" stove or range.



Economy, convenience, durability and beauty is so happily combined in "Buck's" stoves and ranges as to render them a comfort and a joy to any home. Your home should have one. And here's the opportunity. Why not take advantage of it today? This offer is really a little bit better than a square deal. You can't afford to miss it.

The C. W. McClain Co.

Carpet, Rug and Drapery bargains.



In this department we have been almost snowed under with orders, but extra help and everybody hustling, has straightened it out and we're prepared to execute your orders promptly. New shipments received daily from the mills keep this stock up to its recognized standard—the brightest, freshest, busiest carpet store in Marion.

WILTON RUG—9x12 feet, excellent floral and Persian designs. Best wearing rug made. Only..... $19.75

BRUSSELS RUG—Full nine wire tapestry. Fine assortment of patterns. This is no "bait," but one of many such values this week..... $12.50

LACE CURTAIN—52-inch fine point Nottingham, full length. 100 pairs special this week, per pair..... 95c

GIRLS

Have you registered for the BAKING CONTEST Next Saturday, Oct. 31.

Come in at once and get your number—see the prizes in our front window.

The Lewis Grocery.

By Express This Morning

Nice fresh Lettuce.

Summer Spinach.

Tender Celery and genuine Sealshipt Oysters.

Mountain Chestnuts 5c qt. 20c pound.

Sweet Cider, Pumpkins, Corn, new Almonds, Filberts and genuine new Buckwheat.

R. T. LEWIS & CO.

Opposite Court House.

A Game Supper.

Richard Cleveland entertained a number of his friends at Rue, Tuesday evening, at a game supper. Mr. Cleveland proved himself to be an agreeable host. Game of all kinds with the usual side dishes was served.

Uprightness is mostly a matter of backbone.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE MARION COUNTY CORN SHOW PRIZES

The Show Promises To Be a Great Success.

VARIOUS MERCHANTS OFFER NICE PRIZES

Awards for the Best Corn of the Various Varieties Raised by Farmers Throughout the County—Farmers Show Much Interest in the Coming Exhibition—Rules.

The Marion county corn show which promises to attract exhibits from the leading representatives of the agricultural districts of the county, will be held in the old Baptist church located on east Center street, November 17 to 20, inclusive. It has all of the promise of a remarkable success.

The rules which will govern the show are as follows:

Rule 1—All corn must be grown by exhibitors during the season of 1908 in Marion county.

Rule No. 2—No exhibitor shall make more than one entry in each class.

Rule No. 3—A fee of ten cents will be charged for each entry.

Rule 4—All entries must be made by Saturday, November 14 at 9 o'clock p. m., with F. H. Owens, secretary. All corn must be in place by Monday evening, November 16, at 6 o'clock p. m.

Rule No. 5—All exhibits will remain the property of the exhibitor, but the management of the show reserves the right to select any or all samples for entry in the grower's name, at the Ohio State corn show to be held at Columbus, November 23 to 25, 1908.

Rule No. 6—All exhibits must be left in place until the close of the show.

Rule No. 7—Any complaint from exhibitors must be submitted to the committee in charge of the show, in writing. The committee will pass upon the matter under protest and its decision shall be final.

The following is the list of premiums which are offered to the successful exhibitors:

First sweepstakes premium, for the best ten ears of corn, any variety, a fine silver trophy cup, value forty dollars. The premium in this class must be won three times before becoming property of the winner.

For the best single ear of any variety, S. E. DeWolfe will give a premium of two barrels of farm salt.

For the best ten ears of corn any variety, either a rocking chair or a table, value five dollars, donated by the H. Schaffner company.

For the best ten ears of yellow corn, in the county, the Marion County Bank company will give five dollars in gold. The second premium under this class will be a silk muffler, valued at $2.50, furnished by Kleinmaier Bros.

For the best ten ears of white corn in the county the C. W. McClain company will give a four dollar rocking chair. For the second best the exhibitor will be presented a fine umbrella valued at $2.50, furnished by Strelitz Sons.

For the best ten ears of any other kind of corn in the county, J. D. Owens will give a pump, valued at $4.25. The second premium will be two dollar's in trade at Smart & Waddell's shoe store.

The premiums to be awarded by townships are as follows:

Green Camp—For the best ten ears of yellow corn, the Marion Milling & Grain company will give two barrels of salt. For the best ten ears of white corn, the Independent Elevator company will give two barrels of salt. For the best ten ears of any other variety, a pair of corduroy pants, valued at two dollars, will be given by Kirchner Bros. of Prospect.

Montgomery—For the best ten ears of yellow corn, F. R. Saiter will give three dollars in trade. For the best ten ears of white corn, J. C. Market will give a dish valued at two dollars. For the best ten ears of any other variety, D. B. Goodsell will give a sweater valued at one dollar.

Richland—Ryan & Burke will give five dollars in merchandise for the best ten ears of yellow corn. For the best ten ears of white corn the Marion department company will award a rocker valued at two dollars. For best of any variety, Ohio Milling company will give one barrel of salt.

Salt Rock—For the best ten ears of yellow corn, Perry Shoots will give a quantity of medicated salt valued at five dollars. For best ten ears of white corn, one dollar in cash. Also one dollar in cash for best ten ears of any other variety.

Pleasant—For best ten ears of yellow corn the Manhattan Clothing store will give a three-dollar hat. For best ten ears of white corn, Owen brothers of the Consumers' grocery will give twenty-five pounds of granulated sugar. For best ten ears of any other variety, Lundergan & Gray will give a quantity of stock food valued at $2.50.

Marion—For best ten ears of yellow corn Frank brothers will give three dollars in trade. For best ten ears of white corn, the Houghton-Merkel company will award a double-shovel plow valued at four dollars. For best ten ears of any other variety, W. C. Rapp & Company will give goods values at $1.50.

Bowling Green—For best ten ears of yellow corn, $2.50 in trade will be given at the Racket store. For best ten ears of white corn, Beverly & Schneider will give a coffee pot valued at $1.50. For best ten ears of any other variety, one gallon of Kress dip, valued at $1.25, will be given by the Dumble pharmacy.

Grand Prairie—Fred Haberman will give three dollars in trade for the best exhibit of yellow corn. C. G. Wiant will give a Wiant fountain pen for the best exhibit of white corn and L. H. Flocken will give four packages of Climax stock food for the best ten ears of any other variety.

Claridon—Beatty & Long will give $2.50 in trade for the best ten ears of yellow corn, M. A. Turney will give a two-dollar set of spoons for the best ten ears of white corn and I. Marx & Sons will award an umbrella for the best ten ears of any other variety.

Scott—H. A. Ammann will give two dollars in trade for the best ten ears of yellow corn; E. G. Coe, druggist, will give two dollars worth of stock food to the best ten ears of white corn and That store will give a shirt for the best ten ears of any other variety.

Tully—Petty & Starr will give two dollars in trade for the best ten ears of yellow corn. For the best ten ears of white corn, W. H. Siples will give two dollars worth of stock food, and for the best ten of any other variety a premium of one dollar in cash will be given.

Waldo—Thibaut brothers will give a $2.50 value shovel plow for the best ten ears of yellow corn. The Marion Harness company will give a leather halter valued at $1.50 for the best ten ears of white corn, and in any other variety, a five dollar seting of R. C. White Orpington eggs will be given by Dr. R. S. Dombaugh.

Big Island—For the best ten ears of yellow corn, Warner & Edwards will give a two-dollar rug. Price & Hurley will give two dollars in trade for the best ten ears of white corn and a premium of one dollar in cash will be given for the best ten cars of any other variety.

Grand—Uhler & Phillips will give a two-dollar pair of blankets for the best ten ears of yellow corn; J. A. Knapp & Son will give two dollars' worth of stock food for the best ten ears of white corn, and in any other variety, a premium of one dollar in cash will be given.

Prospect township—For best ten ears of yellow corn the Union mills of Prospect offers one-quarter barrel best flour, valued at $1.60. For best ten ears of white corn, T. J. Court & Son offer fifty pounds of stock salt. For best ten ears any other variety, H. W. Wolfley offers hog remedy valued at $2.50.

BAPTIST AID SOCIETY NICELY ENTERTAINED

Mrs. James Miner Is Hostess to Members.

BUCKEYE GUN CLUB HOLDS A MEETING

H. E. Washburn Carries Off Honors. The Citizens' Band Serenades the Merchants of Morral, Who Appreciate the Music—Morral News Items of the Week.

Morral, Oct. 30.—[Special.]—The Ladies' Aid society of the Free Baptist church met with Mrs. James Miner Thursday. A fine dinner was served.

Will Cottrell, of Harpster, was in town Monday.

F. M. Ohl, of Toledo, is here looking after the interests of the interurban line.

The Buckeye gun club met, Tuesday afternoon, in regular practice. H. E. Washburn again carried off the honors.

Misses Pearl Crim and Roma Welsh were visitors in Harpster Sunday evening.

The Citizens' band came out on the street Monday evening and serenaded the various places of business. The proprietors of the stores showed their appreciation by handing out cigars, candy and ice-cream to the boys.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Ferguson and two children went to Findlay Sunday to visit relatives.

Clyde Wogan, of Marseilles, transacted business in Morral Monday.

The little Misses Helen and Grace Bardon, spent Saturday and Sunday with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. David Bretz at Little Sandusky.

Mrs. Dutton who has been visiting her brother, J. P. Robinson, has returned to her home in Minnesota.

Rev. Mr. Harford, of Toledo, preached an excellent sermon at the M. E. church Sunday morning.

Rev. Mr. Altman will deliver an address to men at the M. E. church next Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. R. O. Richards returned from Agosta, Tuesday evening, where they had been looking after a location. Mr. Richards bought a farm south of Agosta. The family will move there in the near future.

Mrs. J. H. Bardon and Mrs. F. J. Ten Eick are attending the meeting of the Grand chapter of the Order of the Eastern Star in Columbus.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Paxson have returned from Perry county, where they went on a wedding trip. The young people gave them a rousing belling Tuesday evening.

C. D. Hudson was a Marion visitor Tuesday.

C. L. V. Casto was a business visitor in Marion Monday.

Mrs. W. W. Morral was a Marion visitor Wednesday.

Mrs. Joanna Cluff, of Marion, is visiting relatives here this week.

Miss Edna Wood was a Marion visitor Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Schultz, Miss Hazel and Master Harold Schultz, were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Bert McClain in Marion Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Bardon and Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Stouffer drove to Richwood Sunday, and were guests at the home of R. S. Andrews.

G. T. Everett of near Scott Town was a Morral visitor Monday.

Miss Marguerite McCumber, of Carey, is visiting at the home of H. S. Giles.

Miss Vera Beck was a Marion visitor Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Smith, of Upper Sandusky, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Stouffer Sunday.

C. W. Welsh, who has been suffering of heart trouble is some better.

Mrs. C. D. Hudson, Mrs. O. Washburn and Mrs. Thomas Hedges visited at the home of S. S. White in Bucyrus Friday.

Rev. Mr. Fulton, of Green Camp, was the guest of his son, William Fulton Monday and Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Comstock, daughter, of Wyandot, visited at the home of C. W. Welsh Sunday.

The G. B. club met at the home of Miss Audrey Bolander Tuesday evening. The initiatory degree was given nine new candidates. Light refreshments were served. The next meeting will be held at home of Miss Vera Beck.

FRIENDS ARE GIVEN PLEASANT SURPRISE

Miss Cena Lyon and Mr. Carl Watts Married.

BRIDE IS FORMER GREEN CAMP GIRL

Mr. and Mrs. Watts Will Make Their Future Home in South Dakota. Green Camp Masons Attend a Masonic Gathering Held in the Queen City—Other News Notes.

Green Camp, Oct. 30.—[Special.]—Friends here have received the announcement of the marriage of Miss Cena Lyon, formerly of this place, to Mr. Carl Watts, of Berkshire, where the wedding took place. They will make their future home in South Dakota.

J. C. Riley and Philip Bauer, Jr., attended the meeting of the Ohio Grand lodge of Masons at Cincinnati last week.

Willie Bever met with a painful injury, Thursday evening, while chopping corn with a corn knife. He cut off the end of the first finger of his left hand.

Mrs. N. F. Welsh and daughter, Esther, visited at Caledonia a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Johnston entertained at dinner, Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wilson, of Agosta, and Mr. and Mrs. Earnest Bricker, at their country home, north of town.

The Rebekahs of this place are preparing to give a mask Halloween social at their hall this evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Lanius and Mr. and Mrs. N. F. Welsh spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Hopkins of Oak Hill.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Wottring were Columbus visitors Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Williams spent Sunday at Agosta.

Mr. and Mrs. Myron Rusler, of Agosta, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. David Fletcher.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Hill, of Marion spent a few days last week at the home of Charles Williams.

A number of the members of the I. O. O. F. lodge of this place visited the Prospect lodge last Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Pearl Thatcher visited, Sunday, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Johnston of Oak Hill.

Little Harold Augestine, who has been critically ill, is much better.

C. B. Jenkins, of Marion, was a business visitor here Monday.

Mrs. Lucinda Johnson is seriously ill. There is no hope of her recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Ponter entertained Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Bricker and Mr. and Mrs. Walter Bricker Sunday.

Miss Winnie Ferin, of Marion, is the guest of her father, Albert Ferin, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Bigerstaff, of Prospect, are visiting at the home of W. C. Kepler.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Litteral and son have returned from a visit with friends at Washington C. H.

Will give to some farmer a cross-bred bird dog and water spaniel pup, by calling at 303 Silver street, Marion. A good watch dog, intelligent, but too cross for city.

JUDGE HARMON SENDS OUT CIRCULAR LETTERS

If Any One Is Missed It Is an Oversight.

GENTLY BUT FIRMLY REQUESTS YOUR VOTE

Each Letter Is a "Personal" Communciation from the Judge—The Letters Carefully Avoid Reference to Brewery Endorsements and Breathes Personal Friendship.

Columbus, O., Oct. 30.—Have you got your Harmon letter yet? If not, ask the postmaster, or write to Jud-Harmon, care of Harmon, Colson, Goldsmith & Hoadly, St. Paul building, Cincinnati, and call his attention to the oversight. Your name is on the list all right but it is possible that the contractor has overlooked you. It is a pretty big job to write one million personal letters in two or three days and not miss anybody. This is a nice friendly, personal letter, printed on a Gordon jobber in purple ink, with the candidate's name printed at the bottom in tasty black, and the recipient's name edged in on a real typewriter. It starts in with "Dear Sir," and then wanders around some, touching on the weather and the condition of the crops, carefully avoiding any allusion to the brewery endorsements or the congress of twenty-nine telegraphers last Saturday night, and then gently, but firmly, requests your vote on the ground of long personal friendship and the fact that he wants the job.

There has been disappointment in certain communities where some man got his "personal" letter and started down town to get it framed and found out that half the population had been in ahead of him for the same purpose and the other half were bringing up the rear, but to many the letter is a great success and will be carefully preserved, especially as most of the lucky ones look upon it as a sort of farewell address and never expect to hear from "His Receivership" again.

These letters are sent out under a two-cent stamp. One million letters at two cents cost $20,000 and then the printing in two colors, the paper and the envelopes and the expense of writing in the names and lunches and refreshments with non-union cigars would run up another $30,000; so that, all told, it is going to cost the judge or the Brewers' alliance or somebody about $50,000 to communicate with the voters of Ohio in this heart-to-heart, "I take my pen in hand" manner.

Evidently Judge Harmon is not familiar with the circular letter method of advertising or he wouldn't have started in so late with his green-goods circular. As a self-confessed business man he ought to have known that a circular letter campaign should be well mapped out in advance with a complete outfit of follow-ups. There should have been six letters and they should have been started out six weeks ago. This would do for No. 1. Then there should have been No. 2 regretting that No. 1 had not been answered and adding a few extra promises on down to No. 6 telling the "come-on" where to get off the train and look for a low, squat man with a red necktie, a disappointed squint in the left eye and a "Personal Liberty" button in the lapel of his overcoat.

Just received by Beatty & Long—their full stock of new, fresh rubber boots, arctics, storm Alaskas, overshoes, sox, felts and overs—bear in mind, all are new ones and fresh.

TRACTION SERVICE BETWEEN CITIES

Trolley Lines from Cleveland to Cincinnati.

Through interurban service between Cleveland and Cincinnati was made possible, Wednesday, when the tracks of the newly-built Columbus, Marion & Bucyrus Traction company were connected with the lines of the Cleveland & Southwestern at Bucyrus.

From Columbus to Cleveland the through route would be over the Columbus, Delaware & Marion to Marion, the Columbus, Marion & Bucyrus to Bucyrus, thence over the Cleveland & Southwestern through Galion, Mansfield, Ashland and Medina.

From Columbus to Cincinnati the route would be through Springfield, Xenia, Dayton and Hamilton.

We are paying 24c for fresh eggs, not salted ones, and 22c for butter, cash or trade. Zachman & Myers, grocers. wk-1-c

Sexton Is Arraigned.

Richard Elmer Sexton, of Morrow county, who figured in a sensational elopement with fifteen-year-old Estella Linder, has been arraigned at Marietta on a charge of perjury. The two were married at Marietta, and, in applying for a license, Sexton is alleged to have sworn that the girl was nineteen years old. He gave bond in the sum of $800 and was released.

Buy Beatty & Long's "Tenderfoot" shoes for men and women. They're soft and easy on tired, aching feet. Fri-wky

Two New York Manufacturers Sample Line Ladies' Coats on Sale at 1-3 to 1-2 Value.

More than 150 coats in this lot, they are the last of the late styles, clever designs, from the factories of two of New York's greatest designers. Every one in perfect condition. No two alike. Come in black and colors.

75 coats from the factory of B. Levy, 88 University Place, New York.

Coats of Broadcloth, in black and colors, handsomely trimmed with satin bands, elegantly lined with Skinner's satin.

$12.50 to $15.00 COATS.....$ 7.50
$17.50 to $20.00 COATS.....$10.00
$22.50 to $25.00 COATS.....$12.50
$27.50 to $30.00 COATS.....$15.00

Also a line Coats made from Skinner's satin, in black, red, green, very handsome effects.

$25.00 SATIN COATS.....$12.50
$30.00 SATIN COATS.....$15.00
$35.00 SATIN COATS.....$17.50

75 Coats from Goldstein, Strackstein & Siegel, 16 west 16th street, New York.

These garments are man tailored, are made from the finest quality allwool Chiffon Broadcloths and come mostly in black.

$20.00 BLACK COATS.....$12.50
$25.00 BLACK COATS.....$15.00
$30.00 BLACK COATS.....$19.75
$35.00 BLACK COATS.....$22.50

Among these are the prettiest Empire styles that we've seen this year; also some stunning new Directoire effects. It's savings worth your while.

SATURDAY and NEXT WEEK—Three Special Suit Days.

These will be very special days in our Suit Department. We will make attractive prices for that time on the largest Suit stock Marion has ever seen. It's your best time to buy a new suit.

SALE ALL-WOOL SUITS $7.95.

Splendid suits of all-wool materials, mostly black, but a few choice colors are in this lot. The materials are all-wool Cheviots, Broadcloths and Worsteds; some have the new 36-inch jackets. They are nicely lined with heavy satin. Our special price $7.95.

SALE EXTRAORDINARY SUITS $19.75.

75 suits to be sold on these three days at $19.75. Former prices $25.00 and up as high as $37.50. As a rule they are broken sizes of our best selling styles. They are beautiful garments, the newest materials, in black and all the wanted colors. Only $19.75.

SUITS AT $25.00 THAT SOLD AT $39.00 UP TO $45.00.

Never has $25 bought such high-class garments. It's our supreme effort to crowd this department as never before, to offer values that will effect immediate sales. For three days we offer at $25 Suits that are worth up to $45 that are made from the highest quality imported fabrics, made into the very newest styles and in such a wonderful variety that every woman can be pleased.

For Saturday and Next Week $10.00 and $12.50 Skirts $5.98.

150 Skirts included in this sale. They are made from the nicest all wool Chiffon Panama, black, blue and brown; also Chevrons in red, green, brown and grey. There is a wonderful range of styles to select from. Skirts that were made to retail up to $12.50, Saturday and next week $5.98. We opened a charming new line Dresses in Panama, Taffeta Silk, Messaline in a variety of styles.

FRANK BROS. & COMPANY.

VOTERS

To Vote for CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS Mark Ballot as Below:

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.	
X	TAXATION AMENDMENT. YES.
	NO.
X	REGULAR SESSIONS OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY SHALL COMMENCE ON THE FIRST MONDAY IN JANUARY NEXT AFTER IT IS CHOSEN, YES.
	NO.
X	REPASSAGE OF BILLS VETOED BY THE GOVERNOR SHALL REQUIRE THE VOTES OF TWO THIRDS OF THE MEMBERS ELECT OF BOTH HOUSES. YES.
	NO.

The three proposed Constitutional Amendments will be found at the top of the first or left hand column of the ballot. To vote for an amendment make a cross-mark in the blank enclosed space on the left of and opposite the word "Yes" under the statement of the proposed amendment. To vote for all the amendments the ballot must be marked as above indicated for each amendment. Voting a party ticket does not carry a vote for the amendments.

Endorsed By all Parties.

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